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PACKERS FOUGHT TO BLOCK PROBE BY GOVERNMENT

Documents Taken From Files of Swift & Co. Show Criminal Prosecutions Were Feared as Result of Investigation.

TUMULTY AND SENATORS SOUNDED BY PACKERS

Democratic Leader Gates Acted for Packers—Senator Hoke Smith, Senator Stone, Senator Thornton and Others Were Interviewed.

Washington, January 25.—Activities behind the scenes in Washington during agitation in 1916 for an investigation into the live stock and packing industry were revealed today in correspondence taken from the confidential files of Swift & Co., of Chicago, showing the efforts of the big packing firms to defeat any inquiry into their business.

The correspondence was introduced at the resumption of the federal trade commission's investigation, which was transferred abruptly from the middle west when Walter Twombly, an agent of the commission, unearthed from the Swift files documents regarded as of such sensational import that Francis J. Heney, special counsel, and his assistants, hurried here from Chicago to put the discoveries into the official record.

Feared Criminal Prosecutions.

During the period covered by the correspondence there were pending in congress resolutions introduced by Representatives Borland, of Missouri, and Doolittle, of Kansas, proposing inquiry into conditions of live stock marketing which cattlemen had charged permitted the packers to manipulate the market as they chose. A report on the situation made by counsel to G. F. Swift, Jr., and other officers of the firm, said:

"We believe the situation to be serious and recommend that everything be done in every direction to head off the present movement. We believe that as it stands today, nothing could stop criminal prosecutions."

In addition to working in Washington the packers went to the source of the agitation for an inquiry. Their records showed they were kept informed of the plans of the American National Live Stock association by T. W. Tomlinson, secretary, and made their preparations to nullify the association's work. In addition, "educational" work was undertaken at the association's conventions and counsel recommended that the packers assist conservative elements in the various associations to gain control and hush the opposition.

Immediately after the Borland resolution was introduced in congress, according to the records, Armour, Swift and Morris arranged to oppose it. Later Cudahy was asked to join them, because it was suggested counsel for that firm had "powerful acquaintances" in Washington.

Swift's Lawyer to Washington.

R. C. McManus, counsel for Swift, proceeded to Washington to keep in touch with developments. If the resolution could not be made to die in committee, the packers proposed "to draw a herring across the investigation trail," as Commissioner Murdock phrased it, by having the bureau of markets commence publication of live stock and beef price data, which they hoped would make an investigation unnecessary. Failing in that, it was proposed to have any investigation touch merely the economic phases of the industry and be conducted by the bureau of markets, rather than the federal trade commission, though the commission was preferred to a congressional committee, as likely to be less influenced by political considerations.

In connection with references to an effort to obtain governmental publication of price figures furnished by them-

Continued on Page 3, Col. 2.

To Keep Your Outgo Below Your Income Read the Advertising in The Constitution

Blame Yourself if You Pay Too Much for Food

It is true enough that keeping the grocery bills within the limits of the family purse is a serious domestic problem; but local provisioners should not be held responsible for high prices. They're all operating under serious handicaps brought on by conditions over which they have no control.

They are under uncommonly heavy expenses—having to pay increased wholesale rates and higher wages to their help. And, in addition, they are directly affected by the congested freight traffic and the shortened business week. But they're doing their best to co-operate with the government and maintain the standard of their service.

The reliable, established dealers of Atlanta are in business to serve and satisfy their patrons—to keep their good will and patronage. Read their advertisements in The Constitution. Those who have curtailed or discontinued delivery services are making it worth their patrons' while to carry home their own purchases. Buying from their special Saturday bargain sales will reduce your grocery bills. It will pay you to keep in touch with the grocers and market-keepers through their advertisements in this newspaper.

NOTE—The Constitution guarantees to its readers an actual saving on all purchases made from Atlanta stores that advertise their lowest prices in the pages of this newspaper.

OFFICERS WITH PERSHING INSISTENT ON DISMISSAL OF CROZIER AND SHARPE

Sensational Disclosures About U. S. Army Affairs Made to Senate Military Committee in Executive Session.

CALL FOR GENERAL WOOD MADE BY LLOYD-GEORGE

British Premier Thinks Wood Should Be U. S. Military Representative Abroad—Allies Apprehensive About Co-ordination of U. S. War Management.

Washington, January 25.—Some interesting disclosures regarding American army affairs at home and abroad were made today through publication of confidential testimony given recently before the senate military committee in executive session.

Statements of nearly all the witnesses heard behind closed doors, except Major General Crozier, chief of ordnance, were given in the usual printed report of committee proceedings.

Lloyd-George Wants Wood.

One that created something of a stir among members of congress was that of Representative McCormick, of Illinois, who, back from a visit to the allied battle fronts, told the committee allied officials were apprehensive regarding co-ordination of American war management; that Premier Lloyd-George earnestly suggested Major General Leonard Wood's appointment as the American military representative abroad and that high officers in General Pershing's command urged that Major General Crozier, chief of ordnance, and Quartermaster General Sharpe be superseded.

In the confidential testimony of General Sharpe he defended the decision to send General Pershing's expedition to France sooner than had been provided for. He said he knew and formally notified Secretary Baker that clothing shortages would result, but that even with the sacrifice of some lives, as many men as possible should be summoned for the effect on the Germans.

Some of the statements in secret session of Major Generals Greble, O'Ryan and Wright after their return from the French fronts also were made public. General Greble said that in October the allied artillery was unquestionably superior in effect than the Germans and that General Pershing's men were well clothed and equipped.

All of the testimony of General Crozier was ordered kept confidential.

Representative McCorick is shown to have told the senators that allied opinion developed "some apprehension" over American aid and that officials of both the British and French governments in October cabled to Colonel House "urging him to come over for the purpose of securing better co-ordination."

Fear Crozier and Sharpe.

"Between the time when I first went to England," Representative McCormick's confidential statement said, "and when I returned from Italy, there was a perceptible change. When I landed they hurrahed for America, the wonder-worker of the world, but when I got back there was some apprehension. They would say, 'We wonder if there is lack of co-ordination in Washington?' 'We wonder if you have all the big men you might bring together in your government?' They were very polite, but you sensed a difference in their attitude."

Premier Lloyd-George, Representative McCormick said, "expresses great anxiety" lest America should too greatly multiply the calibers of ordnance in use. Lloyd-George," said Representative McCormick, "was very insistent" regarding General Leonard Wood.

Regarding opinion of officers in General Pershing's staff regarding Generals Crozier and Sharpe, Representative McCormick said: "I would rather not mention any names, but the most important American officers said:

'If Sharpe and Crozier do not go we do not know what may happen.' When General Biddle was recently appointed (assistant chief of staff) American officers were all broken up about it."

Representative McCormick asserted positively that France could not supply the ordnance needed for the American forces. The French chief of staff told him the German line could be broken with enough artillery. The Germans, he said, cannot break the allies' line if the French morale holds.

France Cannot Make the Guns.

Mr. McCormick in his statement said that for the American and allied armies to break through on the western front they must have 25,000 more big guns—and that it is impossible for the allies to make them.

The French, he said, cannot make the guns. "Every man who is in France," he declared, "is needed to be making guns for France or to be on the line. We have to ship the steel to them. I can only say—and I quote the man who won the battles—that it is impossible to have too many guns.

"We ought to set 25,000 as the mark and 20,000 as a minimum. We ought to get the best information possible and not merely through the normal military channels, because, as Lloyd-George and Kerr (Premier Lloyd-George's secretary) said, the generals have always tended to underestimate the number of guns necessary."

Representative McCormick suggested creation of a minister of munitions.

The witness said Lloyd-George has insisted that in making big guns the United States should add a third caliber.

"You know we have done it?" questioned Senator Wadsworth.

"I did not know it," Mr. McCormick replied, "but I can very easily believe it from what else I have heard since I have been home. The most disappointing news I have heard was not on the Italian front or in France, but since I have come back.

"Members of the senate and house, on both sides, give men the impression that we lack the co-ordination and energy which is especially marked in

Continued on Page 3, Col. 3.

LET WILSON ALONE STIRS CONGRESS

The Constitution's Editorial Evokes Favorable Comment in Washington. War Record Good, Despite Some Mistakes.

By J. O. Hollomon.

Washington, January 25.—(Special.) Thursday morning's Constitution reached the Georgia members of the house shortly after 2 o'clock this afternoon and the editorial "Let Wilson Alone" instantly became the center of the keenest possible interest. Members passed it from one to another, and commented on its defense of the administration, and its stinging rebuke to Chamberlain and others who would play politics at the expense of a condition that needs the heartiest co-operation and co-ordination of all Americans.

The speech of Senator Chamberlain, while sensational in that it was purposely designed to appeal to the sentimental side of the people, has fallen flat except that it has served to strengthen the tie between the administration democrats who are determined now that Hardwick, La Follette, Vardeman, Stone and the other obstructionists shall not be permitted to make capital out of the Oregon man's misguided utterances.

That Senator Chamberlain, who comes from a rock-ribbed republican state and is elected by a republican balance of power should open the door for this unfortunate incident by accepting a speaking invitation from a republican club, and there permitting his criticisms to become loose and free, is not serving to strengthen his position.

Some Mistakes Made.

Everybody admits that mistakes have and will be made, but the fact stands out boldly that the specific cases of alleged cantonment ill treatment referred to by Chamberlain were entirely isolated and as such could and would have occurred in the best of regulated civilian hospitals.

The camp death rate is 8 per cent per thousand today as against 17 per cent among civilians of the same number living in the cities. But it was 20 per cent in the Spanish-American war and the rate of sickness and death in the American cantonments today is much less than that encountered by the British and French in their camps. Many lives might have been saved by better care, but all the lives would have been saved if America had started three years ago instead of last April to organize the country for a war which it was inevitable that this country would be forced to enter. The inactive policy of the house committee on military affairs is more responsible than any cabinet head or department.

This whole thing may serve to soften the censorship and let the world know just what preparations are being made for the war. The fact is, General Pershing and nearly ten divisions of men who have been gotten to France in record time and who constitute America's first line of defense, are ready for battle with reserve supplies and equipment. That statement is absolutely vouched for.

The second line of defense, our American camps, have suffered some for hastily gathered officers from civilian life, red tape and congressional restrictions, but on the whole they have shown preparation far in advance and a smaller sickness and death rate than shown by camp statistics of any country engaged in the present struggle.

War Cabinet Illegal, Says Brand.

Judge Brand, of the Georgia delegation, holds that the bill providing for a war cabinet is unconstitutional. Speaking on this subject tonight he said:

"The people, as a rule, have been led to believe that the bill providing for a special war cabinet is designed to assist and help the president and the administration in the general conduct and prosecution of the war. However, a careful reading of its provisions show that this war cabinet by the proposed legislation is given powers which will impair the president's powers and would withdraw from the president authority conferred upon him as commander-in-chief of the army and navy by the constitution of the United States, and for this reason the bill is unconstitutional. In other words, the bill proposes that this cabinet shoul dtake from the president powers and authority he now exercises under the constitution of the United States, and which he has the right to exercise as commander-in-chief of the army and navy, and which he could no longer exercise if the bill proposing the appointment of a cabinet should become a law, and in my opinion, the supreme court of the United States would so hold."

Neither the war cabinet bill nor the munitions minister bill will pass and the anti-administration forces backed by the solid republican side, will not get the head of Secretary Baker.

CARD-PLAYING IS BARRED AT THE POLICE STATION

Card playing at the police station was doomed by the order of Chief Beavers Friday.

It has been the habit of a score of patrolmen on the evening watch to come to the police station a few minutes before going on duty and have a social game of "setback" or "pedro" in the roll-call room, but hereafter they will be deprived of this privilege.

Card playing may be all right in its place, but the chief thinks that the place is not the station house.

COUNTRY IS DIVIDED INTO 20 COAL ZONES

E. R. Clayton, of Harlan, Ky., Will Represent the Operators of District in Which Georgia Is Included

Washington, January 25.—Division of the country's bituminous coal fields into twenty districts as the first step toward instituting a zone system of coal distribution is under way by the fuel administration. Boundaries for seven of the districts already have been established, and Fuel Administrator Garfield has named a representative in each.

With the aid of the railroad administration, the fuel administration next will define consuming districts, each to be supplied from one of the producing districts. A joint committee working on the problem probably will announce the definite zoning plan within a few days.

Distribution by zones has been successfully tried out in England. Fuel administration officials say it will work just as well everywhere, saving thousands of miles of transportation and insuring the speediest possible movement of coal from the mine to the consumer. It will eliminate to a great extent cross hauling, generally conceded to be one of the most uneconomic practices in the coal industry.

Two of the producing districts already established and the fuel administration's representatives therein are:

Southeastern Kentucky, Georgia and Tennessee—E. R. Clayton, of Harlan, Kentucky.

Alabama—E. A. Holmes, Birmingham.

Coal Men to Be Chosen.

The district representatives in every instance will be operators or men familiar with coal production. They will allot all orders received from state fuel administrators and will be made responsible for the prompt movement of coal out of the producing fields. All demands for emergency coal will go directly to them.

The plan as contemplated calls for periodical reports from the producing district representatives as to the amount of coal each district is mining. These will be turned over to J. D. A. Morrow, the coal expert just named by Fuel Administrator Garfield as manager of distribution and apportionment, who will make up budgets for each consuming district on reports from state fuel administrators.

The district representatives will not interfere in any way with the duties of state administrators, but will be expected to assist them.

Anthracite coal is not included in the zoning plan, because most of it is mined in a narrow strip of territory in Pennsylvania.

The chief difficulty looked for in administration of the zone system is expected to come from the demand for specific grades of coal, and this will have to be reckoned with in working out a practical plan of operation.

The consuming districts will be formed as nearly as possible along state lines. Producers in a district serving a specified consuming district will be permitted to sell in no other, and consumers will be required to purchase only in the districts serving their territory. If a consuming district through its state fuel administrator demands more coal than allotted to it, consumption will have to be curtailed unless the national administration decides permanent or temporary readjustments are necessary.

To prevent a shortage next winter, fuel administration officials plan to create in the summer reserves in every consuming center.

MAJOR D. A. COOK DIES FRIDAY NIGHT

Funeral Services of Atlanta Pioneer and Confederate Veteran Will Be Held on Sunday Afternoon.

Major D. A. Cook, one of the oldest and most prominent citizens of Georgia and a confederate veteran, died Friday night at the home of his daughter, Mrs. W. B. McCain, of College Park. He was 90 years of age.

Major Cook was a gentleman of the old southern school, courtly in his manner and gracious to those with whom he came in contact.

In 1850 Major Cook came to Atlanta, then Marthasville, and established a mercantile business at the corner of Whitehall and Hunter streets. In July, 1851, he married Miss Nancy W. Collier, daughter of Merrill Collier, of this city. He continued in the mercantile business until the outbreak of hostilities between the states, when he abandoned it and left his home to enlist in the cause of the confederacy.

Given Major's Rank.

In 1861 he was commissioned by Governor Brown as a major to drill the militia of Campbell county, and in September following was placed in command of the Third Georgia battalion which was attached to Stovall's brigade in General Bates' division. This division constituted part of the Tennessee army under the command of General Braxton Bragg. During the four years' struggle he fought in sixteen battles.

During the early part of the war he fought in the three days' battle of Murfreesboro, the battle of Chickamauga and at Calhoun. Subsequent to these battles he was attached to the staff of General Bates in Hood's army of northern Georgia. While serving in this position he engaged in the struggles that marked the campaign around Atlanta.

A short time before his death he made the special request that flowers be omitted at the funeral.

Seven Children Survive.

Surviving Major Cook are five daughters, Mrs. W. B. McCain, Mrs. E. E. Bayne, Mrs. A. D. Johnson, Mrs. A. M. Busha, Mrs. A. M. Coles, and two sons, Dr. H. C. Cook, of Bremen, Ga., and W. F. Cook, of San Antonio, Texas.

The funeral will be held Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock from the chapel of A. O. & Roy Donehoo on Washington street. Rev. John F. Yarbrough, pastor of College Park Methodist church, officiating. The following gentlemen will act as pallbearers: J. J. Brown, Sr., Sam Wilkins, Frank Rice, Wheeler Mangum, Judge A. A. Owens, William Brotherton, H. L. Culberson and Carlos Mason.

BOASTING OF GERMAN POWER, HERTLING FLATLY REJECTS ENTENTE PEACE PROPOSALS

SAVANNAH TO HAVE HIGHER GAS RATE

Flat Increase in Rates of 10 Cents Per 1,000 Cubic Feet Authorized by Commission as Result of War.

The state railroad commission Friday granted the petition of the Savannah Gas Light company, asking authority for a flat increase in its gas rates of 10 cents per thousand cubic feet.

The authority is granted with the proviso that the Savannah Gas Light company shall serve its customers with a gas of a standard quality, whose heating units shall equal 575 British thermal units within a radius of a mile of the company's central plant, with the privilege of allowing this standard to drop not below 565 British thermal units during the scarcity of oils used in the manufacture of gas. The company is to make daily tests of the heating units of its gas and submit reports of these daily tests to the commission twice a month. The company is also to submit to the commission monthly financial reports, showing its revenue and operating expenses.

War Causes Increase.

The increase was asked on the ground of the unusual expense incident to war conditions. The order is granted to be put into operation until further notice from the commission.

In regard to the petition of W. E. Dunn, Jr., and others of Atlanta, asking better car service on the Fair street-Grant park line, the commission believes that, while the present rush-hour schedule furnishes a five-minute headway for cars, the cars used being of the single-track type, with a seating capacity of only 28 passengers, are not large enough. The Georgia Railway and Power company set forth that it has no other cars it can now use on that line and is experiencing great difficulty in getting material for new cars.

The commission, therefore, ordered that four months from February 1 the street railway company shall substitute double-truck cars with a seating capacity of not less than 40 passengers for the equipment now used on that line, and that during rush hours the big car service be supplemented by the small cars now used.

Americus Hearing Postponed.

The Americus Lighting company, whose original petition filed with the commission asked for an increase in its electric power rates, having amended this petition to include an increase also in the rates for its lighting current, the commission postponed the hearing of this petition until February 20, in order that the mayor and council and the citizens of Americus might have proper notice of the amendment.

The commission approved the petition of the Americus and Atlantic railroad for authority to issue $150,000 in capital stock and $450,000 in bonds for the purchase and completion of this line of railroad, which is to run from Americus to Byromville, a distance of 25 miles. Of this line 8½ miles, including a bridge over the Flint river, have already been built.

The commission denied the petition of the Louisville and Nashville railroad to discontinue on Sundays only the operation of its passenger trains Nos. 36 and 37, known as "The Short Dog," between Cartersville and Etowah. Discontinuance of this train would leave the people along that line without local service on Sundays.

L. & N. Petition Denied.

The petition of the Louisville and Nashville railroad to discontinue on Sundays only the operation of its passenger trains Nos. 5 and 6 between Atlanta and Blue Ridge was denied.

The petition of citizens of Rocky Face, Ga., asking that the Western and Atlantic railroad be required to stop on flag its passenger trains Nos. 1 and 2 at Rocky Face was partially granted. The commission ordered that the road have No. 1 stop on flag both for receiving passengers and to let passengers off. No. 2 is to stop on flag only to take on passengers for Chattanooga and points north.

The petition of the Georgia Coast and Piedmont railroad to be allowed to discontinue its agency depot at Crescent, Ga., was denied.

The petition of the Savannah and Statesboro railroad to discontinue one passenger train between Statesboro and Cuyler and revise the schedules of other trains was granted.

The petition of the Southern Express company for authority to discontinue its agencies at Center, near Athens, and Richwood, near Cordele, was granted. The petition of this company to discontinue its agency at Warsaw, an important railroad junction point, was denied.

OUTBREAK THREATENED BY TIMBER WORKERS

Virginia, Minn., January 25.—A squad of deputy sheriffs departed for the north woods tonight to co-operate with a detachment of the Fourth Minnesota regiment in preventing a threatened outbreak among timber workers.

Rumblings of disorder followed recent distribution of I. W. W. literature printed in Seattle through lumber camps between here and the Canadian border, according to the authorities. The unrest is most pronounced among the 3,000 employees of a large concern producing timber for government use, reports received here said.

Guards have been sent to Cushon and detachments of troops probably will be ordered to Hibbing, Bemidji and Eveleth, Minn., because of the number of lumber jacks drifting into those towns. Reports that February 1 had been fixed as the date for a general strike of the woodmen lacked confirmation.

ARMED MEXICANS INVADE EL PASO

But Are Driven Across the River by Soldiers and Policemen—One U. S. Soldier Is Wounded.

El Paso, Texas, January 25.—Forty armed Mexicans crossed the Rio Grande in the southern part of El Paso tonight. Soldiers and policemen armed with rifles were rushed to the scene. Fifteen minutes later firing was still in progress. Private Linn, on outpost duty, has been brought in with a bullet wound in his body.

After firing several hundred shots the Mexicans retreated across the river. A company of United States troops on guard at the Sante Fe street international bridge fired at the retreating Mexicans, but it is not known if any was hit. Patrols have been sent north and south along the river in anticipation of any attempt by Mexicans to rush the guard on the theory that the men on duty would be attracted by the firing in El Paso.

WILSON TO URGE MORE FOOD SAVING

President to Issue Proclamation Today—Allies Must Have American Food if War Is to Be Won.

Washington, January 25.—Greater saving of food will be asked of the American people by President Wilson tomorrow in a proclamation announcing the food administration's 1918 conservation program.

The critical situation in the allied countries and the amount of food the United States is expected to spare them was set forth in a preliminary statement tonight by Food Administrator Hoover, who quoted a cablegram from Lord Rhondda, the British food controller, which said:

"Unless you are able to send the allies at least 75,000,000 bushels of wheat over and above what you have exported up to January 1, and in addition to the exportable surplus from Canada, I cannot take the responsibility of assuring our people that there will be enough food to win the war."

Although the food administration's plans contemplate creating the export surplus largely by voluntary effort, some measures of forced conservation will be employed, notably in the consumption of wheat flour, which will be reduced by arbitrary means at least 30 per cent. This reduction will be accomplished by limiting the sales of distributors all the way from the miller to the retailer.

In giving the volume of exports he hopes to supply to Europe, Mr. Hoover declared that no more food would be sent out of the country than is saved, and that in no event will the American food supply be endangered.

"Imperative necessity," Lord Rhondda's message said, "compels me to cable you in this blunt way. No one knows better than I that the American people, regardless of national and individual sacrifice, have so far refused nothing that is needed for the war, but it now lies with America to decide whether or not the allies in Europe will have enough bread to hold out until the United States is able to throw its force into the field. I have not minced words, because I am convinced that the American people, if they know the truth, will not hesitate to meet the emergency."

Mr. Hoover replied to this message:

"We will export every grain that the American people save from their normal consumption. We believe our people will not fail to meet the emergency."

In addition to 75,000,000 bushels of wheat for the allies, Mr. Hoover says that Belgium must be given 15,000,000 bushels, and that Cuba and the neutrals must be spared at least 10,000,000.

PROBLEM OF NEGRO DIFFICULTY FACING METHODIST UNION

Savannah, Ga., January 25.—The Methodist unification commission held two sessions today, without permitting an inkling of results reaching outside of the assembly room. Beyond the statement that everything is moving satisfactory none of the delegates has anything to say.

In general discussions, however, it has been learned that the real problem of the commission is the settlement of the negro question. There are said to be 300,000 negro Methodists scattered over the south, who are affiliated with the northern Methodists. Under the rule of that body these negroes have the same voice in the government of the church as the white. Southern men take the position that these northern Methodist negroes should affiliate with some church organization of their own. There is said to be at least two Methodist negro organizations which would be glad to have the membership of the northern Methodists. Another plan suggested is to make the negro membership a subordinate or missionary body of the general conference.

It is very well understood that all other differences save the negro problem can be very readily adjusted. A member of the commission today stated that sessions may continue for ten days.

Those taking the more prominent parts in the deliberations of the commission so far are:

Bishop Earl Cranston, of Washington, D. C.; Bishop R. J. Cooke, of Montana; Rev. Dr. Joy, of New York, and Rev. J. M. Moore, of Nashville.

The delegates are enjoying their off-hours, Savannah having been the birthplace of Methodism in this country and many places in the city being associated with John and Charles Wesley.

Czernin Also Rejects the Terms for Austria-Hungary, Though He Was Not So Uncompromisingly Hostile in His Language as German Chancellor.

GERMANY WON'T PART WITH ALSACE-LORRAINE

The Chancellor Says That Northern France Is Held as Pawn by Germany--Russian Territory, Von Hertling Declares, Concerns Only Russia and Central Powers—If Allies Want Peace They Must Submit New Proposals.

New York, January 25.—(By Associated Press. From European Cables of the Day.)—Germany, through her imperial chancellor, Count von Hertling, and Austria-Hungary, through its foreign minister, Count Czernin, have made reply to the peace terms of the allies and the United States as recently enunciated by David Lloyd-George, the British prime minister, and President Wilson.

Although both Count von Hertling and Count Czernin affect to see the possibility of coming into agreement with their enemies on minor points, the concrete bases essential to peace are declared to be unacceptable.

The spokesman for Germany was uncompromisingly hostile to a majority of the peace aims as put forward by President Wilson, treating seriatim in his address those upon which Germany could not come into accord. Count Czernin was more moderate in his treatment of President Wilson's ideas, declaring the president's viewpoint, expressed in his latest address to congress, showed that there was less incompatibility between Austria-Hungary and the United States than had seemed to be the case.

GERMANY TO HOLD ALSACE-LORRAINE.

From the German standpoint, according to Von Hertling, the restoration to France of Alsace-Lorraine is beyond the realm of discussion. Regarding Belgium, he declared that its restoration could be settled only in peace negotiations, but that Germany never had demanded the incorporation of Belgian territory "by violence." Likewise methods of procedure in the evacuation of northern France must take account of Germany's vital interests, and be agreed upon between Germany and France.

The chancellor said the fate of Poland and the Balkans and the readjustment of the Italian frontier lies with Austria, while the evacuation of Russian territory concerns only Russia and the central powers. Germany, he added, considered that the integrity of Turkey and the safety of its capital were closely connected with the question of the Dardanelles, which was of vital interest to Germany.

With regard to Russia Count Czernin said Austria-Hungary desired no annexation or indemnities—"not a meter of territory, not a kreutzer of indemnity," and that Russia could have peace if she maintained the same standpoint as she evidently intended to do.

Both Count von Hertling and Count

Continued on Page 12, Col. 2.

Weather Prophecy

FAIR.

Washington—Forecast:

Georgia—Fair Saturday; Sunday cloudy; probably rain north and west portions.

Local Weather Report.

Highest temperature	60
Lowest temperature	36
Mean temperature	48
Normal temperature	42
Rainfall in past 24 hours, inches	.00
Excess since 1st of month, inches	1.29
Excess since Jan. 1st, inches	1.29

Reports of Weather Bureau Stations.

STATIONS and State of WEATHER.	Temperature. 7 p.m.	Temperature. High.	Rain 24 hrs inches
ATLANTA, clear	56	60	.00
Baltimore, clear	42	44	.00
Birmingham, clear	56	66	.00
Boston, cldy	26	32	.04
Buffalo, cldy	28	30	.34
Charleston, clear	48	62	.00
Chicago, cldy	24	36	.04
Denver, cldy	50	64	.00
Des Moines, cldy	16	28	.00
Galveston, cldy	58	64	.00
Hatteras, clear	48	52	.00
Jacksonville, clear	62	60	.00
Kansas City, clear	36	42	.00
Knoxville, clear	50	54	.00
Louisville, clear	42	46	.00
Memphis, pt. cldy	52	58	.00
Miami, pt. cldy	68	74	.00
Mobile, clear	54	60	.00
Montgomery, clear	60	66	.00
Nashville, clear	48	54	.00
New Orleans, clear	60	80	.00
New York, cldy	32	34	.02
Pittsburg, snow	36	38	.08
Portland, Ore., cldy	48	52	.22
Raleigh, clear	48	56	.00
San Francisco, clear	58	58	.00
St. Louis, clear	38	40	.00
Shreveport, pt. cldy	64	72	.00
Spokane, cldy	38	40	.04
Tampa, cldy	66	72	.38
Toledo, cldy	28	38	.04
Vicksburg, pt. cldy	62	70	.00
Washington, clear	42	46	.00

C. F. von HERRMANN, Meteorologist, Weather Bureau.

$5,000 IS PROVIDED TO PAVE PEACHTREE

$64,500 Included in Finance Sheet to Take Care of Important Amendments Offered by Council Members.

Resolved that they would do everything in their power to facilitate the acceptance of the tentative finance sheet for 1918 by the city council at the meetings to be held next Monday, the finance committee voted Friday to recommend the appropriation of an additional sum of $64,500 to take care of some of the amendments offered by councilmen at the council meeting the day before.

In order to find the additional money it was necessary for the council committee to cut off some appropriations included in the original sheet and increase their estimate of the city's revenues.

Will Increase Estimates.

The finance committee will recommend that to raise the $64,500, the estimated water receipts be increased by $25,000; that the bond commission be asked to transfer $17,500 bond balance on hand, and that $15,000 for Tech High school and $7,000 for the outfall sewer at Piedmont park be dropped from the original sheet.

If the council approves of these means to raise the $64,500, the finance committee recommends that the money be spent for the following improvements:

Peachtree street pacing	$ 5,000
New street building equipment	6,700
Grady dormitory	10,000
Salary of park superintendent	1,200
Additional building inspector	1,100
Pump for waterworks department	34,000
Burned district improvements	6,000
Total	$64,500

Members of the committee expressed the hope that the general council would approve of this arrangement. They stated it was impossible to comply with all the requests for appropriations, but in their judgment those they selected were the most pressing.

Peachtree Street Paving.

The Peachtree street improvement had been included in the original sheet as a necessity, but through some oversight had been omitted from the sheet prepared for the consideration of the general council. The item $10,000 for a dormitory at Grady hospital is supplementary to the $5,000 originally recommended, and the necessity for making arrangements for the purchase of a new pump for the waterworks department seemed to be imperative, as the pump at present in use is inadequate to meet the demands now made upon it and, as it is old and badly worn, there is a grave possibility that the city may be shut off of its water supply through accident at any time.

The amendments offered by Councilman Ashley, asking for an additional appropriation of $53,000, will not be recommended by the finance committee, although Mr. Ashley made a strong appeal for their inclusion in the sheet.

When the committee began its deliberations Friday morning, Mayor Candler made an address in which he expressed the hope that no friction would be generated between council factions on account of the appropriations. He warned the members of the committee that strict economy must be adhered to notwithstanding the appearance of prosperity among a number of merchants.

"This prosperity is not reaching the city government," he said. "A great deal of money is being invested in nontaxable government bonds, and this fact will have a tendency to bring down our personal taxes."

EX-SALOON KEEPERS TO TELL OF EVILS OF DRINK ON FEB. 3

Two ex-saloon keepers, B. C. Heyde and C. E. Dowdell, of Ohio, now field secretaries representing the Anti-Saloon League of America, national headquarters at Westerville, Ohio, will give a free illustrated lecture, "Night Scenes in a Regulated Saloon," at the Wesley Memorial church on Sunday afternoon, February 3, at 2:30 o'clock.

The playlet will be illustrated with pictures from life of the open saloon and its results. C. E. Dowdell is also an ex-pugilist, and was known in the heyday of his fame as "Kid Kelley."

The prohibition amendment to the federal constitution has passed the house and senate and has been signed by President Wilson. It will now be referred to the legislatures of the different states for ratification or rejection. The object of the lecture is to stimulate sentiment which will culminate in a drive on the legislature to ratify the amendment during its session next summer.

To Prevent The Grip.

Colds cause Grip—LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE Tablets remove the cause. There is only one "Bromo Quinine." E. W. GROVE'S signature on box. 30c.—(Adv.)

BELL-ANS
Absolutely Removes Indigestion. Druggists refund money if it fails. 25c

Downs Bros.
175 W. Mitchell—283 Peters.
5c and 10c Stores
Children's Bath Robes, 50c.

You'll Find It At
Kamper's
492-498 Peachtree St.
U. S. Food License 21709.

Make it a point to ORDER EARLY—in the afternoon for the following morning's deliveries, and in the morning for afternoon deliveries.

Cheese
One of the most delightful and easily digestible of foods. We have all kinds and will demonstrate two of them on Saturday. Come in to taste.

New York Finest Yellow, lb.	35c
N. Y. Cooking Cheese, lb.	30c
N. Y. June White, lb.	40c
New York, 2-year-old white Cheese, lb.	50c
N. Y. Brick Cheese, lb.	40c
N. Y. Swiss Cheese, lb.	60c
Port du Salut, lb.	60c
English Dairy, lb.	50c
Tasty Cheese, pkg.	13c
Devlied Cheese, pkg.	13c
Chili Cheese, pkg.	10c
Pimento Cheese, jar	15c
Kraft Pimento, can	20c
Kraft Chili Cheese, can	20c
Kraft Cheese, can	20c and 35c
Club Cheese, individual	10c
Roquefort and American, in individual jars, each	10c
Imported Swiss, can	75c
Perfect American, can	50c
Camembert, can	65c
Liederkranz, each	25c
Neufchatel, pkg.	8c
Same, two packages	15c
Philadelphia Cream, each	15c

Demonstration
Visit the demonstration of JIFFY-JELL and HIPOLITE MARSHMALLOW CREAM. You will enjoy tasting these.

Turkeys
Fresh Dressed, lb. 42½c & 45c

BLOCK'S
Oyster Crackers
IN CARTONS

BROYLES'
MOTHER SAYS:
Try Broyles' Butter Maid New Bread

Irish Potatoes Pound 3½c	SWEET Potatoes Pound 3½c	Salt MEAT Pound 25c	PINK BEANS Pound 12½c
Fancy Lemons Dozen 20c	No. 3 Grated PIE Pineapple Can 10c	Cranberries Quart 15c	Sun-dried APPLES Pound 15c
Full Cream CHEESE Pound 32c	Macaroni or Spaghetti Pkg. 4c & 8c	OKRA, CORN & Tomatoes Can 15c	No. 1 Can Stokely's Early JUNE PEAS 10c
16 oz. Broyles' Butter-Maid Bread 8c	LIBERTY Coffee Per LB. 25c	RED BEANS Pound 10c 2 Pounds 14c	Black or Tan Shinola Box 8c

CASH GROCERY CO.
Domino Cane Sugar Granulated
(To Hotel Trade) 25 Lbs. $2.39
(To Country Trade) 10 Lbs. 95c
City Trade 5 lbs. 48c
Moultrie Hams . 28½c
113 Whitehall

CITY MARKET
Our Today's Specials

Fancy fresh dressed Turkeys	40c
Pork Sausage	30c
Spareribs	28c
Rabbits	35c

City Market Co.
Cor. Pryor & Alabama

JOHN G. CATO
32 Walton St.
Opposite P. O.

Home of Cato's Famous PORK SAUSAGE
Brooks County Ham King

There's nothing better than BROOKS COUNTY HOG JOWLS. We have them cheap at the price of . . . . . 30¢
Brooks County Hams . . 30¢
Cato's Famous Pork Sausage . . . . . 30¢
No. 10 Pure Lard . . . $2.65
No. 10 Pure Compound $2.25

Fancy Dressed Hens, Pig Tongues, Hams, Calf Brains. A few other things—and then some.

Thank You — Hurry Back

Sanitary MARKET CO.
RETAIL AT WHOLESALE
Saturday Specials
On account of the congested Freight facilities, meat is very scarce in Atlanta. We advise early buying. We will close Monday at noon.

SMALL LEAN PORK SIDES	23c
SMALL PORK SHOULDERS	23c
SMALL LEAN PORK HAMS	25c
PORK LOIN FOR ROAST	25c
BACKBONE, PLENTY MEAT	25c

8 Uptown Markets

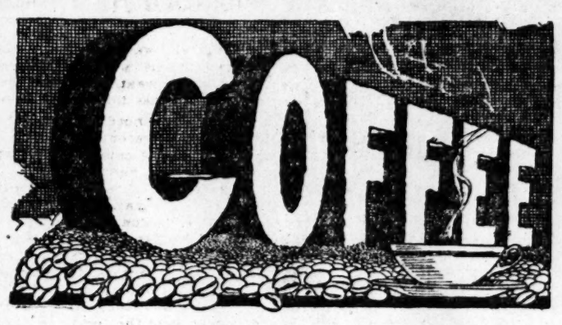
Jaeobs Pharmacy
Main Store—Marietta Street
Pure Food Dept.
Saturday Specials

Winesap Apples, large size, dozen	25¢
Colorado Irish Potatoes, pound . . 4¢; 10 lbs.	31¢
Florida Pineapple Oranges, dozen	35¢
Large Florida Grapefruit, two for	25¢
Hotel Astor Rice, lb.	16¢
Hotel Astor Coffee, lb.	35¢
Hotel Astor Tea, ¼ lb.	35¢
JAPECO Coffee, lb.	25¢
Huyler's Cocoa, ¼ lb.	15¢
Best Honey, 5 oz.	17¢
Cream of Wheat	24¢
Columbia River Salmon, 15-oz. can	25¢
Heinz Spaghetti, 11-oz. can, 12¢; 1-lb.	20¢
Aunt Jemima Pancake Flour, pkg.	14¢
Premier Mixed Vegetable Soup, can, 1 lb. 3 oz.	22¢
Premier White Tuna Fish, ¼ lb. 25¢; ½ lb.	45¢
Premier Puree Tomatoes, 11 oz.	10¢
Premier Pork and Beans, 1 lb. 4 oz.	18¢
Franco-American Soups, ½ pint . 10¢; pint	20¢
Heinz India Relish, 7 oz. 17¢; 1 lb. 2 oz.	32¢
Heinz Pure Evaporated Horse Radish, 3½ oz.	28¢
Tabasco Sauce, 2 oz.	25¢
Nabob Seeded Raisins, 15-oz. package	20¢
Armour's Lunch Tongue, 6½ oz.	25¢
Armour's Corned Beef Hash, 5½ oz. 19¢; 12 oz.	38¢
Armour's Corned Beef, 12 oz.	38¢
Armour's Sliced Smoked Beef, 3½ oz. 21¢; 7 oz.	38¢
Vermont Maple Sap Syrup, pint . . 40¢; quart.	75¢
Premier Jams, jar	35¢

Varieties: Blackberry, Raspberry, Damson, Cherry, Strawberry, Apricot and Orange Marmalade.

Bring Your List and Come to the Store Or, Phone Ivy 1021

Jaeobs Pharmacy



STANDS OUT AS THE REAL TREAT—These Cold Mornings.

TRY IT

A cup of Hot "Kenny's" Coffee will make you ready for a real day's work—TRY IT!

DON'T FORGET
PHONES: Main . . . 200 Main . . . 559 Atlanta . . 559
KENNY'S
WE DELIVER
82 Whitehall Street

Best Fish And Finest Poultry

There's no secret about the fact that the Fulton Market keeps always for its patrons the best fish and finest poultry to be had.

Atlanta housewives know it, and they are telling others about it. Try it out just once and you will know it, too.

Then, there are the Oysters, the Chespeake Bay kind, the best on the market. Also, New York Counts and Oysters in the shell.

The Fish Are the Season's Finest

Finer or better flavored fish were never brought to any market than we are supplying Atlantans right now.

Among them are Pompano, Black Bass, Smelts, Trout, Shad, Snapper, Mackerel, Crappie, Finnan Haddie and others.

Whatever it is you get from us, it is always GUARANTEED.

FULTON MARKET
25-27 E. Alabama St.
Phone Main 1500

JIM MANOS
110 WHITEHALL ST.
Meats

Loin Porterhouse	25c
Pork Hams	25c
Pork Shoulders	23c
Pure Pork Sausage	30c
Beef Roast	20c
Smoked Shoulders	25c

Fish, Oysters, Rabbits, Poultry, Fruits and Vegetables
All Fresh and Nice—Come in to See Us
JIM MANOS
110 WHITEHALL ST.

CORNFIELD HAMS


8 to 10-lb. Average	30c
Pork Shoulder	28c
Pork Chops	30c
All-Pork Sausage, lb.	30c
Fancy North Carolina Turkeys	40c

Fancy Geese, Ducks, Hens and Rabbits.

Union Meat Market
15-17 W. ALABAMA. WE DELIVER.
Main 3144-3145—Atlanta 928.

SATURDAY SPECIALS

Genuine Spring Lamb, per lb.	30c
Pork Sausage, lb.	30c
Pork Shoulders, lb.	25c
Fresh Rabbits, lb.	30c
Early County Ham, lb.	30c
Fancy North Carolina Turkeys, lb.	40c
Boiling Meat, lb.	25c
Fancy Cauliflower, lb.	15c
Extra Fancy Lettuce,	10c and 15c
White Celery	10c and 15c
Fine Large Grape Fruit, 3 for	25c
Extra Quality Grape Fruit, 2 for	25c
Fancy Oranges, dozen	40c and 50c
Old-fashioned Buckwheat.	
Vermont Maple Syrup.	

THE PLAZA
No. 3 South Broad St.

BUEHLER BROS.
114 WHITEHALL ST.

Fine Breakfast Bacon	38¢ and 42¢
Fresh Dressed HENS, lb.	32¢
Fancy Fresh Dressed Friers	35¢
Pork Chops	32¢
Fresh Country BUTTER,	45¢
Prime Rib Roast,	20¢ and 22¢
Round Steak	25¢
Loin Steak	25¢
Porterhouse Steak	28¢
All-Pork Sausage	30¢
Mixed Sausage	18¢
Lamb Hindquarters	35¢
Lamb Forequarters	25¢
Chuck Steak	20¢
Hamburger Steak	20¢
All-Smoked Sausage	22¢
Regular Hams	30¢

PACKING HOUSE MARKET
114 WHITEHALL ST.



Live Up To Their Name

We call them Puritan because they represent conscientious adherence to the most exacting standards.

You, by calling for Puritan, can secure from your provisioner the best hams and bacon obtainable anywhere.

"The Taste Tells"

THE CUDAHY PACKING COMPANY

If your dealer doesn't handle Puritan telephone

L. W. BROWN, Branch Manager.
54-56 E. Alabama St., Atlanta, Ga.
Telephones: Bell M. 705-5224; Atla. 705.

PURITAN HAMS AND BACON are smoked daily in our Atlanta Branch House, insuring fresh, brightly smoked meats at all times.

Puritan Hams and Bacon

HAMILTON Gro. Co.
Formerly the Tappan & Co.,
75 S. Broad St.
If you can buy it ELSEWHERE for less—well, it's not of the same quality—we guarantee our quality and prices.

50c Bottle Liquid Veneer . 25c size,	35c / 17¢
Household Ammonia, Whitefoam—50c size,	25¢
20c size,	12¢
Army and Navy, or Elite, Shoe Polish, bottles	8¢
Good Brown Sugar, five lbs.	38c
No. 2 Fine Tomatoes, 5 cans to customer—Can	12¢
5 for	60¢

FLOUR

24-lb. Crystal Gem, plain	$1.50
48-lb. Flora, plain	$3.35
24-lb. Merry Widow, self-rising	$1.65
24-lb. Mt. Vernon, self-rising	$1.70
(Only 48 lbs. to a customer).	
Kellogg's Toasties, Krumbles and Post Toasties, pkg.	10¢
E. Z. Flow Salt, 10c package, 1 to a customer	7¢

MEATS

Pork Hams	30¢
Shoulders	28¢
Morning Glory Hams	36¢

Fancy Dressed Hens.
Plenty of Fresh Country BUTTER
Hamilton Grocery Co.
75 S. Broad St.

BARFIELD FISH CO.
17 East Alabama St.


Help Uncle Sam and Our Allies by Eating More Fish.

Our supply of fresh fish is plentiful and we have a large variety for you to select from. We receive fresh fish every day from our own fisheries at Titusville, Fla.

We offer the following variety:

SPANISH MACKEREL
SPECKLED TROUT
TROUT STEAK
SNAPPER STEAK
WHITING
GRAY SPOTS
SHEEPHEAD
SEA BASS
FLORIDA MULLET
SMALL RED SNAPPER
AND MANY OTHERS

OYSTERS
Fancy Home-Dressed HENS

WE SELL NO FROZEN GOODS

BARFIELD FISH CO.
17 East Alabama St.

SERVE U MARKET AT SAVE U PRICES
23 South Broad Street


Pork

The favorite meat for any meal. It is always tender and juicy and costs less than most other meats.

For breakfast serve our delicious smoked ham or bacon. Our ServeU pork sausages are popular in all homes wherever they are served.

Our pork roasts or baked hams for dinner are dishes fit for a king. We can please you.

COX BROS.
23 South Broad Street

Buchanan & Shelton
62 N. FORSYTH ST.
Ivy 2946-7508.

Jester's Old-Time Graham Flour, 6-lb. bag	50c
Jester's Old-Time Water-Ground Meal, per pk.	60c
Kingan's Pure Lard, No. 10 pail	$2.50
No. 5 pail	$1.35
Old-Fashioned Pure Buckwheat, per lb.	12½c
Karo Syrup With Maple Flavor, the can	20c
Robin Hood Brand Spinach, No. 2 can	20c
No. 3 can	35c
Cottage Cheese, per pail	15c
Fancy Dwarf Okra, per can	20c

BAKER WILL MAKE WILSON'S ANSWER

To Chamberlain's Charges. Secretary to Address Senate Committee—Stettinius Named to Survey War Purchases.

Washington, January 25.—The administration's answer to Senator Chamberlain's speech in the senate yesterday on war department shortcomings will be made by Secretary Baker before the senate military committee Monday.

Mr. Baker wrote to Chairman Chamberlain today asking that the committee arrange an opportunity for him to present a summary of what has been done by America in the war and that a time and place be fixed so as to enable all members of congress so disposed to attend. The committee considered the request in executive session and determined not to have a hearing anywhere except in the regular committee room, but sent the secretary a copy of a resolution inviting him to appear there Monday morning at 10 o'clock unless he desired an earlier date.

Although he is anxious to address as many members of congress as possible and is said to have hoped that he might be invited to appear before the senate itself, it is understood Mr. Baker will take the opportunity given. He has cancelled an engagement to meet tomorrow the house military comittee.

Baker to Chamberlain.

Secretary Baker sent the following letter to the senator:

"My Dear Senator Chamberlain: The questions which have arisen with regard to the conduct of the war require an explicit statement from me for the information of your committee and generally for the information of congress and the country.

"I feel that in justice I owe such a statement to the splendid officers and men of the army who have forgotten themselves and labored with self-sacrifice and, as I think, success in the building of a great army.

"It is due also to the great number of men of business and of affairs who have accepted the invitation of the war department to come to Washington, and brought their business experience, their talents and their judgment to the work in hand. And, I think the people of the country are entitled to have at least a summary of what has been done by America in the war.

"I therefore respectfully request that your committee arrange an opportunity for me to make such a statement and that the time and place be fixed as to enable all members of the senate and the house of representatives who are so disposed to attend.

"If this request can be complied with, I shall be happy to be advised at your earliest convenience of the time and place."

Baker Names Stettinius War Buyer.

The war department took a step today regarded by some observers as forestalling the senate committee's proposed legislation for a munitions director by appointment, Edward R. Stettinius, of New York, surveyor general of all war department purchases. He will assume his duties at once under Colonel Palmer E. Pierce, director of purchases, and lend the weight of his wide experience as supervisor of purchasing for the allies in the United States to the task of co-ordinating the production and procurement of war supplies. His work for the allies was taken over some time ago by the allied purchasing commission. Colonel Pierce, formerly a member of the war industries board, now is assigned to the war council of the war department as director of purchases.

Mr. Baker said that the post of surveyor under Colonel Pierce had been designed when the plan was drawn, a plan which he said had already been explained to the senate military committee. He indicated, however, that the decision to offer the post to Mr. Stettinius had been reached only recently.

The secretary said the organization planned by the department differed essentially from any plan for a minister of director of munitions. Under the department's plan the individual bureaus continue to make contracts and to supervise production.

BRIDGE APPROPRIATION MAY CAUSE A PROTEST

Good Roads People Surprised at Action of State Highway Commission.

The action of the state highway commission, at its meeting Thursday, in appropriating $190,000 of the $214,000 1917 federal road fund to Georgia for the construction of bridges, was the source Friday of considerable surprise and comment among good roads people in Georgia.

There is a strong possibility that a protest may be filed with Washington against this disposition of the federal road money in Georgia.

With road conditions in the state such that it is now practically impossible to travel from one town to another, even for short distances, it has been suggested that perhaps a better use of the federal money would have been for the construction of roads instead of bridges.

This proposal is strengthened materially by the fact that congestion of railroad traffic has become such that it is now impossible to move some classes of freight by rail, and much freight of deferred priority is already being moved over public highways where road conditions permit.

Automobiles, for instance, are being delivered to southern agencies at Atlanta overland when conditions permit, and from Atlanta are being delivered overland to local dealers and purchasers throughout the state when possible.

During the last week there have been instances where it was impossible to deliver cars over Georgia roads, and railroads cars could not be obtained for the shipment of automobiles. It is assumed that there is already some means of crossing streams, whether bridges of the most substantial type or not, or there would be no roads leading to the points where the proposed bridges would be constructed.

There is a distinct and developing sentiment that first roads ought to be built over which people can travel in all sorts of weather, allowing present river-crossing facilities to take care of traffic, and when it is possible to reach a river under any conditions, then more substantial bridges could be constructed.

PACKERS FOUGHT TO BLOCK PROBE

Continued From First Page.

selves through an amendment to the agricultural appropriation bill, Mr. Heney announced that this matter would be the subject of "very interesting" documents to be introduced tomorrow.

According to the evidence, as time for hearings on the Borland resolution drew near, the Doolittle resolution having been dropped, many emissaries were sent to Washington. Senator Wadsworth, of New York, who Heney said was a stockholder in Swift & Co., was appealed to for aid.

W. H. Gates, at that time chairman of the democratic state committee of Colorado, according to the documents, reported on the attitude of various senators and congressmen.

Gates, Tumulty and Wilson.

The memorandum concerning Gates' activity in Washington, dated April 15, 1916, follows:

"W. H. Gates, chairman of the democratic state committee of Colorado, returned from Washington and New York today and while in Washington met some of the president's advisers, who told him that the president was unwilling to do anything to disturb business, and that he did not approve the Borland resolution, and the advice that he had concerning it did not appeal to him, according to Mr. Tumulty.

"While in Washington Mr. Gates had an interview, in which the Borland bill (resolutions) and the cause leading up to it, were discussed by Senator Shafroth, of Colorado; Senator Thomas, of Colorado; Congressman Taylor, of Colorado; Senator W. J. Stone, of Missouri; Senator Reed, of Missouri; Senator Thornton, of Louisiana, and Senator Hoke Smith, of Georgia, who are all unfavorable to the resolution and to the agitation now going on in Washington by the radicals in the cattle associations.

"He also saw Senator Thompson, of Kansas, of the firm of Thompson & Robertson, lawyers, Kansas City, Kan., who is a personal friend of Mr. Gates, and Mr. Gates laid a great deal of stress upon the senator's friendship and believes that he would make no mistake in keeping close to him, and that he could reciprocate by giving his firm some of the legal business we have to do in Kansas City—and I believe it would be in the interests of the situation to consider Mr. Gates' request. Mr. Gates says Thompson is a poor man, and for that reason should not be in Washington, but that he thought so much of him personally that he gave $1,000 against his campaign expenses.

"Mr. A. D. White was with me during Mr. Gates' stay in the office, and was enabled to tell Mr. Gates a good many things that transpired at the hearing in Washington, and has now gone with Mr. Gates in a car and will give him a ride around the parks and and arrange to take him to lunch if the opportunity offers.

"Mr. Gates requested us to call on him whenever we think he can be of service."

Wilson and the Investigation.

In connection with Gates' report that advisers of the president declared he opposed the Borland resolution as disturbing to business, attention was called today that the present investigation was undertaken on express order of the president.

Another report said one of the conditions in favor of the packers was that the administration "must come before the corporations shortly for political subscriptions, as the convention is almost at hand."

F. Dana Durand, former director of the census, but in 1916 a member of the faculty of the University of Minnesota, was asked by the packers to appear before the judiciary subcommittee which had the Borland resolution under consideration to say he thought the proposed investigation virtually had been covered by a previous inquiry. He refused because of his former connection with the government, but undertook a trip to Washington regarding the plan for substituting price data.

If Mr. Durand appeared before the committee the packers planned to have "some friendly committeemen" provided with facts and questions which they wished brought out. No names were mentioned in this connection. Mr. Heney introduced a copy of a letter of protest written by Mr. Borland to a colleague when postponement of the hearing was threatened. The copy was taken from the files of Swift & Co. It bore no name, merely being addressed "Dear Colleague."

ARMY OFFICERS OBJECT TO CROZIER AND SHARPE

Continued From First Page.

London—the tremendous administrative machine which they have over there."

Broken Up About Biddle.

In references to General Crozier and Sharpe, Mr. McCormick said:

"I would rather not mention any names, but the most important American officer said: 'If Sharpe and Crozier do not go we do not know what may happen.'"

"I have had that from three major generals," Senator Wadsworth interjected.

"Yes," continued Mr. McCormick, "the men on whom our burden rests said that to me."

"Have they any way of reaching the administration?" asked Senator Hitchcock.

"I do not know," replied Mr. McCormick. "When General Biddle was recently appointed American officers were all broken up about it. As an engineer, he was well thought of; they all like him, but when he was to be made the probable successor to the chief of staff it just about made them wince."

Discussing air fighting, Mr. McCormick said the French were short of officers for aviation.

"The French general headquarters estimate that we should add 5,000 planes to the total," Mr. McCormick said, "and should never let the total fall below that."

Sharpe's Confidential Statement.

Quartermaster General Sharpe's confidential statement included approval of plans to call into service several hundred thousand more men than had been originally planned and also for hastening transportation of an American force abroad, although he knew and notified Secretary Baker that a clothing shortage would result.

"I think it is to our advantage," General Sharpe said, "to put as many men in the field as we can possibly get there, even if they have to suffer somewhat. The greater the number the greater the effect will be on the enemy."

When Senator Chamberlain said the unequipment resulting was costing lives General Sharpe replied:

"No one regrets that more seriously than I do. I think, however, that the effect upon the Germans will be worth it, even though a few lives are sacrificed in the cause."

On April 16 last, a memorandum from General Sharpe to Secretary Baker stated that because of a decision to call out an extra 500,000 men after July 1 "it will not be practicable to properly clothe and equip this or any other number of men more than was provided for in the original plan."

ANOTHER U. S. SOLDIER MEETS DEATH IN BATTLE

Washington, January 25.—General Pershing today reported another American killed in action on January 22, but no details. The man killed was Private Fred P. Thompson. His brother lives in Georgetown, Ills.

EXTENSION PLANNED FOR GREAT HIGHWAY

Eastern Terminus at Charleston and Western at Memphis Proposed for Ga.-Ala.

A. J. Lawrence, of Menlo, Ga., and others interested in the Georgia-Alabama highway, from Rome, Ga., to Huntsville, Ala., are planning for an extension of the highway so that it will have its eastern terminus at Charleston, S. C., and its western terminus at Memphis, Tenn. This is a total distance of about 600 miles.

A large part of the proposed route is already built, and the state highway commission this week approved of the project for the improvement of the route from Summerville to Menlo, appropriating $15,000 of the federal road appropriation to this work, which, with the local supplemental fund, will mean an expenditure of $30,000 on the route from Summerville to Menlo.

The engineering difficulties of the route approved by the commission are considerable, inasmuch as much of the road to be improved leads up Lookout ridge. The Georgia-Alabama line is on Lookout ridge, and Alabama has already considered the improvement of the Alabama end of the road on the ridge. The rest of the road for most of the way as far as Nashville, is already in fairly good condition.

Mr. Lawrence points out that this deep-water-to-deep-water route would be of immeasurable benefit, bisecting, as it would, a wide strip of unimproved territory to be benefited.

"Now that Muscle shoals is to be utilized," says Mr. Lawrence, "the construction of this road would be of immeasurable benefit to the adjoining territory."

ANOTHER PRETTY DAY PROMISED ATLANTANS

Continued fair weather for another day or two is the pleasing program proclaimed by the weather bureau. Friday was beyond question the finest day Atlanta has experienced since late November, and it represented the type of winter weather that caused the coining of the phrase, "the sunny south."

Fine, generally clear and much warmer weather prevails over the entire cotton belt, with temperatures above freezing. In fact, the weather all over the United States is warmer than it has been at any time during the past six weeks. No zero temperatures were recorded anywhere Friday between the Gulf of Mexico and the Canadian boundary or from Portland, Maine, to San Diego, Cal. Even in the central Mississippi and Ohio valleys the temperatures were above the freezing point Friday morning for the first time in many weeks.

Miami, Fla., reported the highest temperature in the country Friday, when 72 degrees were registered by the mercury, while Duluth, Minn., and Havre, Mont., tied for the lowest, each reporting 4 degrees above zero.

Shipments that will reach their destinations in the next 18 or 20 hours should be prepared to withstand temperatures as follows: To the northeast, from 35 to 38 degrees; to the north, the same; westward, from 38 to 45 degrees, and southward, from 45 to 50 degrees.

AMUSEMENTS

Thurston, the Magician.

(Last Time Today, at Atlanta Theater.)

Thurston, the magician, will be seen at the Atlanta theater twice today, at 2:30 and 8:15, concluding one of the most successful engagements he has ever played in Atlanta. Magic carries a strong appeal to everybody, and when it is deftly handled by the man who stands alone in the mastery of his art its interest is all consuming. Thurston is the only living magician of moment. The most prominent of his numerous new mystifying tricks and illusions are "The Master Effects of Spirit Mediums," "Mephisto's Daughter," "Every Woman's Wish," "The Materialization of Ghosts" and Mr. Thurston's latest and most marvelous effect called "Villa Captured," showing the most astoundingly realistic race between an automobile and motorcycle ever staged.

Robert B. Mantell.

(Coming to Atlanta Theater.)

Productions of Shakespeare and the classics, combining the best traditions that have come down from former generations with the best of the stage arts of today are promised during the engagement of Robert B. Mantell at the Atlanta theater next week. The engagement will open with "Richelieu," the only non-Shakespearean play of the week, and the Shakespearean drama in succession are "Hamlet," Tuesday night; "Romeo and Juliet," Wednesday afternoon; "The Merchant of Venice," Wednesday night; "King Lear," Thursday night; "Macbeth," Friday night; "The Merchant of Venice," again Saturday afternoon, and "Richard III.," Saturday night.

Four Shows Saturday.

(At Loew's Grand Theater.)

There will be four performances of the vaudeville bill at Loew's Grand theater Saturday, the photoplay, "A Heart's Revenge," starring Sonia Markova, starting promptly at 1 o'clock. A melange of fun, song, dances and pretty girls. "Oh, You Sweetheart," a Broadway musical comedy hit, heads the bill. Other vaudeville features are the Four Roses, a quartette of pretty dancing girls; Montie and Belle, a graceful pair of misses in a song, dance and gown revue; Demarest and Doll, in a comedy piano novelty; Lutes Brothers, in a demonstration of the marvelous things a man without arms can learn to do.

Milton Oppenheim.

(At the Alamo, No. 2.)

A pleasing addition to the regular program of pictures this week at Alamo No. 2 is the singing of Milton Oppenheim, an Atlanta boy, who is singing at each afternoon and evening performance all the latest New York song successes. Mr. Oppenheim is well known in Atlanta, this being his home and with his pleasing manner of rendering popular songs is always well received. He holds the record in this country for endurance singing, having won this honor during a recent contest in New York city against some of the best singers of that class in the country. This afternoon and evening will conclude his engagement at Alamo No. 2.

Keith Vaudeville.

(At the Lyric.)

Today will be the last chance Atlantans will have to see Mrs. Eva Fay in her wonderful act at the Lyric theater and the prospects are that there will be capacity audiences at every performance. Mrs. Fay has created a sensation by her ability to answer every question asked her, and thousands have already seen her this week. There is a splendid supporting bill, including Harry and Eva Puck in "The Song Hit" and Dr. Frank Gorman, the singing preacher.

LEON EPLAN HONORED BY PROGRESSIVE CLUB

Leon Eplan was signally honored by the Jewish Progressive club Thursday evening at the club smoker in recognition for his work as chairman of the club's house committee for the past year.

High tribute to the patriotism of Joseph Lazear, who was installed for the fifth term as president of the organization, and Mr. Eplan, for supervision of the various entertainments and functions in honor of the Jewish soldiers at Camp Gordon was paid by Leonard J. Grossman, who, in a stirring address as spokesman for the organization, presented a silver service to Mr. Eplan in token of his faithful activity in the club for the past year.

Dr. Louis C. Roughlin, heading the gift committee of the club which had requested Mr. Grossman to present the silver service in their behalf, followed with a very happy and appropriate address complimentary to Mr. Eplan.

It was announced that an effort will be made to provide mid-week dances for the soldiers in addition to the week-end functions which have became a fixed part of the club's routine.

70 HALL REGISTRANTS HAVE FAILED TO REPORT

Gainesville, Ga., January 25.—(Special.)—According to a list just made public seventy Hall county men have failed to report and answer their questionnaires to date. A large per cent of these are negroes. The local board has served notice for them to report in order to save prosecution.

MORTUARY

Miss Amanda Neel.

Thomasville, Ga., January 25.—(Special.)—The funeral of Miss Amanda Neel took place here yesterday at the residence of her brother, E. Leon Neel. Miss Neel died from pneumonia. She was a native of Thomasville, and was 77 years of age. She is survived by one brother, E. Leon Neel, and a large number of nieces and nephews in this city and section.

Mrs. Susie Hearn.

Mrs. Susie V. Hearn, 18 years old, died Friday morning at the residence, 422 South Moreland avenue. She is survived by her husband, Paul D. Hearn; one son, Paul D., Jr.; her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. K. White; two brothers, C. P. and J. L. White; also two sisters, Mrs. Annie Mae Britt and Mrs. Lena B. Fincher.

S. D. Elliott.

S. D. Elliott, 73 years old, of 119 Main street, died Friday morning at a private hospital. He is survived by his wife, three sons, L. C., R. D. and R. M. Elliott, and two daughters, Miss Gussie Elliott and Mrs. L. R. Benz. The body was removed to the chapel of Harry G. Poole.

Frank H. Scott.

Frank H. Haskins Scott, 87 years old, died Friday morning at the residence, 446 Washington street. He is survived by three sons, John D., George E. and Frank H. Scott. The body was removed to the chapel of Barclay & Brandon.

L. S. Turner.

L. S. Turner 42 years old, died Friday at noon at the residence, 60 Neal street. He is survived by his wife, five small children and his parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Turner. The body was removed to the chapel of Harry G. Poole.

Miss Minnie O'Brien.

Miss Minnie O'Brien died Friday morning at the residence in Tampa, Fla. The body will arrive in Atlanta today and be carried to the chapel of Harry G. Poole.

Mary Elizabeth Davis.

Mary Elizabeth Davis, the 3-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Davis, died Friday morning at 5:20 o'clock at the residence, 77 Park street. The body was removed to the chapel of Harry G. Poole.

Mrs. Jessie Maddox.

Mrs. Jessie Maddox, 36 years old, died Friday at the residence, 324 Lakewood avenue. She is survived by her husband, Byron Maddox; one daughter, Miss Georgia Woodlee; two sons, John Woodlee and Byron Maddox, Jr.; her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John S. Coppinger, and three sisters, Mrs. I. C. Clark, Mrs. L. B. Pickens and Miss Eva Coppinger. The body was removed to the chapel of Greenberg & Bond.

R. D. Fowler.

R. D. Fowler, 43 years old, died Friday morning at the residence, 30 Lynch street. He is survived by his wife and four small children. The body was removed to the chapel of Hunter & Hemperley.

Mrs. Glenn's Funeral.

Thomasville, Ga., January 25.—(Special.)—The funeral services of Mrs. J. M. Glenn, of Macon, were held here this morning. Mrs. Glenn, who died in Macon Wednesday evening, was the wife of Rev. J. M. Glenn, presiding elder of the Macon district of the Methodist church. She was, before her marriage, Miss Alice Dekle, of Thomasville. She is survived by her husband and one daughter, Miss Nell Glenn, and also by her mother, Mrs. Robert Dekle, of this city.

Sergeant George Chisholm.

Sergeant George Chisholm, a member of the 327th regiment of infantry, died Friday morning at the base hospital at Fort McPherson. The body was removed to the chapel of Harry G. Poole.

John R. Koon.

John R. Koon died Friday morning at the base hospital at Fort McPherson. The body was removed to the chapel of Harry G. Poole.

Cleanses the Blood of all Traces of Scrofula

Transmitted Blood Impurities Wiped Out Forever.

"Blood will tell" is a saying that never loses its force, for it is as true today as it ever was that hereditary traits for good or for evil are transmitted from one generation to another.

If there has been any impurity in the blood of your ancestors you will not grow to the full physical development that your body is capable of until your blood has been thoroughly cleansed and purified of all traces of impure matter. And you owe it to yourself to get rid of this handicap that is always a drawback to your perfect health.

S. S. S., the time-tested blood purifier, has removed the last trace of Scrofula and other transmitted impurities, and there is no case that it does not promptly reach. It will thoroughly cleanse and remove every disease germ that infests the blood, and give you new life and vigor. S. S. S. is sold by druggists everywhere, and you should begin its use today. Should you need medical advice, write a complete history of your case, and our chief medical adviser will give you full instructions, without charge. Address Swift Specific Co., H-46, Swift Laboratory, Atlanta, Georgia.—(adv.)

On the Great American Drive East-West-North-South

The Celebrated

20-Mule Borax Team

From Death Valley, California

WILL PROCEED THROUGH ATLANTA SOON.

The 20-Mule Borax Team will rumble out of the interesting past through Atlanta's principal arteries, with all of the rugged investiture of those strenuous pioneer days in the Far West. Just as adventurous men to reach the gold fields of California sailed around Cape Horn, in '49, owing to the lack of overland transportation facilities, so Death Valley miners had to design and use these gigantic caravans to haul the crude borate mineral through 160 miles of pulsating torridity, 200 feet below sea level, to the nearest railroad. The same mammoth vehicles you will see here soon were in actual use in the desert for many years. Please read announcements of the Atlanta program in the Atlanta daily papers this week.

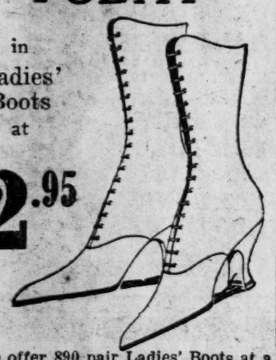
STEWART'S

Under-Price Cash Basement

Special Values —FOR— TODAY

in Ladies' Boots at

$2.95



We offer 890 pair Ladies' Boots at a greatly reduced price. These shoes are from our regular stock and include many styles in odd sizes, consisting of Black Kid, Gray Kid, Patent Leather, Gun Metal and White Canvas, all to go at **$2.95**

Boys' Shoes

In Gun Metal, lace and button, a splendid school shoe, guaranteed value, sizes 1 to 6, at..... **$1.95**

Boys' Scout Shoes
In Black and Tan



Absolutely Guaranteed

Sizes 9 to 13½..... $1.85
Sizes 1 to 6 ..... $2.45

Boys' Dress Shoes



In English last, also in other styles, all sizes, $3.50 values at **$2.95**

Order by Mail.

Stewart
GOOD SHOES FOR EVERYBODY
FRED L. STEWART CO. 25 WHITEHALL ST.

Chamberlin-Johnson-DuBose Co.
ATLANTA NEW YORK PARIS

For Juniors—Third Floor

The Final Clearance

Odd lots of this, that and the other. Headlong reductions. Briefly:—

Five velvet dresses, sizes 8 to 14; formerly $22.50 and $25, at $9.75. Fine silk dresses, sizes 12 to 14, formerly $18.50 to $27.50, at $9.75.

Junior serge dresses, 15 and 17 years—3 white, 4 navy, formerly $13.50 to $25, at $4.95.

Junior coat suits, 9 of them, formerly $18.50, at $5.

Coats, in sizes 15 and 17. A variety to choose from. Formerly $6.50 to $10, reduced to $1.45. Others in sizes 3 to 8 at the same price; formerly $5 to $8.50.

Coats of white serge and checked chinchilla, sizes 2 to 14, formerly $5.75, at $2.45.

Also white and checked chinchilla, and pink and blue corduroy, $6.75 to $10 kinds, at $3.45.

Baby Caps and Bonnets, of dark velvet and white crepe de chine. Half price.

A small group of children's Hats, tailored, formerly $1.25 to $3.50, at 39c.

No telephone orders on any of these items.

About March 1, 1918, we will move into our new store—at 86, 88, 90, 92, 94 and 96 Whitehall street—about 60 normal paces from our present location. The exact date will be announced later.

Chamberlin-Johnson-DuBose Company

Southern Hospitality *includes* Luzianne



CHEERY, whole-hearted, Southern hospitality—it's almost a magic phrase to many. But really it stands for honest friendship, cordiality and (you've guessed it) lots of delicious goodies.

Luzianne Coffee is always included in Southern hospitality because it tastes so good. Fragrant hot coffee for people who knowwhat'sgood—that'sLuzianne.

Good old Luzianne flavor—um-m-m!—better try some quick. Your grocer has it—and if you aren't satisfied, he'll give back every cent—honest!



LUZIANNE coffee
"When It Pours, It Reigns"

TRUNKS--BAGS--SUIT CASES

25% Discount Sale Now Going On. Special Prices on Wardrobe Trunks Today

FOOTE'S TRUNK AND BAG FACTORY 19 East Alabama St.

SOCIETY

Richardson-Stillwell Wedding February 6.

An interesting event of February will be the marriage of Miss Gertrude Ely Richardson and Mr. Howard Logan Stillwell, which will take place on Wednesday evening, February 6, at 8 o'clock, at the home of the bride's mother, Mrs. Joseph Richardson, "Alanhurst," East Lake.

Invitations have been issued to a limited company.

Terrace Dinner-Dance.

At the dinner-dance at the Georgian Terrace last night, which was an enjoyable occasion, assembling a large company, Mr. and Mrs. Julius T. Jennings entertained in compliment to their sister, Mrs. Whitman, of Kansas City, who is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Louie Leonard.

Mr. and Mrs. Howard McCall entertained a small party in compliment to their guest, Mrs. J. E. Hays, of Montezuma.

Mrs. John M. Gray, Jr., and Miss Reba Wilson Gray, of Nashville, were the center of a party, and Captain Mathewson and others entertained.

Wai-Ki-Ki Club Dance.

The Wai-Ki-Ki club will give a dance this evening at Segadlo's hall. A special program of dance music has been arranged, and other club members are invited.

League Joins Federation.

The Atlanta branch of the National League for Woman's Service has joined the Georgia State Federation of Women's Clubs. Application for membership was made by Mrs. Wilmer Moore at the executive board meeting of the federation which was held Thursday at the home of Mrs. Price Gilbert, and the organization now becomes a federated part of the Georgia Federation of Women's Clubs.

Mrs. Black to Visit Columbus.

Mrs. Nellie Peters Black, president of the Georgia Federation of Women's Clubs, will visit Columbus next week, and will address the organized women of the city and county on the various departments of club work. The next meeting of the Georgia federation will be in Columbus, Ga., when the delegates to the convention will be entertained by the club women of Columbus.

Dr. Bradley Returns To Washington.

Dr. Frances Bradley, of the child's bureau, United States department of labor, who came to Atlanta to address the executive board of the Georgia Federation of Women's Clubs on the subject of the child-first campaign, returned to Washington Thursday night. She was in conference while here with Mrs. Nellie Peters Black, president of the Georgia federation, and Mrs. Samuel Inman, chairman of the Georgia division, Council of National Defense.

Mrs. Robert Daniel, of Griffin, who came to attend the executive board meeting, has returned home.

Mrs. J. E. Hayes, of Montezuma, vice president of the Georgia federation, has returned home.

Mrs. Archibald Brantley, of Blackshear, second vice president, who came to attend the board meeting, is the guest of her daughter, Mrs. Willis Hagan, and will remain for several days.

Writers' Club.

The Writers' club will hold an interesting meeting this afternoon at 4:30 o'clock in Edison hall.

Stories and poems by the members will be a feature, and Louis Scarmolin, pianist and composer, now of the national army at Camp Gordon, will play.

U. D. C. Restaurant.

The public and friends of the old soldiers who wore the gray will be glad to patronize the restaurant today in the basement of the Connally building, when they know that the proceeds are to be applied to the needs of the old soldiers, for whom the soldiers' committee from the Atlanta chapter, U. D. C., at stated times afford entertainments to while away the time and brighten their otherwise monotonous existence.

Mrs. A. O. Woodward and Mrs. Thomas Peters are co-chairman of the restaurant today, and an appetizing dinner and luncheon will be served between 12 and 3 o'clock.

Dinner will include beef loaf, tomato sauce, mashed Irish potatoes, corn pudding, hot rolls, salad or dessert, tea or coffee.

Lunch will consist of escalloped oysters, French peas, hot rolls, salad or dessert, tea or coffee.

The committee to assist Mrs. Woodward stands as previously announced.

Chapter 8, All Saints' Church.

Beginning with Monday, January 28, and continuing for four last days of January, Chapter 8, of All Saints' church, Mrs. Edward G. Warner chairman, will serve dinners and luncheons to their friends and public interested, in the basement of the Connally building.

This restaurant has become a popular place, especially at the noon hour, when the inner man must be satisfied promptly and conveniently.

Corner of Whitehall and Alabama streets, it is so located that business men and women lose little time, and are served promptly by pretty, young waitresses.

Flowers for Hostess House.

The cafeteria committee of the hostess house at Camp Gordon ask the public to help them out with flowers to brighten the rooms and cheer the soldier who drops in.

Any lady giving an entertainment and using flowers might put them to good use afterwards by sending them to the Y. M. C. A. rooms in the Arcade building. Some of the secretaries will see that they reach the hostess house.

Visitors going to Camp Gordon and wishing to do their "bit" might take a plant or bunch of flowers. Some of these will be used in the hospital.

For Miss Dodd.

The tea given by Mrs. Forrest Adair, Jr., yesterday afternoon at her home in Druid Hills was a pretty compliment to her debutante sister, Miss Nellie Dodd.

Flowers and growing plants added to the attractiveness of the reception rooms and in the dining room the tea table had as an artistic centerpiece a white wicker basket filled with yellow and pink roses, violets and narcissi with the handle of the basket tied with pink tulle. The candle shades were pink, as were the bonbons filling silver dishes.

Mrs. Adair wore dark blue velvet and Georgette crepe combined and Miss Dodd wore black chiffon velvet with black velvet hat.

Assisting Mrs. Adair in entertaining were her mother, Mrs. Gus T. Dodd, and Mrs. Edward S. Gay, Jr. The guests included the members of the Debutante club.

Luncheon for Visitor.

Mrs. George Dexter was hostess at a pretty luncheon yesterday at her home on North avenue in compliment to Mrs. John Rommell, of Philadelphia, the guest of Mrs. Willis Westmoreland.

The table decorations were in pink and white, the centerpiece a silver basket of pink carnations and narcissi. The candles were shaded in pink and the cards marking the places were hand-painted in pink and gold.

Mrs. Dexter was gowned in black Georgette crepe, braided in chenille.

Mrs. Rommell wore black satin with black panne velvet hat.

The guests besides the honor guest, were Mrs. Westmoreland, Mrs. William Lawson Peel, Mrs. Henry Jackson, Mrs. Charles P. Byrd, Mrs. Leverett Walker, Mrs. Edward Peters, Mrs. Milton Dargan.

Following the luncheon the guests were entertained at a box party at the Lyric.

At the Driving Club.

An enjoyable event of the evening will be the dinner-dance at the Piedmont Driving club.

Colonel and Mrs. H. S. Wagner will have as their guests Mrs. Eben Swift, General and Mrs. William P. Burnham, Major and Mrs. Charles Lawrence, Captain and Mrs. Carl McKinney, Major and Mrs. Ryden Beebe, Miss Helen Burnham, Miss Isolene Campbell, Miss Marian Atchison, Captain Joseph Brown Connally, Captain Welborn Blalock, Lieutenant Frank Rogers, Major Rostand and Captain Mulhausen.

Colonel and Mrs. J. C. McArthur will entertain at dinner, the guests to include a group of army friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward Lyle will entertain Captain and Mrs. R. H. White, Miss Delia Johnson and Lieutenant Marion Rushton.

Mr. and Mrs. Gus T. Dodd will have in their party Mr. and Mrs. Frank Adair, Mr. and Mrs. Edward S. Gay, Mr. and Mrs. Forrest Adair, Jr., and Major Buxton.

Miss Reba Gray, of Nashville, will be honor guest in a party.

Others entertaining will be Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Conway, Lieutenant B. F. Jones, Mr. Langdon Quin, Mr. and Mrs. Westervelt Terhune, Mr. Remsen King.

Meeting Postponed.

The O. E. S. meeting announced for Sunday afternoon at the Elks' hall has been postponed until a later date, owing to weather and coal conditions.

Engagement of Mrs. Liddell And Dr. Battle Announced

A broad social interest both north and south centers in the news of the engagement of Mrs. Jane Hall Liddell, of Charlotte, N. C., and Dr. Westory Battle, of Asheville, N. C., the wedding to take place in the spring.

Mrs. Liddell is a beautiful and charming woman, a native of Pennsylvania. She is the widow of the late Vinton Liddell, a prominent citizen of North Carolina.

She visited Atlanta during the opera season of 1917, and was the recipient of many attentions.

Dr. Battle is distinguished in the medical profession and widely known and popular. Though a northern man by birth, he may justly be called one of the constructive spirits in the progress of Asheville, where he has resided for thirty years, and in North Carolina.

It was after his eye measured the beautiful area crowned now by the Biltmore estate, that he brought it to the attention of his personal friend, the late George Vanderbilt, who subsequently purchased the area and Biltmore became one of the most beautiful estates in the world.

Capt. Floyd McRae, Jr., Will Marry Miss Eleanor Stout

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Deming Stout, of Chicago, announce the engagement of their daughter, Eleanor Deming, to Captain Floyd Wilcox McRae, Jr., medical reserve corps.

Miss Stout, one of the most popular debutantes of last season in Chicago, is the second daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Stout. She is a charming young woman and an accomplished musician, possessing a beatuiful voice.

Captain McRae is a graduate of Yale and of Johns Hopkins, and had entered with success on the practice of his profession in Atlanta and, when war was declared, he immediately tendered his services to the government. He was detailed for several months at the general hospital at Fort McPherson, and is now in New York awaiting orders to sail for France.

He is a son of Dr. Floyd Wilcox McRae, one of the most prominent surgeons in the south, and Mrs. McRae.

Red Cross Dressings Classes Performing Important Work

"Warning of the atrocities, 'horrible, brutal, beastly,' and consistently official that American soldiers will soon be suffering at the hands of Germany's inhuman army, was voiced in an address this week by Major Grayson M. P. Murphy, formerly in charge of the American Red Cross work in France, who returned to this country Sunday."

This message was sent over the Associated Press wires the same day with this one from General Pershing to the women of America:

"Tell them this is the greatest thing we ever tried to do and we are looking to them to back us up at home."

To Answer Calls.

That the women of America may answer these calls and practically "back up" at home the winning of the war, the American Red Cross society, through every Red Cross chapter in the country, have established surgical dressings classes that women may have the training which will enable them to make the right kind of dressings for the wounded in the war hospitals.

"What practical war work are you doing, and are you doing all and the best that you can?" is a question every loyal American woman should ask herself today.

Now it is an expression of patriotism to weep over the stories one hears of the war; to attend Red Cross benefits and to knit when it is convenient, but it is a more active patriotism to train for actual service at home when the call is made. Surgical dressings are the crying need of the moment, and a woman can no more surely prove her patriotism than to "train to make them right."

The Atlanta chapter of the Red Cross maintains these classes in the Red Cross house, 258 Peachtree street. There are three classes now at work, and registrations are being received for the next classes, which will begin next Wednesday, January 30. Registration can be made in the meantime at the Red Cross house, 258 Peachtree street.

Home Nursing.

New classes in home nursing, elementary hygiene and home care of the sick will begin Friday, February 1. Applicants requested to register at the Red Cross house, where they will receive all information desired on the subject.

Wednesday afternoon a class of twenty was organized for dietetics—a most important branch in the home nursing classes of the Red Cross educational work. The price for these classes has necessarily been advanced to $6.50 for the entire course, this because of the increased cost of food, especially cream, eggs and butter.

Men Study "First Aid."

The first aid classes have an interested following. One class of twenty meets with Dr. DeLoach at the Carnegie library Mondays and Fridays. A night class is being organized to be conducted at the Y. W. C. A. rooms, and the greatest encouragement has come in the enrollment of several prominent men who will be in a class taught by Dr. Toepfel on Tuesday and Friday afternoons from 5 to 6 at his office. This class of ten lessons will begin as soon as enough names are registered. Ten is the minimum and several more are needed to fill the roll.

CHAMBER WILL GIVE LUNCHEON FOR TAFT

Ex-President Will Be Met at His Hotel Next Friday by Governor Dorsey and Mayor Candler.

Despite the decision of ex-President William H. Taft not to accept any invitations outside of the training camps during his present tour of southern camps, an exception has been made in the case of the Atlanta Chamber of Commerce, and Mr. Taft will be the guest of honor at a luncheon tendered him by this body on Friday, February 1.

The program for the occasion was decided upon by the committee on entertainments which met on Friday. Colonel Frederic J. Paxon is chairman of the committee and other membership is as follows: W. H. White, Jr., V. H. Kriegshaber, W. W. Orr, John J. Eagan, S. A. Ackley and Walter G. Cooper.

Mr Taft will be met by the committee, Governor Hugh M. Dorsey and Mayor Asa G. Candler at his hotel at 12:15 o'clock. He will be escorted to the Capital City club, where a luncheon will be served at 12:30 o'clock. It is expected that there will be over one hundred covers, and besides the specially invited guests, there will be members of the chamber of commerce, of the local training camp activities committee and the war work council of the Y. M. C. A.

W. H. White, Jr., president of the chamber of commerce, will preside and will introduce Victor H. Kriegshaber, chairman of the local committee on training camp activities, who will give a brief account of the work done by this organization in Atlanta and Camp Gordon. A similar account of the war work of the Y. M. C. A. will be given by S. A. Ackley, executive secretary for the southeastern division.

There will be brief addresses of welcome to Mr. Taft by Governor Dorsey and Mayor Candler, after which Mr. White will present Mr. Taft, who will deliver the speech of the occasion.

The entertainment will conclude at an early hour, in order to give Mr. Taft time to keep a 3 o'clock engagement at Camp Gordon.

Mr. Taft will arrive in Atlanta on an early train Friday and will remain until Saturday evening, spending practically all his time at Camp Gordon, where he will make his headquarters while here.

C. M. CANDLER OPPOSED TO EMBARGO ON MELONS

Chairman of Railroad Commission Writes to Director General for Information.

Chairman C. M. Candler has written to Director General of Railroads William G. McAdoo asking that he fix the status of watermelons, as to whether transportation of melons is to be curtailed as a luxury, in order that Georgia farmers may govern themselves accordingly in their plantings. Chairman Candler urged that transportation for melons do not be curtailed beyond what is necessary for the interests of the government.

Chairman Candler has received inquiries from the Georgia Chamber of Commerce, railroads operating in south Georgia and other parties interested as to whether there will be an embargo or partial embargo against the shipment of watermelons, on the luxury ground. Farmers are now making preparations for their plantings and the decision of the director general will be a deciding factor in whether or not Georgia will have her normal production of watermelons, or whether the planters will cut down their production.

Auxiliaries Planned Of Junior Red Cross In Atlanta Schools

Superintendent of Schools J. C. Wardlaw, who has been appointed chairman of the Junior Red Cross membership bureau of the Atlanta chapter of the Red Cross, is arranging, with the approval of the board of education, for a campaign in the public schools to organize Junior Red Cross auxiliaries in every school.

A nation-wide campaign for Red Cross juniors will commence February 11 and will continue until February 22. Atlanta schools will take an active part in this campaign.

The chief purpose of organization of juniors will be to serve the needs of men in cantonments, although a present emergency that will receive first consideration is the making of 400,000 garments for refugees from Belgium and northeastern France. The work of making these garments will be apportioned throughout the nation to insure their early completion, and there is no doubt that the school children of Atlanta will do their share of the work.

TWO CARLOADS OF COAL RECEIVED FOR SCHOOLS

Two carloads of coal, received by the county board on Friday, together with the supply already on hand, will insure the county schools against having to close during the winter session, unless the coal situation becomes even more serious than at present. The county schools had sold one-half of their coal to families without fuel during the recent cold spell.

ADVERTISING SCHOOL WILL BE OPENED SOON

A school of advertising sponsored by the Advertising club, of Atlanta, is to be opened in connection with the school of commerce of Georgia Tech.

The plan had its inception at a luncheon Thursday of the Advertising club at the Ansley hotel. The idea was conceived by Professor S. S. Waters, dean of the Tech School of Commerce. It was planned that members of the club should act as instructors at the school and the following faculty was appointed: B. Richard Rice, advertising manager of the Southern Oakland company; George S. Lowman, of the Lowman Service agency; Jack Carr, of the Rich-Carr Advertising agency; Dr. Dillard Jacobs, of the Dillard Jacobs' Advertising agency; C. H. Crawford, advertising manager of M. Rich & Bros. company, and Frank E. Lowenstein, advertising manager of the Norris Candy company.

The school is designed especially for members of the Advertising club, but is also open to the general public. The opening will take place about the first of February.

MRS. L. C. MILLER DIES AT HOME IN STAUNTON

News of the death of Mrs. L. C. Miller, mother of Henry W. Miller, vice president of the Southern railway, was received in Atlanta Friday. Her death occurred at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Mary Gibson, of Staunton, Va.

Mr. Miller, who was on the road at the time, was notified and proceeded to Staunton. Mrs. Miller left Friday afternoon to join him.

WEDDING
Invitations
Announcements
At Home Cards
Calling Cards
J. P. STEVENS ENGRAVING CO.
99 Peachtree 47 Whitehall
Opposite Piedmont Hotel. ATLANTA



$5 and $6 Black Kid Boots

$2.95

Specials for Saturday only. Black kid button and lace boots, with all sizes in the lot. A consolidation of styles from our regular stock and the $2.95 price is less than wholesale cost.

Main Floor Rich's Shoe Dept.

OLSAN BROS.
43-45 Whitehall Street

All Winter Suits, Coats, Dresses At Next to Nothing Prices

Remarkable Values--Smart Styles High-Grade Materials

Don't Miss the Opportunity to Buy in This Sale

New Serge Dresses, Reg. Price to $24.50 TODAY'S SALE $10.65

Serge and Silk Dresses, Reg. Price to $30.00 TODAY'S SALE $13.65

Suits, Regular Price to $27.50 TODAY'S SALE $11.75

Suits, Regular Price to $30.00 TODAY'S SALE $14.50

Coats, Regular Price to $30.00 TODAY'S SALE $14.75

Coats, Regular Price to $20.00 TODAY'S SALE $9.95

ALMOST BLIND FROM DIZZINESS

This Virginia Lady Tells of Constant Suffering From Dreadful Backaches, Permanently Relieved by Cardui.

Norton, Va.—Mrs. E. S. Clouse, of this place, writes: "In about 1901 I seemed to get in bad health. I had been married about a year...I called in Dr. ——, of ——, who treated me ...and gave me medicine, which didn't do me any good. I suffered agony for about 4 months and felt I must have some relief, for I was so bad off that I was really unable to be up out of bed during all that time.

I could hardly walk, every step was painful and a drag. I would be almost blind from dizziness. I'd have dreadful backaches that never ceased, and severe pains...I read of Cardui in the Birthday Almanac and friends urged me to take it...I used one bottle with such beneficial results that I gained hope of recovery. After the use of 2 or 3 bottles, I felt so much better that I was able to get up and go about my work. My improvement was steady and after about the 3rd or 4th bottle, I was entirely cured and the cure has been permanent...For the past seven years I have had perfect health and my work has been a pleasure."

Try Cardui, the woman's tonic, for your troubles. It is safe, reliable, and of proven merit. All druggists.—(Adv.)

BOARD NAMED TO PASS ON SECURITIES ISSUES

Washington, January 25.—Allen B. Forbes, of New York, member of the bond selling firm of Harris, Forbes & Co., has been appointed chairman of a board of three advisers to the federal reserve board to pass on applications for approval of securities issues.

FREIGHT CONGESTION SHOWS IMPROVEMENT

Conditions at the railroad freight depots continued to show marked improvement during Friday, and if the Atlanta merchants keep up the good work of removing their goods as soon as possible after arrival it is anticipated that conditions will very nearly approach normal again within a few days.

Investigation last week showed that it was chiefly owing to an accumulation of small shipments which had caused the congestion. This is still true, and, while some of the largest dealers in the city still have unclaimed goods lying at the depots, it is still necessary that every consignee, large and small, shall continue to make every effort to at all times get his goods out of the depots as rapidly as possible.

Colonel Frederic J. Paxon, chairman of the public safety committee of the chamber of commerce, received a letter Friday written by Jacob Spielberger, of 165 Peters street. Mr. Spielberger claims that the fault for the congestion is due not so much to a delay on the part of the small consignee in removing his goods, but to failure of the railroad companies to notify him of the arrival of the goods. Mr. Spielberger cites a number of cases in his own experience where he claims that goods lay in the local depots for several weeks, while he was anxiously waiting their arrival, and of which arrival he had received no notification.

Railroad officials state that this is not according to their system, as they make a custom of notifying the consignee by mail on the arrival of his goods, and if he does not remove same within a reasonable time they follow the first notice with others at stated periods. Some of the local agents have also enlisted the telephone in their efforts to have goods removed during the congestion of the past few weeks.

MOTOR TRUCK SERVICE ATLANTA TO CLEVELAND

By J. A. Hollomon.

Washington, January 25.—(Special.) Congressman Thomas M. Bell has arranged through the postoffice department to establish a motor truck line leaving Atlanta at 6:00 a. m. every morning going to Cleveland via Roswell, Alpharetta, Cumming, Silver City, Dawsonville, Auraria, Dahlonega to Cleveland, Ga.

This will be a double daily service and a motor truck will leave Cleveland at 6 o'clock every morning going by the same points above mentioned.

This line goes through one of the best sections of Georgia and if the people along the line will keep the roads in good condition it will mean a great deal for this section, as the people will have direct communication with Atlanta in disposing of their produce by parcel post.

Mr. Bell, as a member of the postoffice committee of the house, was one of the first to advocate this novel new service.

ELEVATOR MAN INJURED BY FALL DOWN SHAFT

Bliss Powell, 20 years old, of 101 Nelson street, elevator man at The Constitution building, is in a serious condition at the Grady hospital from a fall down the elevator shaft which occurred early Friday morning. When Powell came to work he opened the door and stepped in. The elevator was on the top floor at the time, however, and he fell from the first floor to the basement.



To check a "morning-grouch" there is nothing like a cup of

MAXWELL HOUSE COFFEE

At grocers; always in tins.

CHEEK-NEAL COFFEE CO.
Nashville, Houston, Jacksonville, Richmond

52-54-56 WHITEHALL STREET Rich's TELEPHONE NUMBER MAIN 3132

News for Saturday, January 26th



Important! The Linen Sale Will End in Four Days

Thrifty Women Can See for Themselves That the January Linen Sale Is the Time to

Buy Towels

—Plenty of them are numbered among the offerings of our Twentieth Annual Sale of Linens—cotton, union linen and pure linen towels, crash, huck and turkish towels, hemmed and hemstitched towels, and toweling-by-the-yard. And prices, needless to say, are well below prevailing rates.

—Many forehanded women have bought a year's or two years' supply during January. Those who have not will do well to act on our advice and buy in large quantities now. The coming months are going to see sharp advances in the prices of towels—both cotton and linen goods. Every indication points that way. Prices of our own holdings must go up immediately after January 31st, the last day of the Sale. Only four days left in which to take advantage of our towel offerings at these prices.

Noteworthy Are These Towels

—Hemmed cotton huck towels, sizes 17x32 inches to 22x36 inches, $1.25 dozen to 35c each.
—Hemmed union linen huck towels, sizes 17x32 inches to 20x36 inches, 25c to 75c each.
—Hemstitched union linen huck towels, sizes 18x34 inches to 22x40 inches, 35c to 75c each.
—Hemstitched pure linen huck towels, sizes 20x38 to 22x40 inches, 75c each to $15 dozen.
—Hemmed bath towels, sizes 18x34 inches to 30x50 inches, 15c to $1.00 each.

M. RICH & BROS. CO.

THE CRASH OF EMPIRES

On Sunday night, January 27, a prophetic and Biblical address of unusual importance and interest will be delivered in the

Grand Theater

This address will be the first of a series of five Sunday night lectures which will be given without charge in the Grand Theater by Carlyle B. Haynes, the well-known author, minister and lecturer.



Mr. Haynes, whose published works on Biblical topics have now reached a circulation exceeding a quarter of a million copies, and whose magazine articles are read monthly by tens of thousands, has been unusually successful as an expositor of the great lines of Bible prophecy to large audiences in all parts of America.

He has devoted many years to a close study of the prophecy regarding which he will speak on Sunday night, and he is convinced that this war, the most stupendous cataclysm of all ages, was clearly foretold by the ancient Bible prophets. The striking fulfillment of these prophecies, and the outcome of this appalling struggle, will be presented Sunday night in his address on "The Crash of Empires."

The question, "Is a New World Empire Coming?" will be ably and forcefully answered in this address.

The prophecies of the sacred Scriptures indicate that a Man of Destiny is about to establish a world-wide rule of iron. Who is this Man of Destiny? When will he appear? How long will his iron rule continue?

To miss this address will be a real loss. No admission will be charged, and all seats in the Grand will be free.

The doors will be open at 7:00 o'clock.

The Place: The Grand Theater
The Time: Sunday Night, January 27
The Subject: "The Crash of Empires"
The Speaker: Carlyle B. Haynes

FREE TO ALL

SOCIAL ITEMS

Mr. and Mrs. V. R. Davis will go to Florida February 1.

Miss Lois Ellis has as her guest for the week-end Miss Mamie Lou Cole, of Dublin, Ga.

•••

Dr. J. A. Gentry leaves Monday for Pass-A-Grille, Fla., for a two weeks' fishing trip.

•••

Lieutenant Ernest Clinton Swanson is spending a few days with relatives in Atlanta and Fairburn, Ga.

•••

Mr. and Mrs. J. Coley Lewis and Miss Martha Lewis have taken possession of their new home in Druid Hills.

•••

Captain I. M. Strong, United States medical reserve, Mrs. Strong and their two children left Thursday for Houston, Texas.

•••

Mrs. E. E. Barry, of Houston, Texas, formerly Miss Blanche McKnight, of Atlanta, who has been seriously ill at the Baptist sanitarium in Houston for nine weeks, following a serious operation, is now at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. O. McKnight, where she is slowly convalescing.

•••

Miss Hazel Nelson will entertain informally at buffet supper Sunday evening at her home on Juniper street.

•••

Mrs. Emma Garrett Boyd and son, Spencer Boyd, returned to New York Thursday.

•••

Mr. Max Gardner is very ill at Davis-Fischer sanitarium.

•••

Mrs. Arthur Law entertained informally at tea yesterday afternoon in her apartment in the Ponce de Leon in compliment to Mrs. Ford, who is in Atlanta while Colonel Ford is at Camp Gordon.

•••

Mr. and Mrs. John T. Hancock will entertain at a buffet supper and dance this evening at their home on Eighth street in compliment to Miss Elizabeth McGee, of Charlottesville, Va.

•••

Miss Laura Sawtell, who has been ill at her home on Peachtree street, is convalescing.

PEACHTREE ROAD REPAIRING WILL BE RESUMED SOON

The repairing of Peachtree road from Brookwood to Buckhead will be resumed at an early date, if the present good weather continues, according to expressed intentions of county officials Friday. Other important public work which has been delayed because of the recent siege of sleet and rain will also be taken up again.

DR. HODGSON TO AID IN RED CROSS WORK

Colonel W. L. Peel, general manager of the southern division of the American Red Cross, announced Friday the appointment of Dr. F. G. Hodgson as assistant director of the bureau of military relief to supervise the work of the first aid classes of the entire southern division.

The bureau of military relief is one of the most important departments of Red Cross work. Dr. Hodgson will have the appointment of instructors for first aid classes in the whole southern division and will also direct the work of the lifesaving corps.

Classes in this work have already been organized in 176 towns and cities in this division, and under the direction of Dr. Hodgson other classes are rapidly being formed. These classes are divided into two groups, the primary class, for which a certificate is given, and the advanced class, whose graduates receive a bronze medal.

PLEDGE CARD DIRECTOR STARTS WEEK CAMPAIGN

Robert Bryan Harrison, director of the pledge card campaign, food administration, will speak twice daily all of next week in behalf of renewed interest in conservation of food.

The dates are as follows: Fairburn, January 28; Grantville, January 29; Newnan, January 30; West Point, January 31; LaGrange, February 1 and 2; Palmetto, February 4; Decatur, February 5; Lithonia, February 6; Smyrna, February 7; Marietta, February 8 and 9.

Mr. Harrison will speak to the school children at 1:30 o'clock and at 2:30 to mass meeting of all the citizens, including all women's clubs, parents and teachers' associations. The subject of the lectures is, "The Conservation of Food and Health."

TO BUY MACHINERY FOR RUBBER FACTORY

Dr. N. C. Doss, president of the Doss Rubber and Tube company of this city; W. B. Stovall, president of the Empire Trust company, and J. G. Reuter, a well-known rubber expert, will leave Atlanta Sunday at noon for New York and New Jersey to purchase approximately $70,000 worth of additional machinesy to be installed at the Doss company's factory, opposite Fort McPherson, which will be completed next May or June.

Mr. Stovall is a director of the Doss company, and Mr. Reuter is the rubber expert for this new Atlanta corporation. Dr. Doss is the inventor of the puncture-proof inner tube for automobile tires to be manufactured by the company. Before returning to this city, in a week or ten days, the three men will visit Akron, Ohio.

MRS. HARRIET BARTLETT TO LECTURE HERE SOON

Mrs. Harriet Tuttle Bartlett, the well-known author of "An Esoteric Reading of Biblical Symbolism," will visit this city soon and deliver several of her most widely-discussed lectures, under the auspices of the Atlanta Theosophical society. The first of these series, "The Message of the Ages," will probably be given on Sunday, February 10, but further announcement by President A. B. Grossman will be made later, setting forth time and place.

Other lectures to be included in the course are "Truth, the Great Harmonizer;" "The Problem of the Super-Sensitive Child;" "Biblical Symbolism in the Light of Recent Discoveries." No charge will be made for these lectures.

TRAVELERS TO HEAR ADDRESS BY DUBOSE

Members of Fulton council, No. 505, United Commercial Travelers, have been invited by Atlanta council, No. 18, to attend its regular meeting Saturday night at 7:45 o'clock in the Forsyth building, to receive an important message from the government. W. T. DuBose, a member of the order, who is director of war work activities among traveling men, under the federal reserve district committee, will talk on matters of vital importance to members of the order as well as all other commercial travelers. All members of both councils are urged to attend.

DEAN'S BIBLE CLASS PLANS ENTERTAINMENT

An entertainment will take place next Monday afternoon at 3 o'clock at St. Philip's cathedral. It will be given by the dean's Bible class of St. Philip's, for the purpose of getting the members better acquainted with each other. Each member will be both a host and a guest. Monday afternoon was selected because on that day young ladies who have positions will have a holiday.

The dean has expressed a desire to have all the young members of his church present.

DECATUR CHURCHES MAY DISCONTINUE EVENING SERVICES

A vote will be taken by Decatur church congregations Sunday on the question of discontinuing Sunday night services until March 1. Dr. Wiley S. Ansley, fuel administrator for DeKalb county, has requested the churches to make this change because of the shortage of coal. A request has been received from the ministers of Decatur that notice be given all congregations by the daily papers and the fact that on Sunday morning, January 27, the matter will be placed before the congregations by their respective ministers.

SOCIETY WOMEN LEARN NEW STUNT

Theater parties and other nightly diversions may now be enjoyed by Atlanta parents without apprehension, as to the comfort and health of their croupy children. A twenty-five-cent jar of Eucapine Salve is the price of your peace of mind and the children's comfort and well-being. Get a jar today—enough for a whole winter's protection against croup, colds, coughs, sore throat, tonsilitis and threatened bronchitis and pneumonia.

Eucapine Salve is an elegant pharmaceutical preparation prepared especially for the mother's use with her children and combining the cleansing antiseptic and healing properties of eucalyptus, camphor, winter-green, menthol and pinus sylvestris with refined petrolatum. Used in their own families and heartily recommended by Atlanta physicians and druggists as the safest, most pleasant and effective family remedy for simple inflammations of the nose and throat. Get your winter's supply today. Family jar 25c, at drug stores, or by mail postpaid from the Eucapine Chemical Co., Atlanta, Ga., Distributors for the South—(adv.)

WEDDING ANNOUNCEMENTS
Write or Phone for Samples and Prices
WEBB & VARY CO., INC.
ENGRAVING DEPARTMENT
38½ W. ALABAMA ST., ATLANTA, GA.

DECATUR BOARD GETS LIBERAL WOOD SUPPLY

Some coal is being received by the coal yards of Decatur, but up to last night the fuel administrator had refused to issue coal orders for more than 500 pounds to a family.

The Decatur board of trade was receiving a large amount of wood on Thursday and Friday. At noon Friday all orders in the office of the board had been filled. Those desiring wood should notify the secretary, phone Decatur 148.

"During the next few days the farmers will, doubtless, bring in a quantity of cut and cord wood," W. E. Richards, president of the board, said, "and it is our opinion that every family should put in a reserve supply while it can be had. Wood will keep, and the cold days of February and March are yet ahead of us. The railroads are congested and Decatur need not expect more than a 50 per cent supply of coal."

The Decatur public schools will reopen Monday, January 28.

"People take a peculiar interest in scandal," "Yes," rejoined Miss Cayenne. "Everybody can tell you that Solomon had numerous wives, but very few can recite any of his wonderful proverbs."—Washington Star.



Howard & Foster fine shoes $8, $9, $10
a comfort to the feet—a delight to the eye

FOR quality, fit, style and wear, they are not excelled; in all the good leathers and lasts that men like and—we fit you—that's sure.

Army Boots and Shoes **Daniel Bros. Company** 45 to 49 Peachtree

Davison-Paxon-Stokes Company

Closing Out a Little Lot of Kid Gloves at .... 95c Pair

Only a small collection of these Gloves, but if your size is here you will be fortunate to share them.



Here are the kinds and sizes:
Black kid Gloves, sizes 5½ and 5¾.
Colored kid Gloves, sizes 5½, 5¾, 6.

New Chamoisette Gloves at $1.00.
They are in white with black or white stitching, also gray with gray or white stitching; $1.00 pair.
—First Floor.

All Goods bought today and thereafter will be charged on your February account, payable in March

Hosiery Specials for Women and Men

Women's Luxite silk-boot hose, full fashioned, in gray, white and black; 90c pair.

Women's bronze and gray lisle hose at 65c pair.

Men's Soft Wool socks, in gray and oxford, at 85c pair.

A new shipment of men's medium weight lisle hose has just come; the colors are navy, gray and black; 35c pair—three pairs for $1.00. —First Floor.

New Neckwear for You to Choose From Today

It is surprising how a bit of fresh, new neckwear relieves the sombreness of suit or gown, and we have a host of new and pleasing things to show you today. Collars of organdie and pique, net and lace jabots—all in the newest and most correct styles. Price 55c each.
—First Floor.

Knit Underwear News of Interest

Many customers are waiting for knit corset covers, long sleeves, medium weight. A shipment has just come and they are 90c each.

Women's ankle-length fleece-lined cotton union suits, of medium weight, have just come; price $1.50 suit.
—First Floor.

Buy Thrift Stamps--
Help Win the War

"Joan of Arc" Smocks, If You Please, for Girls and Misses

New and perfectly delightful garments they are, too. About eight styles to choose from. They are made of white ramie linen, prettily trimmed with colored linen, pink, green, blue or rose. Some are prettily embroidered in bright and pleasing colors. They have belt and pockets and some a bib effect. Charming for beach or sports wear. Sizes 14 to 18. Price $3.98. —Third Floor.

A Sale of Silk Petticoats at $3.98

Here are good Taffeta Petticoats of almost innumerable styles, in black and a host of color tones, whose regular prices are very much more, to be had today at $3.98. Some are of all taffeta, others have jersey top. All highly desirable.
—Third Floor.

Cunning Little Gingham Aprons at 69c and 79c

New aprons for little tots have just come. They are of ginghams, pink and blue checks; also plain color chambray, and as cunning as can be, and are priced at 69c and 79c each.
—Third Floor.

New Silk-Frill Petticoats At $2.49



A very small price, too, for petticoats of such good value and style. The top is of good sateen or heatherbloom, and the ruffles of taffeta silk. Any number of bright, pleasing color tones. They will not tarry long in stock at $2.49.
—Third Floor.

Economize! Anticipate the First Price-Increase on Famous Nemo Wonderlift Corsets

Which Goes Into Effect on
MONDAY, FEBRUARY 4
All $5.00 Models Will Then Be $6.00
On the Same Date a Slight Advance, also, on
Nemo Self-Reducing Corsets
Nos. 402, 403 and 405
Now $4.50--will then be $6.00
Buy Now and Save the Difference in Price!

Children's New Tub Dresses of Decided Charm
79c, $1.00, $1.25

Tub dresses for little tots have never been so cunning and delightful. There is a newness of styles, of color tones, of fabrics, of trimming effects, all truly charming. Here is a host of pretty frocks for little tots, 2 to 6-year sizes, in such lovely materials, in fresh blues, pinks, greens and maize. The prices are equally attractive—79c, $1.00 and $1.25.
—Third Floor.

THE CONSTITUTION

ESTABLISHED 1868.
THE STANDARD SOUTHERN NEWSPAPER

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SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
By Mail in the United States and Mexico.
(Payable invariably in advance.)

	1 Wk.	1 Mo.	3 Mos.	6 Mos.	12 Mos.
Daily & Sunday	.15	.65	$1.95	$3.75	$7.50
Daily only	.12	.55	1.50	3.00	6.00
Sunday	.05	.25	.70	1.35	2.50

By Carriers.
City and country, 15 cents per week, or 65 cents per month.

J. R. HOLLIDAY, Constitution Building, sole Advertising Manager for all territory outside Atlanta.

The Constitution's Washington office is at 818 Riggs Building. Mr. J. A. Hollomon, correspondent.

THE CONSTITUTION is on sale in New York city by 2 p. m. the day after issue. It can be had: Hotaling's Newsstands, Broadway and Forty-second street (Times building corner), Thirty-eighth street and Broadway, and Twenty-ninth street and Broadway.

The Constitution is not responsible for advance payments to out-of-town local carriers, dealers or agents.

Member of the Associated Press.
The Associated Press is exclusively entitled to the use for publication of all news dispatches credited to it or not otherwise credited in this paper and also the local news published herein.

HURRY IT THROUGH.

City council at its special meeting Thursday received the budget report from the finance committee and took it under consideration.

Many amendments to the report were offered, and all were referred, with the report, back to the finance committee; and the council, acting in evident good faith in an effort to be as expeditious as possible, then adjourned to meet again next Monday afternoon, to act on the amended budget. The finance committee is to be commended for its prompt action yesterday afternoon in including in the finance sheet the very important amendments that had been suggested.

After all, this delay of only from Thursday until Monday will be immaterial if council acts Monday!

If, however, no definite, final action is taken Monday, and if this is only a forerunner of a series of postponements and delays, the consequences will be serious.

It is to be hoped, therefore, that council will take the bull by the horns and give us action at its Monday's meeting.

The amended finance sheet carries an increase of less than $50,000 over the amount of the budget as first reported. The amendments make provision for additional improvements on the waterworks, streets, parks, and other items that were eliminated by the finance committee on the ground of shortness of income.

What is $50,000 to a great city like Atlanta! Especially in the light of the fact that the city is now even with its current obligations, and more especially since every dollar of the proposed increase is to go, not only to worthy improvements, but in most instances to provide for actual necessities.

The finance committee was abundantly justified in adopting the amendments, and the city will be better off if council promptly ratifies the action of its committee.

So wind the budget up! Put it through without further loss of valuable time, so that every department can know where it stands, and so that the work provided for can be immediately got under way.

JUSTICE FOR SHORT LINES.

The position taken by the short line railroads with reference to their suggested release from federal control, as it is expressed in a Washington dispatch in this issue of The Constitution, is one of appealing force.

At the outset the federal government took over control of all of the railroads of the country on the basis of a compensation guarantee that safeguarded all of the roads against the possibility of loss.

Recently, however, it has been suggested that the government turn back to their owners the control of all of the short lines—the small, independent railroads serving each its respective limited territory—leaving only the important trunk lines under federal control and protection.

That would, on the very face of it, be unfair to the "little fellows." For many of them undoubtedly it would mean bankruptcy. As the news dispatch in question points out, the short lines thus turned back and put upon their own resources would have to struggle as best they could to meet constantly rising prices of labor, materials and maintenance and running expenses generally; and their ability to do this would be materially curtailed by reason of the fact that a large percentage of their business is competitive with trunk lines, which will remain under federal control and naturally be given preference in the routing of traffic.

The short lines should, by no means, be lost in the railroad shuffle. The government cannot afford to act in a discriminatory manner toward them. It must treat all of the carrier lines alike: Either turn them all back or turn none of them back.

Very probably the apprehension the short line owners feel is based upon nothing more than mere rumor; and certainly if the proposition gets to the attention of the government authorities in its true and proper light nothing more will come of it; for everybody knows that this government wants to be, first, last and always, square in all of its policies and dealings.

THE HUN SHOWS HIS HAND.

When, at the Brest-Litovsk peace conference the other day, General Hoffman, as spokesman for the German delegates, in theatric fashion, strode to the map of Europe and traced thereon the boundary line between Russia and Germany as the latter, he said, will insist it shall be, he revealed with point and arrogance the hand of the Hun.

From the shores of the Gulf of Finland eastward to the Moon Sound islands, thence to the west of Minsk, thence to Brest-Litovsk—thus, declared Hoffman, must the line run!

That would leave the Huns in possession of a large domain of some of Russia's richest territory; vast reaches of some of its choicest agricultural lands, some of its most prosperous cities, some of its finest harbors and most valuable fishing grounds. It would be a part of the fruits of the war which Germany has insisted from the first has been a war solely of defense and under no consideration one of conquest or for territorial aggrandizement!

It is not surprising that even the Bolsheviki conferees were "amazed at the audacity of the German program" and refused to go on with the parley until they had time to more fully consider the Hun's demand. That "audacity" was heightened by Hoffman's added threat that a failure to acquiesce in it would mean the renewal of Prussian aggression and in the end cost Russia even more of its domain!

What the Bolsheviki leaders finally decide to do about it will be watched with interest; and, in light of their freakish performances in the past, to speculate upon it would be a waste of time. But certainly, if they want freedom and are struggling for world democracy, they can do nothing else than treat with scorn such a brazen attempt by the kaiser to further expand the scope of his autocratic dominance.

STRANGE, IF TRUE.

The report that fourteen spies have been shot "by direction of the military authorities of the United States since the beginning of the war" sounds rather fishy.

No doubt there are fourteen, and perhaps several times fourteen, spies in this country who ought to be shot; but it seems hardly probable that the United States government would shoot them, or even one of them, without letting the fact be known.

The object sought in the execution of a spy, or any other criminal punishable under the law by death, is mainly to hold up an example before others criminally inclined and show them what they may expect if they commit similar crime. The mere removal of the individual criminal is a matter of secondary importance.

But C. S. Thompson, chairman of the press committee of the American Defense society, a man who should know what he is talking about before he talks, is quoted as having declared that his society had been informed of the alleged fourteen executions.

If Mr. Thompson was correctly quoted, and if his society was correctly informed, there is something strange about the policy of censorship that kept the news from the public in America—especially from the alien enemies here.

The public is entitled to either a confirmation or a denial of the statement.

SERVICE MEN'S INSURANCE.

The treasury department has issued a statement that insurance amounting to almost $4,000,000,000 has already been applied for under the provisions of the military and naval insurance act, but that this great total is only a beginning—in other words, that there are still many thousands of our soldiers and sailors who have not yet availed themselves of the privileges conferred by this unique and splendid law.

Secretary McAdoo has said of this plan for safeguarding America's service men and their families that it is "the most just and humane provision ever made by any nation for its soldiers."

Under this act every soldier and sailor is automatically given partial and limited protection, payable only to his wife, child, or widowed mother; but that provision expires on February 12, 1918. Therefore, it is important, not alone to the country's fighting men, but to their families and dependents as well, that before that date they take advantage of the full protection placed at their disposal by the government.

This insurance can run as high as $10,000, and is payable to a wife, child, grandchild, parent, brother or sister. In case of the death of a soldier or sailor insured for the full amount, or $10,000, his beneficiary will receive from the government $57.50 per month for 240 months, or a total of $13,800. In other words, the government will pay $5.75 per month per $1,000 of insurance for 240 months, or twenty years. The insurance holds good so long as the insured man remains in the service, after which he is given an opportunity to convert it into another form of insurance, so that what he pays in premiums in the meantime need not be lost.

Furthermore, the law provides for the re-education and rehabilitation of, and monthly compensation for, men who may be totally disabled.

Secretary McAdoo's characterization of this plan is in no sense an exaggeration; and it should be given thoughtful consideration by every man in, or about to enter, the service, and by his relatives and others who have his welfare at heart.

IN THE CHURCHES

FIRST BAPTIST.

The musical program at the First Baptist church Sunday will be as follows:

Morning—Prelude, "Te Deum," Shelley. "Angel Voices From the Sky" (Matthews), Solon Drukenmiller. Postlude.

Evening—Prelude, "Thou Lamb of God," Wagner. "I Lay My Sins on Jesus," Schumann. Postlude.

Choir: Mrs. O. D. Culpepper, soprano; Mrs. James H. Whitten, contralto; Solon Drukenmiller, tenor; Preston H. Epps, baritone; J. P. O'Donnelly, organist and director.

SECOND BAPTIST.

Rev. Henry Alford Porter, pastor of the Second Baptist church, will preach Sunday morning at 11 o'clock and in the evening at 7:30 o'clock. He will deliver the third sermon of the series on "Watch-Words of the War," the subject being "They Shall Not Pass." Bible school at 9:30 a. m. Junior B. Y. P. U. at 3 o'clock. Senior B. Y. P. U. at 6:30 o'clock.

The Second Baptist church musical program follows:

11:00 A. M.—Prelude, "Morning Song," Rogers. Anthem, "Come, Holy Spirit," Gounod. Offertory, solo, "O Divine Redeemer" (Gounod), Mrs. Beiter. Postlude, "March," Guilmant.

7:30 P. M.—Prelude, "Intermezzo," Warren. Anthem, "Onward, Christian Soldiers," Jude. Offertory, solo, "Crossing the Bar" (Cowles), Mr. Hoffman. Postlude, "March," Verdi. Mrs. W. H. L. Nelms, organist and director.

PONCE-DE LEON BAPTIST.

Dr. M. Ashby Jones, pastor of the Ponce de Leon Baptist church, will preach both services Sunday, his subjects being "The Prodigal and His Elder Brother," at 11 a. m.; "Preparation for the Coming of Christ," at 7:45 p. m. Evening services will be held regularly from now on.

Morning—Organ prelude, "First Movement" (Sonata No. 1), Mendelssohn. Anthem, "I Am Alpha," Stainer. Offertory solo, "More Love to Thee, O Christ" (Lillian Taitt Sheldon), Miss Rosa C. Powell. Organ postlude, "Finale," Sonata No. 1, Mendelssohn.

Evening—Organ prelude, "Intermezzo," Dethier. Anthem, "The Lord Is Exalted," West. Offertory, duet, "The Lord Is My Light" (Buck), Miss Powell and Mr. Mullin. Organ postlude, "Impromptu," W. P. S.

The choir: Mrs. William E. Dow, soprano; Miss Rosa C. Powell, contralto; Howard Davis, tenor; John H. Mullin, bass; Walter Peck Stanley, organist and choirmaster.

WEST END BAPTIST.

Dr. John F. Purser, pastor of West End Baptist church, will preach Sunday at 11 o'clock on "The Joy of Self-Sacrifice;" 7:30 p. m., "A Helping Hand and a Word of Cheer."

CENTRAL BAPTIST.

There was a marked increase in interest at all the services of Central Baptist church last Sunday, with additions at every service. Dr. Ridley will speak at both services Sunday, also address the co-workers' Bible class at 10 o'clock. A splendid meeting of workers was held on Wednesday evening. Good singing, special solos and a quartet all help to make the services enjoyable.

FIRST PRESBYTERIAN.

"Drinking of Christ's Cup" is Dr. J. Sprole Lyons' subject at 11 o'clock Sunday morning at the First Presbyterian church. The First church for two months has been contributing its Sunday night services to the soldiers at Camp Gordon. Dr. Lyons and the choir go to one of the Y. M. C. A. buildings each Sunday evening. The plan will continue through the winter. The Berean Bible class, of which Charles F. Stone is president, meets at 10 o'clock Sunday morning. The class is an enthusiastic body of men, who take a keen interests in the study of the Bible, and in various helpful activities. Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock Dr. Lyons will deliver the fourth of the series of lectures on "Modern Church History," the subject being "What Is Calvinism?"

The musical program follows:

Morning—Prelude, Mrs. Charles Chalmers. Hymn, "Safely Through Another Week." Violin solo, Miss Genevieve Voorhees. Hymn, "Jesus, I My Cross Have Taken." Offertory, solo, "A Prayer for Faith" (Bartlett), violin obligato, Mrs. Will Chears. Hymn, "Must Jesus Bear the Cross Alone?" Postlude.

CENTRAL PRESBYTERIAN.

Dr. W. R. Dobyns, religious director in Y. M. C. A. work at Camp Gordon, will preach at the Central Presbyterian church on Sunday morning at 11 o'clock. Dr. Dobyns is the well-known pastor of the First Presbyterian church in St. Joseph, Mo. The Billy Sunday Business Men's club will have charge of the afternoon service. All persons who are interested in carrying forward the work of the Sunday campaign are invited to help make this service a success.

DRUID HILLS PRESBYTERIAN.

At 11 a. m. Rev. D. M. McIver will speak on "Raymond; or Life and Death," by Sir Oliver Lodge, and what the Bible says about the same subject, "A Study of Communication With Other Worlds by Familiar Spirits." At 7:30 p. m., "The Secret and Revealed Things."

HARRIS STREET PRESBYTERIAN.

Rev. John D. Lindsay, of Shippensburg, Pa., at present Presbyterian camp pastor at Camp Gordon, will preach Sunday at 11 a. m. at the Harris Street Presbyterian church. Presbyterian soldiers at Camp Gordon and Fort McPherson are especially invited to hear him. The pastor, Rev. Jere A. Moore, will preach at 7:45 p. m.

PRYOR STREET PRESBYTERIAN.

Rev. J. Edwin Hemphill, the pastor of the Pryor Street Presbyterian church, will preach at both of the Sunday services. "Christ's Estimate of Greatness" will be the subject of the 11 o'clock sermon. At 7:30 o'clock there will be a special musical program led by orchestra and large chorus choir, with Charles T. Brown, director, and Miss Lucile McNair, pianist. The musical program will be followed by an evangelistic sermon upon the subject, "Without Excuse." The session will meet at 9:45 a. m. and again at the close of the evening service for the reception of members. Bible school at 9:30 a. m., W. H. Wright, superintendent. Christian Endeavor at 6:30 p. m.

WEST END PRESBYTERIAN.

The pastor, Rev. R. F. Kirkpatrick, will preach at 11 o'clock on "The Tragedy of the Unprepared," and at 5 o'clock he will preach on the "Third Temptation of Christ—The Kingdoms of the World." Christian Endeavor, 6:15 p. m.

GORDON STREET PRESBYTERIAN.

The congregation of the Gordon Street Presbyterian church will have the pleasure of hearing Rev. Robert M. Stimson, of Danville, Va., on Sunday at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Rev. Mr. Stimson has been called to the pastorate of this church, but has not yet indicated whether he will accept. Those who know Mr. Stimson are unanimous in their declaration that he is a minister of unusual ability, and the church will do well to be able to secure his services. All members and friends are urged to come and hear him. Sabbath school at 9:30 a. m., with special class for men.

EAST POINT PRESBYTERIAN.

Dr. Holderby's sermon Sunday morning at East Point Presbyterian church. Christian Endeavor at 7:30 p. m.

OAKLAND CITY PRESBYTERIAN.

The quarterly conference will be held next Sunday at 2:30 o'clock. Dr. LaPrade will preach at 11 a. m. At 7:30 p. m. the pastor will preach on the subject, "Christ's Law of Non-Resistance." Rev. T. Wesley Darrell, pastor.

ASSOCIATE REFORMED.

At the Associate Reformed Presbyterian church Rev. S. W. Reid, pastor, the Sunday services will be conducted by the pastor, morning and evening. The topics will be "Anna, the Prophetess" and "The Poor in Spirit." Sunday school at 10 a. m. and the Young People's Christian union at 7 p. m.

PONCE DE LEON METHODIST.

At the Ponce de Leon Avenue Methodist Episcopal church, James H. Elder, pastor, Bishop Charles Bayard Mitchell, D. D., LL. D., who was unable to preach last Sunday, will preach at 11 a. m. The Sunday school will meet at 9:45. C. A. Titus, superintendent. There will be no evening service on account of fuel shortage.

ENGLISH LUTHERAN.

Rev. W. C. Schaeffer, Jr., pastor of the Lutheran Church of the Redeemer, will preach on Sunday morning on "Co-Laborers With God," and in the evening at 7:30 o'clock, on "The Clean Opposite." The Bible school meets at 9:45 a. m.

UNITARIAN.

"The Quest of the Eternal" will be the topic of a sermon by Rev. Walter Samuel Swisher, acting pastor of the Unitarian church, 301 West Peachtree street, tomorrow morning at 11 o'clock. Specially good music will be offered.

FIRST CHRISTIAN.

"Where Are the Dead?" will be the subject of Dr. L. O. Bricker's sermon at the First Christian church Sunday morning at 11 o'clock. "Thrice-Born Men" will be the subject of the evening sermon at 7:45 o'clock. Bible school at 9:30 a. m. "Open House" for soldiers 6 to 7:30 p. m.

WEST END CHRISTIAN.

Mr. E. H. Hutchison will preach at both services at the West End Christian church tomorrow. The subject for the morning service at 11 o'clock will be "Put Out Into the Deep and Let Down Their Nets." For the evening service, at 8 o'clock, the subject will be "The Sign of Christ's Kingdom; or Is Christianity Failing?" Sunday school at 9:45 a. m., and Christian Endeavor prayer meeting at 6:45 p. m.

ST. LUKE'S EPISCOPAL.

At St. Luke's church at 11 o'clock Sunday morning the sermon will be by Bishop Remington, who is chaplain of the Hospital Unit No. 26 at Fort McPherson. At 7:30 o'clock in the evening Dr. C. B. Wilmer will preach on "Liberty and Freedom, a Lesson for Modern Times From One of the Old Testament Books of the Apocrypha."

UNION TABERNACLE.

Dr. Blosser will preach at the Union Tabernacle, McDaniel and Hightower streets, Sunday at 11 a. m., on the theme, "The Coming Kingdom of Peace and Good Will on Earth." Night services will be discontinued until March 3. Sunday school at 9:45 a. m.

PENTECOSTAL HOLINESS.

Revival services will continue at the Pentecostal Holiness church, Kelley and Fair streets, Sunday and through the week. Two services daily, 2:30 p. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday services 11 a. m., 2:30 p. m. and 7:30 p. m. The services have been well attended and conversions reported. Evangelists Black and Garr, of Los Angeles, are in charge. Everybody is welcome.

A second training camp will be held at Porto Rico, starting February 1. The attendance of 400 will be selected from citizens and residents of Porto Rico.

"OVER THE TOP"

By Sergeant Arthur Guy Empey

(Continued From Yesterday.)

CHAPTER XXII.

Punishments and Machine-Gun Stunts.

Soon after my arrival in France, in fact from my enlistment, I had found that in the British army discipline is very strict. One has to be very careful in order to stay on the narrow path of government virtue.

There are about seven million ways of breaking the king's regulations; to keep one you have to break another.

The worst punishment is death by a firing squad or "up against the wall," as Tommy calls it.

This is for desertion, cowardice, mutiny, giving information to the enemy, destroying or willfully wasting ammunition, looting, rape, robbing the dead, forcing a safeguard, striking a superior, etc.

Then comes the punishment of sixty-four days in the front line trench without relief. During this time you have to engage in all raids, working parties in No Man's Land, and every hazardous undertaking that comes along. If you live through the sixty-four days you are indeed lucky.

This punishment is awarded where there is a doubt as the willful guilt of a man who has committed an offense punishable by death.

Then comes the famous Field Punishment No. 1. Tommy has nicknamed it "crucifixion." It means that a man is spread-eagled on a limber wheel two hours a day for twenty-one days. During this time he only gets water, bully beef, and biscuits for his chow. You get "crucified" for repeated minor offenses.

Next in order is Field Punishment No. 2. This is confinement in the "Clink," without blankets, getting water, bully beef and biscuits for rations and doing all the dirty work that can be found. This may be for twenty-four hours or twenty days, according to the gravity of the offense.

Then comes "Pack Drill" or Defaulters' Parade. This consists of drilling, mostly at the double, for two hours with full equipment. Tommy hates this, because it is hard work. Sometimes he fills his pack with straw to lighten it, and sometimes he gets caught. If he gets caught, he grouses at everything in general for twenty-one days, from the vantage point of a limber wheel.

Next comes "C. B.," meaning "Confined to Barracks." This consists of staying in billets or barracks for twenty-four hours to seven days. You also get an occasional Defaulters' Parade and dirty jobs around the quarters.

The Sergeant Major keeps what is known as the Crime Sheet. When a man commits an offense, he is "Crimed," that is, his name, number and offense is entered on the Crime Sheet. Next day at 9 a. m. he goes to the "Orderly Room" before the Captain, who either punishes him with "C. B." or sends him before the O. C. (Officer Commanding Battalion). The Captain of the Company can only award "C. B."

Tommy many a time has thanked the King for making that provision in his regulations.

To gain the title of a "smart soldier," Tommy has to keep clear of the Crime Sheet, and you have to be darned smart to do it.

I have been on it a few times, mostly for "Yankee impudence."

During our stay of two weeks in rest billets our Captain put us through a course of machine-gun drills, trying out new stunts and theories.

After parades were over, our guns' crews got together and also tried out some theories of their own in reference to handling guns. These courses had nothing to do with the advancement of the war, consisted mostly of causing tricky jams in the gun, and then the rest of the crew would endeavor to locate as quickly as possible the cause of the stoppage. This amused them for a few days and then things came to a standstill.

One of the boys on my gun claimed that he could play a tune while the gun was actually firing, and demonstrated this fact one day on the target range. We were very enthusiastic and decided to become musicians.

After constant practice I became quite expert in the tune entitled "All Conductors Have Big Feet."

When I had mastered this tune, our two weeks' rest came to an end, and once again we went up the line and took over the sector in front of G—— Wood.

At this point the German trenches ran around the base of a hill, on the top of which was a dense wood. This wood was infested with machine guns, which used to traverse our lines at will, and sweep the streets of a little village, where we were billeted while in reserve.

There was one gun in particular which used to get our goats, it had the exact range of our "elephant" dugout entrance, and every evening, about the time rations were being brought up, its bullets would knock up the dust on the road; more than one Tommy went west or to Blighty by running into them.

This gun got our nerves on edge, and Fritz seemed to know it, because he never gave us an hour's rest. Our reputation as machine gunners was at stake; we tried various ruses to locate and put this gun out of action, but each one proved to be a failure, and Fritz became a worse nuisance than ever. He was getting fresher and more careless every day, took all kinds of liberties with us, thought he was invincible.

Then one of our crew got a brilliant idea and we were all enthusiastic to put it to the test.

Here was his scheme:

When firing my gun, I was to play my tune, and Fritz, no doubt, would fall for it, try to imitate me as an added insult. This gunner and two others would try, by the sound, to locate Fritz and his gun. After having got the location, they would mount two machine guns in trees, in a little clump of woods, to the left of our cemetery, and while Fritz was in the middle of his lesson, would open up and trust to luck. By our calculations it would take at least a week to pull off the stunt.

If Fritz refused to swallow our bait, it would be impossible to locate his special gun, and that's the one we were after, because they all sound alike, a slow pup-pup-pup.

Our prestige was hanging by a thread. In the battalion we had to endure all kinds of insults and fresh remarks as to our ability in silencing Fritz. Even to the battalion that German gun was a sore spot.

Next day, Fritz opened up as usual. I let him fire away for a while and then butted in with my "pup-pup-pup-pup-pup-pup." I kept this up quite a while, using two belts of ammunition. Fritz had stopped firing to listen. Then he started in; sure enough, he had fallen for our game, his gun was trying to imitate mine, but, at first, he made a horrible mess of that tune. Again I butted in with a few bars and stopped. Then he tried to copy what I had played. He was a good sport all right, because his bullets were going away over our heads, must have been firing into the air. I commenced to feel friendly toward him.

This duet went on for five days. Fritz was a good pupil and learned rapidly, in fact, got better than his teacher. I commenced to feel jealous. When he had completely mastered the tune, he started sweeping the road again and we clicked it worse than ever. But he signed his death warrant by doing so, because my friendship turned to hate. Every time he fired he played that tune and we danced.

The boys in the battalion gave us the "Ha! Ha!" They weren't in on our little frame-up.

The originator of the ruse and the other two gunners had Fritz's location taped to the minute; they mounted their two guns, and also gave me the range. The next afternoon was set for the grand finale.

Our three guns, with different elevations, had their fire so arranged that, opening up together, their bullets would suddenly drop on Fritz like a hailstorm.

About three the next day, Fritz started "pup-pupping" that tune. I blew a sharp blast on a whistle, it was the signal agreed upon; we turned loose and Fritz's gun suddenly stopped in the middle of a bar. We had cooked his goose, and our ruse had worked. After firing two belts each, to make sure of our job, we hurriedly dismounted our guns and took cover in the dugout. We knew what to expect soon. We didn't have to wait long, three salvos of "whizz-bangs" came over from Fritz's artillery, a further confirmation that we had sent that musical machine gunner on his westward bound journey.

That gun never bothered us again. We were the heroes of the battalion, our captain congratulated us, said it was a neat piece of work, and, consequently, we were all puffed up over the stunt.

There are several ways Tommy uses to disguise the location of his machine gun and get his range. Some of the most commonly used stunts are as follows:

At night, when he mounts his gun over the top of his trench and wants to get the range of Fritz's trench he adopts the meethod of what he terms "getting the sparks." This consists of firing bursts from his gun until the bullets hit the German barbed wire. He can tell when they are cutting the wire, because a bullet when it hits a wire throws out a blue electric spark. Machinegun fire is very damaging to wire and causes many a wiring party to go out at night when it is quiet to repair the damage.

To disguise the flare of his gun at night when firing, Tommy uses what is called a flare protector. This is a stove-pipe arrangement which fits over the barrel casing of the gun and screens the sparks from the right and left, but not from the front. So Tommy, always resourceful, adopts this scheme. About three feet or less in front of the gun he drives two stakes into the ground, about five feet apart. Across these stakes he stretches a curtain made out of empty sandbags ripped open. He soaks this curtain in water and fires through it. The water prevents it catching fire and effectively screens the flare of the firing gun from the enemy.

Sound is a valuable asset in locating a machine gun, but Tommy surmounts this obstacle by placing two machine guns about one hundred to one hundred fifty yards apart. The gun on the right to cover with its fire the sector of the left gun and the gun on the left to cover that of the right gun. This makes their fire cross; they are fired simultaneously.

By this method it sounds like one gun firing and gives the Germans the impression that the gun is firing from a point midway between the guns which are actually firing, and they accordingly shell that particular spot. The machine gunners chuckle and say, "Fritz is a brainy boy, not 'alf he ain't."

But the men in our lines at the spot being shelled curse Fritz for his ignorance and pass a few pert remarks down the line in reference to the machine gunners' being "windy" and afraid to take their medicine.

(Continued Tomorrow.)

Thinks Short Lines Should Be Protected

By James A. Hollomon.

Washington, January 25.—(Special.)—A representative of one of the prosperous short lines of southwest Georgia gives the following views with reference to statement from Mr. McAdoo in regard to turning back short-line properties to their owners and eliminating them from government control:

"The short lines of this section have been large developers of territory, which the trunk lines have not taken over. Their stock and bonds are owned locally and a great many people of this section have all their available capital invested in them. They are satisfied with the president's proclamation taking them over, also with the remuneration suggested by the president. They view with alarm Mr. McAdoo's statement that the short lines will be turned back to their owners from the fact that labor and material are constantly increasing. A large percentage of their business is competitive with trunk lines, which will be under government control.

"It has been stated that routing will not be protected. In such event, with cost of operation increasing and diminishing revenue, there can be but one result: Bankruptcy. The territory and people which these roads serve will be affected very greatly, development will cease, and the country they serve will go backward.

"The short lines are not unpatriotic. They are willing to assume any burden thrown on them by the war, and do their best; but they do not think it is the intention of the government to inflict the damage mentioned above upon these properties and territory they serve. They should be either taken over as mentioned in the president's proclamation or arrangements should be made by the director general so that they can solicit business and their routing will be observed by government-controlled trunk lines."

HEALTH TALKS

BY WILLIAM BRADY, M.D.

MISTAKEN NOTIONS ABOUT THE X-RAY.

A very frequent inquiry coming to this department of distress runs something like this:

"I have been troubled for quite a while with stomach and bowel trouble. I have tried numerous remedies recommended by friends without success. Would you advise me to have an X-ray picture taken? Please tell me where to have it done."

An X-ray picture is often a great aid in arriving at a diagnosis. But the picture itself practically never makes the diagnosis. And the opinion of the technician who makes the picture is seldom of any diagnostic value; his service is to make the picture and then make an expert interpretation of the vague lights and shadows that show on the plate. A good X-ray technician generally has little diagnostic skill.

An X-ray picture is of no value unless interpreted by the man who made it, and considered in conjunction with the information obtained by the patient's physician through ordinary clinical observation and examination.

Some of our correspondents even mail in X-ray films, and ask us to advise treatment. We wish we might help these readers, but a picture is about as useless as a diagnosis-blank in arriving at an honest diagnosis. The expert who makes the pictures must interpret them for the expert who knows the history and character of the patient's trouble. You can't get away from the old family doctor, even with the best of pictures.

The X-ray is like specialism in that respect. People who imagine a specialist is a more skilful or a better trained man than an ordinary doctor deceive themselves. A specialist must work with and through the patient's ordinary family medical attendant, in order to accomplish good results.

The X-ray is of no value at all in the diagnosis of the majority of diseases. There are all kinds of ailments which make no impression whatever on the plate.

On the other hand, there are thousands of unhappy adventureres who have jumped into an X-ray picture and learned that the stomach or kidney or somethng isn't just where they supposed it should be, and become miserable worrying over a fancied displacement—just because the X-ray technician happened to be a little short on anatomy or physiology.

No, don't have an X-ray picture made unless your doctor feels that it is necessary.

QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS.

Draft on the Head.

1. Does it do any harm to sleep, the year round, near a window open a foot from the bottom, with the head right close to the open window? I have done it for a year and a half and have never experienced any noticeable harm. It is the only window in the room. 2. How much studying do you consider it advisable, from the health point of view, for a boy or girl fifteen years of age to do out of school hours?

ANSWER—1. In my opinion, no harm. In the opinion of any mollycoddle, you must have been dead for a year now. 2. A boy or girl should play, read, find wholesome amusement or useful work to do, and leave the studying to school hours. The student will be better off physically and mentally without evening study while in high school.

Strange Effect of Uric Acid.

I am troubled with uric acid poisoning and acid stomach. My rings and neckchain turn black in contact with my skin, and I have a rash on my hands. My physician advises me to eat no red meats, no acid fruits, no eggs, and to take cream of tartar and salts. Kindly give me your opinion. (M. E. T.)

ANSWER—Our opinion is that your physician ought to invest in a few modern medical textbooks and perhaps subscribe to a few medical journals. The rash on your hands we can't explain without seeing the rash. But the blackening of the jewelry has nothing to do with uric acid, nor has red meat more than any other shade of meat, and acid fruits render the blood rather more alkaline, and the urine less acid, and tartar and salts produce but one effect—catharsis and diuresis (increased secretion of urine). The uric acid myth passed out several years ago.

Dr. Brady will answer all signed letters pertaining to health. Writers' names are never printed. Only inquiries of general interest are answered in this column, but all letters will be answered by mail if written in ink and a stamped, self-addressed envelope is inclosed. Requests for diagnosis or treatment of individual cases cannot be considered. Address Dr. William Brady, in care of The Constitution.

Daredevils of War

By HENRY JAMES BUXTON

BRINGING DOWN A ZEP

The exploding of shells and the barking of anti-aircraft guns mean but one thing in London—a German aerial raid.

On this particular night a Zeppelin was stealing on to London, using the river Thames as a guide. The Huns in the big aircraft were congratulating themselves that soon they would be blowing up a few more English women and children, when suddenly the blackness of the night was pierced by a searchlight, which brought out the invading Zeppelin in bold relief.

That scared the German commander, and in order to lighten his craft he let loose some of the bombs which he was holding for his plan of wholesale murder in the center of London.

But as the bombs fell a shell from an anti-aircraft gun exploded near the Zeppelin; a fragment of the shell ripped a hole in the fabric of the great gas bag, causing a large quantity of gas to escape. Another English shell smashed one of the propellers of the German aerial murder-craft.

It would seem right here that the Zeppelin was doomed, but the Hun in charge was a man of great cunning. He managed to elude the searchlights, and would have probably escaped to his aerodrome in Germany had not Lieutenant A. de Bath Brandon, a young New Zealander, taken a hand in the proceedings.

Brandon had not the slightest experience in air battling. Until a few days before he had never rode an airplane in his life, but he did not hesitate when he felt the call of service.

"I am going to bring down that blooming Hun balloon if it costs me my life," he said to a brother officer just before he made the ascent.

Then he pressed a lever and shot upward; when he had reached an altitude of 2,500 feet he spotted the Zeppelin, and swooped to a position right over the big aircraft.

On top of the envelope were several Huns with machine guns and they rained bullets at the English aeroplane.

"I'll soon fix you," muttered Brandon through gritted teeth as he mounted another five hundred feet, and swung into position right over the big gasbag. Right then and there the Englishman turned loose several bombs, one of which hit the mark, ripping a gaping hole in the gasbag of the enemy.

The Zeppelin floated a flaming wreck seaward. She landed near the Knock lightship, where she was discovered by the steam trawler Olvine, in command of Lieutenant Commander W. R. McIntosh.

The crew of the Zeppelin surrendered. For his courage and fine determination Lieutenant Brandon received the D. S. O.

DIVERSION OF COAL RULES ANNOUNCED

Instruction to Local Fuel Administrators Are Given by Dr. L. G. Hardman. Food Stores Close at Noon

Dr. L. G. Hardman, state fuel administrator, issued orders Friday prescribing the powers of local fuel administrators in diverting coal and the conditions under which these powers may be exercised.

The order is as follows:

"In view of confusion arising from unauthorized diversions please see that following regulations are strictly observed:

First: Coal consigned to or intended for destination outside the state should not be diverted unless approval has first been obtained from Washington.

"Second: Chairman of local committees should be permitted to divert coal only within their own communities. No local chairman should be permitted to divert coal intended for another community until approval has first been obtained from the state fuel administrator.

"Third: In general, coal should not be diverted from one preferred consumers to another, specified in section one in the regulations of January 17, except in emergency to relieve human suffering or when original consignee is already amply supplied.

"Fourth: Coal consigned for use in by-product coke ovens should not be diverted except in emergency to relieve human suffering.

"Fifth: Until further order coal consigned to tidewater should not be diverted unless approval has first been obtained from Washington.

"Sixth: Official ordering diversion should first make appropriate arrangements to insure payment for coal by person receiving it; transaction should be either for cash or its equivalent, sent when diversion is made. Notify shippers and original consignee, giving number of car made and size of coal and name of person to whom coal is actually delivered. Also complete record of transaction should be kept by state administrator.

L. G. HARDMAN,
"State Fuel Administrator."

Food Stores Close at Noon.

After a conference between Dr. Hardman and Dr. A. M. Soule, state food administrator, it was announced Friday that the ruling as to food commodity dealers staying open on Mondays has been changed so that all such dealers will be required to close at noon.

The order is as follows:

It is agreed by the food and fuel administrations, said Dr. Soule's announcement, that all wholesale and retail stores dealing in foods should close at noon on each Monday from January 28 to March 25, inclusive, from patriotic motives; except where such closing will interfere with the adequate distribution of food for immediate needs of a community. The necessity is to be determined by the local food administration, who shall in each case notify the fuel administration.

Attention is also called to the ruling that where stores handle commodities other than food commodities, that these stores are to remain open until noon on the Mondays above named only for the sale of food, and in no event should they sell other than food commodities on such days.

Under the Thursday order of Dr. Hardman, asking that no mills operate with hydro-electric or water power on Mondays, it was announced Friday that M. D. & H. L. Smith, of Atlanta, are exempted, this concern having a contract to manufacture tents for the government.

Will Make Up Lost Time.

In connection with the closing of mills, state commissioner of commerce and labor has received a number of replies from textile mills, to his recent order permitting textile mills to make up lost time, stating that they will take advantage of this order for the benefit of their employees, and that they will not undertake to make up the lost time until spring when fuel will not be needed in the quantities now used.

Dr. Hardman stated Friday that he takes the recent order from Dr. Garfield as to mills hydro-electrically operated to mean that the mills must close down Mondays during the closing period, whether they use fuel for power or not.

Dr. Hardman has a large force of clerks at work in Commerce, he said, handling the business of the coal administration there. All inquiries as to rulings and requests for other information in connection with the fuel administration should be directed to him at Commerce, he stated.

Dr. Hardman expects to have his fuel traffic committee for the state in operation in Atlanta by Monday.

Situation About Same.

Locally, the coal situation remains about the same as it has been for the last several days, with the exception that the coal bureau will make no deliveries of lump coal before Monday.

Though there is some lump coal in the railroads yards, the coal yards have been short on lump for several days, the railroads being unable to place cars on account of weather conditions and congestion of freight. The bureau expects to have lump coal in the coal yards for delivery by Monday.

The coal yards have plenty of run-of-mine coal for delivery to domestic consumers, and announcement was made Friday that efforts will be made Saturday to take care of churches.

TICKETS MUST SHOW PAYMENT OF WAR TAX

A ruling has just been made by the internal revenue department of the United States that affects all theaters and motion picture houses in that it sets forth that no person shall be admitted into any place to which admission is charged unless the ticket, card or pass by which he is admitted bears evidence that the tax due in respect to the admission covered by it has been paid.

This ruling will give theater ticket agents a great deal of extra work in stamping tickets to show that the war tax has been paid. Revenue Collector Blalock dictated a letter Friday to all theatrical and motion picture house managers, calling their attention to the ruling and stating that its requirements would be enforced in Atlanta.

E. B. Tobey, of Center Winthrop, Maine, gathered from 117 hills of cranberry beans, eighty-eight pounds of dry shelled beans. He claims to have harvested 826 beans from one pea bean.

Headquarters For Military Wrist Watches

You will find in our stock a complete variety of Military Strap Watches.

We firmly believe we offer not only the largest variety, but decidedly the finest values obtainable.

If you cannot call to see our line, write for a copy of our twenty-third annual catalogue.

Mail orders are shipped prepaid. Safe delivery guaranteed.

Maier & Berkele, Inc.
Gold and Silversmiths
31 Whitehall St.
Established 1887.

Public School Thrift Campaign

Dear Boys and Girls: Don't you want to learn a new song to the tune "Where Do We Go From Here?" a song that is a favorite with the soldiers in the camps throughout our land? The following words have been adapted by Miss Harralson, the director of music in the Atlanta public schools:

What Will Our Next Job Be?

Boys and girls, boys and girls,
All are busy now
Earning, saving, never resting,
Thrifty as can be.
Buying war stamps, earning thrift stamps,
Idlers none you see;
As the tasks are promptly done,
Hear them sing with glee—

CHORUS:

What will our next job be, boys? What will our next job be?
We've cut the wood and brought the coal and sifted ashes. Gee!
We've worked for all the neighbors near and carried papers far.
Oh, joy! or, joy! What will our next job be?
What will our next job be, girls? What will our next job be?
We've swept the house and darned the socks and rocked the ba-by;
We've cut the movies and the drinks, no chewing gum, you see—
Oh, joy, or, girls, what will our next job be?

* * *

How I Got My Thrift Stamps.

When first the thrift stamps came out I did not pay much attention to them. I went right on and put my savings into the bank. I heard the ladies talking about them and saw other children buying them and I thought I would like to buy some. I then decided that they would draw as much interest in Uncle Sam's hands as in the bank, and would also help to win the war, so I started saving up to buy the stamps.

I first got the job of making the fire in the morning and keeping it up during the day for a dollar per week. I spend this money each week for thrift stamps. Father gave me several jobs to do to enable me to earn some money. I engaged another boy to help me to clean up the basement. We chopped wood for kindling and then stacked it up in a pile. We also carried the ashes out of the basement, unloaded a wagon load of kindling wood and stacked it up in the basement and cut up an old apple tree that was out in the back yard and carried it into the basement. We then had our dinner. I gave the boy 25 cents and he went home. Father gave me a dollar for this job and I bought thrift stamps with it.

With some money I had saved to repair my bicycle I bought more stamps. When father gives me car fare to go to school on rainy days, I walk and save the money to buy stamps. I will get a dollar for fertilizing the garden. This money I will invest in thrift stamps.

WARREN H. BAMFORD,
A Scout, 39 West Sixteenth street.

* * *

Why is the word Thrift like a banquet? Begins with a drink (t) and ends with a drink (t) and has rye (ri) in the middle.

Why can Thrift see into the future? It has one eye (i).

What is the name of Uncle Sam's newest army? A. T. A.

What should be its job? Always Taking Aim.

* * *

If you are looking forward to wearing the insignia of high rank in the American Thrift Army and wish to inform yourself on the requirements for a first lieutenant, captain, etc., read Sunday's paper for a full explanation of the same. Read it twice to be sure you understand. Then fall into step with Uncle Sam's biggest army. Your country needs you.

Advisory Committee American Thrift Army, Atlanta Public Schools.

AGNES SCOTT GIRL AND SOLDIER MARRY FRIDAY AFTERNOON

Miss Rose Abercrombie, sophomore student at Agnes Scott college, and Mr. Benjamin Hugh Burgess, a member of the quartermaster department at Camp Gordon, were married Friday afternoon at 4 o'clock in the study of the North Avenue Presbyterian church, Rev. Richard Orme Flinn officiating. The wedding came as a surprise to the many friends of the young couple.

Miss Abercrombie is the daughter of Joe S. Abercrombie, of Douglasville, Ga., and was one of the most brilliant and popular students at Agnes Scott, where she had been a student for two years.

Mr. Burgess is the son of B. F. Burgess, clerk of the superior court of DeKalb county. He graduated last year in the law school of the University of Georgia. In December he enlisted in the quartermaster corps at Camp Gordon, where he is now stationed.

Mr. Burgess will return to camp, while his bride will make her nome with his parents at Decatur.

Report of Epidemic Of Smallpox Denied By McDonough Mayor

Dr. T. F. Abercrombie, of the state board of health, received reports Friday of an epidemic of smallpox in McDonough, and telegraphed Mayor A. G. Harris, of that city, for information, at the same time giving him instructions as to how to handle the situation.

Mayor Harris wired back, however, that there are only two cases of smallpox in McDonough and that both of these are quarantined, and that nearly everybody has been vaccinated. The mayor anticipated no spread of the disease.

Dr. Abercrombie had received a similar report from McDonough previously and had before wired instructions. His second wire was sent upon receipt of the additional report Friday and was for the purpose of ascertaining whether or not there was a dangerous condition existing.

Dr. Abercrombie stated that he has recently had reports of smallpox cases at Bremen and one or two other small Georgia points, and that proper measures in all instances have been taken to prevent any epidemic.

Frank Ansley Resigns.

Frank W. Ansley, a member of the DeKalb county exemption board, has resigned to accept a position as one of the organizers for the coming Liberty Loan Bond campaign. Mr. Ansley's successor on the board has not yet been named. It is understood that Mr. Ansley will be located at Valdosta.

McKinney Declines.

Charles D. McKinney, of Decatur, elected by council to a place on the tax assessors' board, has declined to accept, because of having taken the chairmanship for DeKalb county of the war savings stamp campaign. The vacancy left by the declination of Mr. McKinney will be filled by the Decatur council the first Friday night of February.

NEGRO ODD FELLOWS WILL HOLD JUBILEE MEETING ON SUNDAY

The sub-committee of management at its recent meeting in Philadelphia, recognized the meeting of negro loyal Odd Fellows held in Atlanta December 27, 1917, as the only district grand lodge of the Grand United Order of Odd Fellows, No. 18, in Georgia.

All lodges not present at this meeting have been given five months to return to their allegiance to the order. All policyholders will be protected in their rights provided that they are willing to obey the general laws of the order and the sub-committee of management, its highest tribunal, and pay 25 cents per month endowment dues, as approved and promulgated by the sub-committee of management in January, 1908.

All lodges who desire to affiliate and become a part of the Grand United Order of Odd Fellows in America and District Grand lodge, No. 18, jurisdiction of Georgia, will communicate with R. E. Pharrow, D. G. S., 210 Auburn avenue, Atlanta.

The officers of the district grand lodge are: A. Graves, D. G. S., Savannah; B. W. S. Daniels, D. G. M., Savannah; R. E. Pharrow, D. G. S.; Atlanta; A. N. Gordon, D. G. T., Augusta; J. C. Styles, D. G. D., Dawson; G. W. Owens, G. M. E., and W. A. Collier, H. B. Seems and E. B. Gibson, auditors.

The Atlanta lodes of loyal Odd Fellows will hold a jubilee meeting Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock at Morgan Williams' hall, Parson and Chestnut streets, in celebration of their recognition by the sub-committee of management and of what they believe to be the end of the long litigation in Georgia. Morgan Williams, an antebellum negro and one of the first members of the order in the state, will address the meeting. There will also be other speeches.

Tenants Are Charged With Burning Parts Of Houses for Fuel

Three tenants of Attorney Lee Douglas were brought before the recorder Friday on the charge of burning parts of his houses for fuel, and being "squatters."

Those arrested were C. E. Bates, 9 Fort Hood place; B. T. Tolerson, 19 Fort Hood place, and M. F. Smith, 21 Fort Hood place. Two of the cases were dismissed by agreement and the other postponed until Saturday morning.

Smith admitted that he had burned up part of Mr. Douglas' coal house at 21 Fort Hood place during the coal famine, but said that he was willing to pay for it. With this understanding the recorder dismissed the case, and told him to pay his rent.

Bates was charged with burning the back porch of the house at 9 Fort Hood place and was ordered to make the necessary repairs and pay his rent.

Tolerson claimed that he had paid the rent to a real estate agent and was given until Saturday morning to produce the receipt.

Each of the men claimed that they had rented the houses from what they thought an authorized agent.

Knox Spring Hats



First Quality—for First Quality Men—

Knox Spring Hats in sedate styles—or Knox Spring Hats a little bit faddish—

Knox Spring Hats in all popular shades—

Knox Gray — Green — Brown — Pearl and Black—

$5.00 $6.00 $6.50 $7.50

Knox Extra Fine Belgian Beaver—$10.

Be among the first to buy a New Spring Knox—

Swagger Sticks—Walking Canes.

Parks - Chambers - Hardwick Company
37-39 Peachtree Atlanta, Ga.

CONTEMPT IS CHARGED TO FERTILIZER COMPANY

Proceedings Are Started Against Morris Company by Solicitor General's Order.

Alleging that the temporary injunction, granted December 5 by Judge John T. Pendleton to prevent the issuance of poisonous acid fumes from the Morris Fertilizer works, has been wilfully disregarded, legal representatives of Solicitor General John A. Boykin, who have been acting in behalf of complaining north side citizens, yesterday instituted contempt proceedings against the fertilizer company. An order, signed by Judge Ben Hill, presiding in the motion division of the superior court, set a hearing of the new contempt case for February 9.

The hearing set for January 18 for determining whether a permanent injunction should be granted, was changed into a contempt trial on that date. Two officials of the Morris Fertilizer company and two of the Armour faced a contempt charge because of their refusal to produce certain documents and records that were demanded by court officials. A three hundred dollar fine was fixed for each case, with the understanding that this sentence might be removed by the production of the records.

Friday's petition, which was filed by Attorneys Reuben R. Arnold and C. T. & J. L. Hopkins, declared that the original injunction had had no effect upon the operation of the plant and that injurious fumes continued to come from the Morris Fertilizer works.

Attorneys Anderson & Rountree represent the defendants.

Little Baby Suffers from Itching Eczema Healed by Cuticura

"My baby was about eleven months old when eczema came on his face. It first came in red, rough-looking splotches causing much disfigurement and pain. It then came in little blisters and the skin was sore and red. The breaking out itched and burned and he could not sleep, and he scratched his face so that I had to tie his hands.

"I tried several medicines but instead of being relieved he got worse, and it went on until he was two and a half years old. Then I sent for a free sample of Cuticura Soap and Ointment. I used it for two weeks and his face was so much better that I purchased more, and one cake of Cuticura Soap with one half box of Cuticura Ointment completely healed him." (Signed) Mrs. Lewis Sitterson, Plymouth, N. C., July 25, 1917.

For every purpose of the toilet Cuticura Soap and Ointment are supreme.

Sample Each Free by Mail. Address postcard: "Cuticura, Dept. H, Boston." Sold everywhere. Soap 25c. Ointment 25 and 50c.

Get quality in clothes

We guarantee it here

SOME men buy clothes because they look good, seem to fit and low priced, not thinking of the quality and whether they will wear.

The right way, is to get quality first, then style and fit. Without quality the style and fit will not last.

Hart Schaffner & Marx

make quality clothes; all-wool, well tailored and perfect fitting. These three with the best of style and good value make them the clothes for you to buy. Suits and overcoats, $20, $25 and up.

Furnishing specials for men

SHIRTS from plain staple patterns to the brightest of the gay, $1 to $10.

HATCH one button union suits—a garment you'll like—two weights $1½ to $2.

NECKTIES—Non-shrinking, solid color four-in-hands—a special price, 50c.



Copyright Hart Schaffner & Marx

Military Outfitters **Daniel Bros. Co.** 45 to 49 Peachtree

America's Heatless "Holidays"

While the New York *World* calls Fuel Commissioner Garfield's conservation order the "greatest disaster that has befallen the United States in this war," and other journals are equally emphatic in condemning it, many other American newspapers view the action with tolerance, as being a necessary war measure, the Boston *Herald* declaring that "we should not criticize military orders no matter how needlessly sweeping they seem, and in the same spirit we approach these provisions for the conservation of our resources."

"The port of New York is part of the battle-line," says Public Service Commissioner Whitney of New York, in the *Times*, "and the people should realize this as clearly as if the battle-line lay in the Connecticut Valley. The coal situation is exceedingly critical and it is no time for public officials to rock the boat."

In THE LITERARY DIGEST for January 26th, public opinion, as reflected in the newspaper press from all sections of the country, is presented in the leading article dealing with Commissioner Garfield's drastic coal conservation order.

All phases of the subject are dwelt upon in this article, and a careful reading of it will make clear to the American people just why this order was necessary, how it will be carried out, and what its probable effects will be.

Other topics of pressing interest in this number of "The Digest" are:

British Labor's Appeal to the German People

"Peoples of Central Europe," British Labor Entreats, "Do Not Let Your Governments Drive the British People, As They Are Driving the Russian People, Into the Terrible Choice Between Continuing the War and Abandoning the Only Principles That Can Save the World."

The Call for a War Lord
Both Sides Veto President's "Free Sea" Plan
The Next Battle-Thrust
"U"-Boats as Peace Arguments
Are Engineers Narrow-Minded?
Triumph of Secretary Daniels
Thumbs Up for Mathematics
The Fallacy of Cost Plus 10%
Plot Failures in Great Fiction
A Man Who Thinks We Can Pray the Kaiser Off His Throne
News of Finance and Commerce
Austria-Hungary's Future
Where Adam Got His Brains
Shooting Through a Slot
Another Step Toward the Talking Movie
Art Beauty for Profit of the Blind
How the Schools Can Help
Corn as a War-Time Food
(Prepared by U. S. Food Administration)
High Moral Tone of American Soldiers in France
Our Conscientious Objectors

Many Interesting Illustrations

"The Digest" a Beacon to Puzzled News-Seekers

In the darkness of night, amid the quicksands and rocks that beset the coasts of the world, many a ship would be lost but for the guiding flare of the lights that the ingenuity of man has placed everywhere for the service of sailors. For the bewildered citizen, battling in the deep waters of politics in these dark days of world-wide storm and stress, urged hither and thither by the thousand contrary currents of shifting opinion, one steady beacon shines aloft, to direct him into the calm haven of sound judgment—THE LITERARY DIGEST. This great news-magazine, unaffected by the winds or waves of opposing ideas, gathers up for you the vital substance of the world's news, using every source impartially, and makes of it an illuminating beam of world-information. Get into the circle of its radiance to-day and know the truth.

January 26th Number on Sale To-day—All News-dealers—10 Cents

'Tis a Mark of Distinction to Be a Reader of The Literary Digest

The Literary Digest

SAVE W.S.S. SERVE

FUNK & WAGNALLS COMPANY (Publishers of the Famous NEW Standard Dictionary), NEW YORK

CAMP GORDON BUREAU

Camp Gordon News Bureau of The Constitution, in charge of Mr. L. A. Wilhoit, is in the "Y" administration building. Soldiers are welcome.

THE CONSTITUTION'S NEWS FROM

Gordon and the other Camps

CONSTITUTION ON SALE

The Atlanta Constitution can be found on sale every day at the fourteen exchange stores in Camp Gordon.

Standing of All Organizations In Insurance Drive Announced

9,000 Officers and Men Have Subscribed to Over $67,000,000 Insurance at Camp Gordon, Officials in Charge Say.

The first list of organizations at Camp Gordon showing their standing in regard to subscriptions to government war-risk insurance was Friday given out by Lieutenant L. W. DeMott, division insurance officer.

Lieutenant DeMott further announces that up to date subscriptions made by 9,004 officers and enlisted men at Camp Gordon have carried the total of insurance sales at the camp up to $67,784,500.

The standing of the various organizations of the 82d division as announced Friday are as follows:

Organization.	Applicants.	Amount.
Division headquarters....	65	$ 640,000
Hdg. Det. (unass'd)	4	40,000
Hdqtrs Troop	34	332,000
319 M. Gun B'n	184	1,314,000
320 M. Gun B'n	366	1,945,000
321 M. Gun B'n	58	499,000
325 Infantry	906	6,784,000
326 Infantry 1,455		9,442,500
327 Infantry	481	3,549,500
328 Infantry	259	2,285,500
Hdqtrs 163 Inf. Brig....	17	120,000
Hdqtrs 164 Inf. Brig.	6	60,000
Hdqtrs 157 F. A. Br....	47	420,000
319 F. A.	938	7,058,500
320 F. A.	366	2,706,000
321 F. A.	342	2,406,500
307 Tr. M. Battery	96	566,000
307 Engineers	158	1,470,000
307 Eng. Train	38	185,500
307 F. Signal B'n	53	463,000
Hdqtrs Trains & M. P.	139	1,295,000
307 Ammunition Train ..	72	670,000
307 Supply Train	70	584,000
307 Mob. Ord. Repair ..	36	239,000
Hdqtrs Field Hospital	3	20,000
Field Hospital No. 325 ..	72	444,000
Field Hospital No. 326 ..	53	339,000
Field Hospital No. 327....	53	422,000
Field Hospital No. 328 ..	4	40,000
Hdqtrs Ambulance Co.'s ..	13	106,000
Ambulance Co. No. 325 ..	35	289,500
Ambulance Co. No. 326..	5	50,000
Ambulance Co. No. 327 ..	40	365,000
Ambulance Co. No. 328 ..	3	30,000
157 Depot Brigade 1,972		15,446,000
Officers' Training School...	28	275,000
(Colored)	199	1,194,000
Camp Quartermaster	100	919,000
Base Hospital	256	3,206,500
School for B. & C.....	22	167,000
Bakery Co. No. 330	30	186,000
Motor Train Co. No. 340..	2	20,000
Ord. Sup. Depot No. 107..	3	30,000
Sig. Supply Depot	5	45,000
411 Eng. Sup. Co.	17	120,000
Fire Department	1	10,000
514 Service B'n (Eng.)..	2	20,000
Det. 17th Engineers	2	20,000
Aux. Remount Depot	6	35,500

Some interesting statistics brought back to Atlanta from Washington by Joseph C. Logan, of the Red Cross bureau of civilian relief, are as follows:

Up-to-date 473,116 men in the national army have taken out policies of war risk insurance; a total of $4,011,391,000, or an average of $8,479 each, has been subscribed by these men; statements making allotments or disclaiming need of them have come in from 960,000 men; awards have been made to 380,094 applications for allowance, and 323,000 checks have been mailed out for beneficiaries.

PUMPING AGREEMENT REACHED IN AMERICUS

Americus, Ga., January 25.—(Special.)—After prolonged negotiations, the owners of the Americus Lighting company and city council have reached an agreement regarding the price to be paid for pumping the city's water supply. Under the new arrangement the city will pay $3,800 more than heretofore for pumping, the contract, which was ratified by council at its meeting last night, providing for the payment of $10,500, the same amount paid heretofore, in addition to which the city will bear the whole expense of labor necessary to the operation of the pumping station. This, it is stated, will amount to approximately $3,800, making the pumping cost the city about $14,300, as against $10,500 heretofore.

GA. VETERINARY AGENT LOCATES IN AMERICUS

Americus, Ga., January 25.—(Special.) Dr. J. S. Rayfield, district agent for the Georgia veterinary department, who has been stationed at Smithville during several months, has moved his headquarters to Americus, and will hereafter direct the work of that department from this city. He is in charge of the inoculation of hogs against cholera. Under direction of Dr. Peter F. Bahnsen, the state veterinarian, Dr. Rayfield has charge of the work in the counties of Sumter, Lee, Dougherty, Crisp and Terrell.

Officer With Service On French Front Tells Of His Experiences

Captain Sparr, a popular officer of the ambulance department at Camp Gordon, delivered a splendid address at the Y. M. C. A. auditorium Thursday night, recounting to a large audience of soldiers his experiences while an ambulance driver on the battlefields of France.

This officer was a member of the American ambulance corps in France during 1916, and he has many gripping incidents of the "front" to tell to those who compose his audiences. Efforts are being made to have the captain repeat his address on other occasions at the camp.

FIRST SHOW AT GORDON HAS MANY SURPRISES

Audience Will See Something Entirely New, Manager Percy Weadon Says.

When Percy Weadon begins to talk about "The Million Dollar Doll," which is to open his Liberty theater at Camp Gordon Sunday evening, the keen observer will note that he talks like a man that is holding back some very interesting bit of news.

When questioned about his manner last night, the genial showman winked his off eye and chuckled.

"You think there is more in the show than appears in the papers, do you?" he said. "Well, to be perfectly frank with you, there is.

"It does not always pay to tell all you know about a show; for if you leave two or three nice little surprises for the audience to find out for themselves, they will love you all the more for it.

"Now, in the case of 'The Million Dollar Doll,' there are two or three nice little features which I am holding back for the present. These features are going to tickle the fancy of the fellows immensely, but it is just as well to let them find out what these things will be for themselves.

"In fact," Mr. Weadon continued, "they are going to like the show from start to finish. It is a safe bet that none of them ever saw such a theatrical performance before for 25 cents top price."

Everything is all set for the opening. Smilеage books are already being sent out to camp, and those who can accumulate an extra two bits are carefully hoarding it for the first performance Sunday night.

Joseph Calls Attention Of Southern Feed Men To Federal License Law

Columbus, Ga., January 26.—(Special.) Dan Joseph, member of the southeast feeding stuffs industry committee and a leading grain broker of this city, is calling the attention of feed men throughout the southeastern territory to President Wilson's proclamation of January 10, requiring all manufacturers and wholesale dealers in foods and feed stuffs to take out a federal license. Special attention is called to the fact that those who fail to comply with the terms of the act before February 15 will be penalized.

Most of the dealers subject to license in this section have already complied with the law and secured a federal license.

LAURENS CO. CONVICTS PUT TO CUTTING WOOD

Dublin, Ga., January 25.—(Special.)—Laurens county convicts today began cutting wood for the fuel administration. Camp No. 1 of the road force is now at work on the place of W. B. Rice, near Dublin, to help relieve the fuel situation here. Wood cut by them will be distributed by the fuel administrator.

County officials stated today that Monday convicts will be put to cutting wood for use at the courthouse, as unusual demands for heat at this building have exhausted the supply of coal.

CAMP GORDON TO HAVE SMALLEST MOVIE HOUSE

Theater at Base Hospital Built to Accommodate Audience of Twenty-Five.

In addition to the many entertainment houses already located at Camp Gordon, officials of the base hospital are preparing to introduce the smallest moving picture theater in the world to soldiers who are confined there and are on the way to convalescence.

This fact was announced Friday by Chief Electrician Llewellyn, of the Y. M. C. A., who has made arrangements with Major Marietta, commander of the base hospital, to install a "movie" on the hospital grounds that will be built to accommodate about 25 men.

The show will give two runs of films each night to a small audience of convalescents each time, and it will be equipped with the most modern machine made. In addition the miniature theater will be equipped with all conveniences associated with larger institutions of its kind.

The building for the theater is already in course of construction, and the installation of machines and fixtures will be the next step towards completing one of the neatest little entertainment houses ever erected for the pleasure of the soldiers.

Another venture in which Chief Electrician Llewellyn is interested is the test of a new outdoor lamp which is to be used on the boxing platform of the 325th Infantry regiment in case it proves a success. This new lamp is called "The Sunlight Ray," and Athletic Directors Boyer, Hoffmeister and Volker and Chief Electrician Llewellyn are planning to make the test at once.

WARREN GRICE ELECTED TO MERCER FACULTY

Macon, Ga., January 25.—(Special.)—Hon. Warren Grice, former attorney general of Georgia, was today elected a member of the law faculty of Mercer university, succeeding the late A. W. Lane. The election was made by the executive committee of the board of trustees of the university.

CHAMPION WRESTLER



YOUNG ROCCO,

Who holds the wrestling title of New England, now a member of the Eighty-second division at Camp Gordon.

Flashes From Division Orders

The commanding officers of organizations on duty at the target range at Norcross for range practice may, if desired by them, operate an exchange. For this purpose they may take to camp at Norcross the steward and enlisted men operating the exchange; supplies to be transported by regimental supply wagons from their regimental exchange. The commanding officer of the range detachment is authorized to conduct an independent exchange.

* * * *

Immediately upon the change of status of a man, which in any way affects his compulsory allotment, a new allotment blank must be made out. This covers change of grade affecting pay, birth of a child, marriage, death of allotee, etc. All such new copies are to be marked, "Change."

* * * *

The following is published for the information and guidance of all concerned:

Cooking ranges must be thoroughly cleaned out daily, by sweeping off ashes and soot that accumulate on top of the oven under the boiling plate, and by removing soot or ashes in flues. Heating stoves and hot-water boilers, as well as cooking ranges, must have the ash boxes emptied often enough to prevent ashes ever reaching grates and thus burning them out. Recent reports indicate that unnecessary expense to the government, as well as temporary discomfort to occupants of buildings, have been caused by a neglect to take the simple precautions noted above. Officers in charge of buildings in which cooking and heating equipment is installed are responsible that due care is taken in this matter for the protection of government property.

* * * *

Attendance at the school for teamsters and packers has been very irregular. The school will be in session daily from 8 to 11:30 a. m. and from 1:30 to 4 p. m. on Mondays, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Fridays only. The school will not be held on Wednesday and Saturday afternoons. Whenever there are any absentees, an informal slip will be sent on the day of the absence to the commander of the auxiliary remount depot, giving the cause for the absence. Target practice is the only duty that will be allowed to interfere with attendance at this school.

* * * *

The senior commanding officer in each police area will designate an officer to supervise the care and upkeep of roads, ditches and culverts in his area. All labor and transportation required for this work will be furnished by troops of the area concerned. First Lieutenant B. E. Merrill, 307th Engineers, is placed in charge of coordinating the work of adjacent areas and with supervising the work on roads in the base hospital area, including the ordnance detachment area, and in the officers' school area. He should be consulted concerning tools and material required. Commanding officers of areas are directed to give this matter their immediate attention, in order that the present deplorable conditions may be improved as quickly as possible.

* * * *

Issue of amounts of straw for bedding for animals up to 100 pounds per animal per month is authorized. Each commanding officer will be the judge as to amount necessary for this purpose to supplement straw from bedsacks of men. To economize in consumption of straw, careful separation of bedding from manure must be made when cleaning out stalls.

* * * *

The semi-monthly reports of clothing heretofore submitted on the 1st and 15th of each month will, hereafter, be submitted to the division quartermaster not later than noon of the 14th and last day of each month. Blank forms for this purpose will be obtained from the office of the division quartermaster. Organizations of the 82d division will submit the report on the last day of the month in triplicate. With this exception, all reports will be in duplicate.

HADEN SPEEDS UP SALES OF THRIFT STAMPS IN MACON

Macon, Ga., January 25.—(Special.)—The war savings campaign was greatly accelerated in Macon this morning when twelve hundred boys and girls of the high schools filled the auditorium of the Lanier High school building and heard Charles J. Haden, of Atlanta, outline the plan of the Atlanta school campaign.

At 4 o'clock this afternoon the teachers of the Macon city schools met at the office of Superintendent Bruce and with the assistance of Mr. Haden prepared plans for a city-wide thrift stamp sales campaign.

Lee M. Happ, chairman of the Bibb county committee, is making preparations with the department stores for a city-wide sales drive on Monday afternoon February 4.

MRS. LEE ALLEN PASSES AT HOME IN AMERICUS

Americus, Ga., January 25.—(Special.) Mrs. Lee Allen died this morning at her residence on College street after a brief illness with pneumonia. She was 47 years of age and a member of one of the most prominent families here, being the daughter of the late P. C. Clegg. She is survived by her husband, fuel administrator for Sumter county, and a prominent druggist here; two daughters, Mrs. W. Ben Worthy and Miss Annie Lucille Allen; two sons, Lee Allen, Jr., and P. C. Allen, and her mother, Mrs. P. C. Clegg, all of Americus; two brothers, Sam C. Clegg, of Americus, and Perry Clegg, of Cordele, and one sister, Mrs. E. B. Clements, of Buena Vista. The funeral services will be held Saturday morning at the First Baptist church, conducted by Dr. Lansing Burrows, assisted by Rev. Alexis D. Kendrick, the present pastor. Interment will be in Oak Grove cemetery.

WAYCROSS DAUGHTERS OBSERVE ARBOR DAY

Waycross, Ga., January 25.—(Special.)—Arbor day was observed at the Quarterman Street school here this afternoon by the Lyman Hall chapter of the D. A. R's. Eight years ago this chapter organized a tree-planting association which, under the direction of Mrs. J. L. Walker, has planted thousands of trees around the public buildings, along the Dixie highway and other places in Ware county. It is the purpose of the organization to make 1918 the banner year for tree-planting.

LARGE HOG AUCTION HELD NEAR AMERICUS

Americus, Ga., January 25.—(Special.)—The auction sale of blooded Hampshire hogs, held yesterday at Arles plantation, near Americus, was one of the most successful in the history of the hog-raising industry here. Prior to the public sale the manager of the plantation, W. T. Calhoun, sold to a Chattanooga firm a carload of 60 Hampshire shoats for $6,000, and 77 head of fine hogs, offered to the highest bidder in one lot, brought $8,150.

Numbers of hogs brought more than $250 each, while one brought $307.50, the highest price ever paid for a hog at auction in this section. Morgan Grace and John H. Eden, of Great Neck, N. Y., and W. T. Calhoun, of this city, are owners of Arles plantation, which is one of the finest agricultural establishments in Georgia.

HARDMAN ORDER WAS SURPRISE TO MACON

Macon, Ga., January 25.—(Special.)—Local manufacturers were taken considerably by surprise by the announcement from Dr. Hardman, state fuel administrator, that plants operating with electric current supplied from hydro-electric plants are to be included in the order for suspension of operation each Monday for the next nine weeks. Practically all of the big manufacturing plants in Macon secure their power from the Central Georgia Power company's hydro-electric plant at Jackson, thirty miles above Macon, and under the first construction put on the Garfield fuel conservation order, the hydro-electric plants were exempted. All local plants using that current continued to operate during the five days of general suspension.

Bank of Scotland.

Scotland, Ga., January 25.—(Special.) The Bank of Scotland held its regular annual meeting and paid a 10 per cent dividend to stockholders.

The following officers were re-elected for the year: E. H. Hermann, president; John T. Elder, vice president; H. G. McAllister, cashier; directors, R. L. Kinchon, J. T. Elder, E. F. McRae, S. C. McCandless, E. H. Hermann.

Child Fatally Burned.

Macon, Ga., January 25.—(Special.)—Georgia Hogan, the 4-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. R. N. Hogan, was probably fatally burned today at her home, when her clothing caught fire while she was playing near an open grate. She was taken to the Macon hospital, but it is said she has little chance for recovery.

MANY PRIVATES NABBED WEARING "TRIMMINGS"

Order Limiting Apparel to Regulation Uniform Is Rigidly Enforced.

Camp Wheeler, Macon, Ga., January 25.—(Special.)—Probably no previous order issued from division headquarters has caused so much confusion and such loss to the enlisted man as the one forbidding the use of "trimmings" in their style of dress. The order issued several days ago banished silk hat cords, leather puttees, Mackanaw coats or coats with belts or plaits.

Many of the enlisted men, in order to make themselves look real sporty, had bought all these and the order to banish them was a great blow to their vanity. But the actual loss of them was not half so bad as the instructions issued to the provost to arrest all enlisted men wearing even a silk hat cord in the city. The order was given the provost to arrest any violating the provision of the order—and arrest they did, for the first night more than fifty were gathered in by the provost and each night follows with a large number.

Some of the men paid as much as thirty or forty dollars for the leggings, and that much for their tailor-made coats. Now they will have to be sent home for use after the war. Today one can buy leather puttees for a song from the soldiers, while some of them are sending them home to be used when they return from "over there." Among those making purchases from the enlisted men are the officers, who are allowed to wear just about anything they care to.

Those from Atlanta and places in the hilly sections of the state will probably have a solace in the fact that drainage work is to begin immediately in the swamps near Macon to rid the section of malaria. The work is to be done by the government, under the supervision of Dr. C. L. Williams, local government authority. Boggy Branch, Duck Roost and Beach Flats are the names of the big swamps that lie between the Ocmulgee river and Camp Wheeler.

The government requires that the work be completed by summer. It is expected that the drainage will greatly reduce the big influx of mosquitoes which so worried the north Georgians at Camp Harris last summer and the summer before.

Albert Mitchell, author of the song, "Dixie Division," and a member of the 116th Field artillery, who is now in the base hospital with pneumonia, is said by the doctors to be some better. His song has been the real hit of the season at any place where soldiers of the division had a chance to boost it. A week before the soldier-musician got sick the sale had reached seven thousand copies.

MISTRIAL IS LIKELY IN SPINKS MURDER CASE

Macon, Ga., January 25.—(Special.)—At a late hour tonight the jury in the case of Robert E. Collins, charged with the murder of Northern T. Spinks, was still out, with the indications that a mistrial would have to be declared. It was reported the jury was four for acquittal and eight for conviction. Collins shot and killed Spinks several weeks ago, claiming that the latter had disregarded his warnings to keep away from Mrs. Collins. His trial in the Bibb superior court has taken up two days.

Regiments Will Be Reviewed At Half Hour Intervals Today

325th Infantry Will Begin Series of Parades on Camp Drill Ground, and Other Organizations Will Follow Every Thirty Minutes.

The first troop reviews staged at Camp Gordon in the past several weeks will be held Saturday morning, beginning at 8 o'clock, by the various regiments of the Eighty-second division, each of which will stage its review on the parade ground of the camp at half-hour intervals, according to an official order issued by authorities of the division Friday.

This inauguration will be an entirely new practice in regard to the staging of the big parades, which in the past were held in different parts of the camp at the same time. A schedule of reviews coming at half-hour intervals has been prepared for the execution of the various organizations Saturday morning.

The 325th infantry regiment will pass review before its commanding officer at 8 o'clock on the parade field of the camp. Following it at 8:30 o'clock the 326th infantry will pass inspection in the same way, and the 327th and 328th infantry regiments will occupy the big parade ground at 9 and 9:30 o'clock, respectively.

At 10 o'clock the 157th depot brigade will use the field for its review, and the ammunition train will join it in staging the pageant. The 157th artillery brigade will stage its review some time during the morning at a time and place determined by its commanding officers, the order further states.

All organizations are authorized by the same order to pass in review in columns of platoons with intervals and distances according to regulation practice. In all respects other than the schedule of appearances for reviews, the staging of the big military parades will be the same as practiced at Camp Gordon for the past several reviewing occasions.

The reason for the series of reviews on the camp parade field is probably the fact that the other grounds of the camp are for the most part covered with mud and that officials desire to use the one which is best fitted at this time for the passing of the soldiers. On the other hand, it is stated, the new practice may be a permanent change in the method of staging reviews that will be maintained by those in charge of operations.

Six Soldiers Died At Gordon During Thursday and Friday

Two soldiers died at Camp Gordon Thursday and four died Friday, according to an announcement made yesterday by officials at division headquarters. All were privates, and five of the six were members of the depot brigade.

The following is the death list for Thursday: Private Harrison Foggerson, depot brigade, Ellenwood, Ga.; Private Peter Lopes, 328th infantry, New Bedford, Mass.

Those who died Friday were Private William F. Hunt, depot brigade, Carthage, Tenn.; Private Ocias Copelan, depot brigade, Lyons county, Georgia; Private Charles Cummings, depot brigade, Washington, Ga.; Private James H. Sapp, depot brigade, Brooks, Ga.

SLEEPING QUARTERS FURNISHED SOLDIERS

Atlanta Training Camp Commission Installs Hotel at Auditorium.

The Atlanta commission on training camp activities has arranged to furnish sleeping accommodations to 200 soldiers from Camp Gordon Saturday night at the Auditorium-Armory, and men who stay in town are invited to come there for a clean bed, hot showers and all conveniences and entertainments.

The "hotel for soldiers" has been established by the commission in order to alleviate the strain on local hotels and lodging houses caused by the sudden influx of soldiers to Atlanta every week-end. Two hundred beds have been placed in the old gymnasium and a charge of 50 cents will be made for each one.

In return the soldiers who patronize the Auditorium are guaranteed a good clean place to sleep and plenty of amusement in the way of games and music. Willis Timmons, president of the Rotary club, is chairman of the commission's committee, and A. A. Jameson, of the Boy Scouts, will be in charge of the Auditorium.

HAMPSHIRE BREEDERS CONVENE IN AMERICUS

Americus, Ga., January 25.—(Special.) The annual convention of the Hampshire Breeders' Association of Georgia was held here last night and new officers for the year elected. These are: President, S. J. Carter, Parrott; vice president, W. T. Calhoun, Americus; secretary and treasurer, C. S. Glisson, Hawkinsville. The report of the secretary showed the association now has a total membership of 100, and is growing steadily. Following the business session the delegates were guests at a banquet in the Windsor hotel, tendered by the managers of the Arles plantation, near Americus.



Be popular—clear your skin with Resinol Soap

Does a pimply, unattractive skin shut you off from admiration and pleasant associations?

Each time you cleanse your face with Resinol Soap you give it a "beauty treatment" with the soothing, healing Resinol medication. If aided, in severe cases, by a little Resinol Ointment, this usually leaves the complexion *naturally* clear and fresh.

All druggists sell Resinol Soap and Ointment. For sample of each, free, write to Dept. 13-N, Resinol, Baltimore, Md.



PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
A toilet preparation of merit. Helps to eradicate dandruff. For Restoring Color and Beauty to Gray or Faded Hair. 60c. and $1.00 at Druggists.



Dealing exclusively in military apparel---devoting all our efforts---all our time and thoughts to that one line, you would naturally expect to find such a shop better equipped for outfitting the army man than any other store in the city.

And so we are.

Next Door to Piedmont Hotel.

Jack Hayes MILITARY SHOP
116 Peachtree St.

Open Evenings

Southern Pacific Lines
furnish
"Most Convenient and Expeditious Routes"
in the National System of Transportation. Their officers and agents desire to accommodate the public. Let them know how they can be of service.

LEWIS J. SPENCE
Director of Traffic, New York

C. M. EVANS,
General Agent,
1317 Third National Bank Bldg.,
Atlanta, Ga.

BAKER'S COCOA
HAS GREAT FOOD VALUE

THE food value of cocoa has been proven by centuries of use, and dietitians and physicians the world over are enthusiastic in their endorsements of it. It is said to contain more nourishment than beef, in a more readily assimilated form. The choice, however, should be a high-grade cocoa,—*"Baker's"* of course.



IT IS DELICIOUS, TOO
Trade-mark on every package
Made only by
Walter Baker & Co. Ltd.
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The Constitution's Markets, Business and Financial News and Reviews

Good Opening Advance Is Followed By Marked Decline in Cotton Market

PROFESSIONAL VIEWS ON COTTON SITUATION

New York, January 25.—(Special.)—The curious development of a low waiting short interest in January deliveries caused the market to open higher, when the advices from Europe were of such a character as to create a desire among outside holders of the later positions to liquidate their holdings. At first the local traders were good buyers, but the offerings finally proved too heavy for them and in the last two hours their reselling carried the market down some 40 points from yesterday's close. The speech of the German chancellor proved to be almost flippant in discussing the speeches of President Wilson and of Lloyd-George and gave the impression that Germany felt herself in a condition of victory and able to dictate terms of peace. Naturally, this brought the fact of the continuance of the war to the front and led to selling on the part of those who had bought on peace rumors.

HUBBARD BROS. & CO.

New York, January 25.—(Special.)—Today's market was extremely dull with little or no outside interest, but was subjected to considerable selling that appeared to come from western interests. We still adhere to our recently expressed views that for the moment cotton should be sold on any hard spot, as we look for temporary lower prices.

JOHNSTON, STORM & CO.

New York, January 25.—(Special.)—News dispatches from abroad to the effect that the German chancellor's speech gave more color to peace in the near future brought buying into the market. The opening advance was approximately 20 points above the previous closing. Liverpool and local trade interests were buyers. Price changes during most of the day were small, but near the close selling increased, coming principally from western sources. The south sold on the early advance. There has been no change in the attitude of spot holders. Exports were 7,800 bales.

J. W. JAY & CO.

ATLANTA QUOTATIONS ON COTTON SEED PRODUCTS

JANUARY—	Bid.	Asked.
Crude oil, prime basis	17½	.....
Cotton seed meal, 7 per cent ammonia	47.50	.....
Cotton seed meal, 7 per cent, Georgia common rate point	47.50	.....
Cotton seed hulls, loose	19.50	20.00
Cotton seed hulls, sacked	23.50	24.00
Linters, clean mill run	.04⅞	.05¼
FEBRUARY—		
Crude oil, prime basis	17½	.....
Cotton seed meal, 7 per cent ammonia	47.50	.....
Cotton seed meal, 7 per cent, Georgia common rate point	47.50	.....
Cotton seed hulls, loose	19.50	20.00
Cotton seed hulls, sacked	23.50	24.00
Linters, clean mill run	.04⅞	.05¼

Cotton Seed Quotations.

Georgia, common rate points ..$70.00@75.00
Cotton seed f. o. b. Atlanta ... 70.00@80.00

Sea Island Cotton.

Savannah, Ga., January 25.—Sea islands—Fancy Florida and Georgia, 74; extra choice Florida and Georgia, 74; choice, 74. Market inactive. Sales, none; receipts, 244; shipments, none; stock, 14,697.

Crop in sight, 45,932.

Cotton Seed Oil.

New York, January 25.—Aside from a switch of 200 February to March at ten points there was no business in cotton oil today. Final bids were unchanged to 15 points net higher. Prime crude, 17.50 sales. The market closed quiet; spot, 20.30 bid. The range in futures follows:

	Opening.	Closing.
January	20.30 bid	20.25 bid
February	20.30 bid	20.45 bid
March	20.30 bid	20.35@20.40
April	20.30 bid	20.30@20.50
May	20.30 bid	20.30 bid

Dry Goods.

New York, January 25.—Cotton goods here today continued firm with buying steady in moderate quantities. Further advances were reported in some lines. Yarns were quiet and firm. Wool markets were somewhat unsettled. Burlaps were quiet with trade light.

ORDER OF MOOSE WILL BE ORGANIZED TONIGHT

The new Loyal Order of Moose lodge, which has been organized in Atlanta, will be instituted tonight at 8 o'clock in the pine room of the Hotel Ansley. Officers for the coming year will be elected and installed at this meeting, and every charter member is requested to be present.

For several weeks Theron H. Tracy, district supervisor, and Sidney Bulford, deputy organizer, have been in the city in the interest of the new lodge, which will be No. 18.

A smoker will also be given in connection with the meeting tonight, and it is understood that a number of Camp Gordon men will be present as visitors. It is estimated that there are about 2,000 members of the Moose at the camp.

AMUSEMENTS

ATLANTA THEATER
LAST TIMES TODAY AT 2:30 AT 8:15
THURSTON
THE GREAT MAGICIAN
PRICES—Nights, 25c to $1.00. Matinees, 25c, 50c, 75c.

COMING ALL WEEK MON., JAN. 28
ROBERT B. MANTELL
ARRANGEMENT OF PLAYS:
Monday Night ..... Richelieu
Tuesday Night ..... Hamlet
Wednesday Matinee .. Romeo and Juliet
Wednesday Night ..... Merchant of Venice
Thursday Night ..... King Lear
Friday Night ..... Macbeth
Saturday Matinee .. Merchant of Venice
Saturday Night ..... Richard III
PRICES:
Nights and Sat. Mat., 50c, 75c, $1, $1.50.
Wed. Matinee, 25c, 50c, 75c and $1.00.
SEATS NOW ON SALE

B. F. KEITH'S VAUDEVILLE LYRIC TODAY 2:30 & 7:30 & 9:15
? MRS. EVA FAY ?
The Great Wonder In This Time!
—Other Keith Feature Acts—
NEXT WEEK Holiday's Dream, 20 Divers-Dancers

LOEW'S GRAND
Continuous ..... 1 to 11 P. M.
Vaudeville ..... 2, 4, 7 and 9 P. M.
Afternoons, 10, 15c; Nights, 15, 25, 35c
15 PRETTY GIRLS IN 6 BIG ACTS
4—Big Vaudeville Shows Today—4
SONIA MARKOVA
In Photoplay, "Heart's Revenge."

As Soon as the More Active Demand for January Had Been Supplied Prices Turned Easier Under Renewed Selling.

RANGE IN NEW YORK COTTON.

	Open	High	Low	Close.	Prev. Close.
January	31.35	31.35	30.83	.....	31.00
March	31.00	31.03	30.39	30.45	30.82
May	30.54	30.58	29.94	29.98	30.40
July	30.10	30.14	29.60	29.64	30.02
October	28.65	28.65	28.27	28.27	28.59

Closed steady.

RANGE IN NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

	Open	High	Low	Close.	Prev. Close.
March	29.62	29.64	29.17	29.17	29.51
May	29.41	29.44	28.88	28.88	29.30
July	29.16	29.20	28.60	28.60	29.02
October	27.70	27.70	27.25	27.25	27.61

Closed barely steady.

New York, January 25.—An opening advance was followed by declining prices in the cotton market today, with March selling off from 31.03 to 30.39 and closing at 30.45. The general list closed steady at a net decline of 32 to 42 points.

Covering by January shorts was the early feature. Notices estimated at about 3,000 bales were reported in circulation, but it was said they were being taken up by houses with Japanese connections, and there seemed to be more interest outstanding in the spot month than expected. Covering sent the price up to 31.35 at the opening, or 35 points net higher, and the near-month strength exerted an influence on later months, which opened at an advance of 4 to 21 points.

As soon as the more active demand for January had been supplied the market turned easier under a renewal of Wall street, western and local selling. The news from Germany and Austria served to encourage the hope of peace, and the selling movement was again accompanied by claims that peace would prove a bearish influence on cotton.

There was covering on a scale down and some further trade buying, but bulges seemed to meet increased offerings, and the lowest prices of the day were reached in the late trading, with May selling at 29.94 and July at 29.60. The close was a few points up from the lowest on covering. The local stock of certificated cotton showed a decrease of 6,000 bales overnight, and it was reported that Japanese interests were withdrawing cotton for shipment.

Cotton spot quiet; middling uplands 31.80.

STEADINESS GIVES WAY TO HEAVY BEAR PRESSURE

New Orleans, January 25.—Steadiness and an advancing tendency in the early trading in cotton here today gave way to a soft feeling and bear pressure, most severe in the afternoon. Last prices were the lowest of the day and showed net losses of 34 to 42 points. Selling was based mainly on the freight and fuel situation, which many traders seemed to think would work for smaller takings by mills and a smaller consumption.

On the opening the market was steady and sufficient buying orders were in hand to cause higher price levels. At a rise of 9 to 18 points, offerings increased and prices commenced to respond to the selling. The market plainly missed the sensational political rumors of yesterday and before the session was very old liquidation commenced to come from the long side.

The lowest levels of the day followed posting of the weekly statistics showing mill takings for the week of only 251,000 bales of American cotton as against 366,000 this week last year.

Spots in New Orleans.

Spot cotton steady, unchanged. Sales on the spot 509; to arrive 666. Low middling 29.62; middling 30.87; good middling 31.62. Receipts 5,330; stock 416,920.

COTTON MOVEMENT

ATLANTA WAREHOUSE CO.:
Atlanta 4's, 315c.

ATLANTA COMMERCIAL EXCHANGE:
Good middling, 31.80c.

Receipts, 1,247 bales.
Shipments, 2,204 bales.
Sales, 1,200 bales.
Stock, 51,800 bales.

Port Movement.

New Orleans—Middling, 30.87; receipts, 5,330; sales, 1,175; stock, 416,920.

Galveston—Middling, 31.20; receipts, 1,353; sales, 838; stock, 266,077.

Mobile—Middling, 30.88; receipts, 15; sales, 4; stock, 9,824.

Savannah—Middling, 31.25; receipts, 2,003; stock, 254,085.

Charleston—Receipts, 1,155; stock, 62,827.

Wilmington—Middling, 30¾; receipts, 10; exports, 7,800; stock, 40,943.

Texas City—Stock, 28,645.

Norfolk—Middling, 30.38; receipts, 365; sales, 67; stock, 94,659.

Baltimore—Receipts, 200; stock, 26,317.

Boston — Middling, 31.95; receipts, 409; stock, 20,089.

Philadelphia—Middling, 32.05; receipts, 167; stock, 8,216.

New York—Middling, 31.80; stock, 137,486.

Minor Ports—Receipts, 23,080; exports, 19,981; stock, 32,414.

Total Today—Receipts, 34,087; exports, 27,781; stock, 1,199,502.

Total for Week—Receipts, 130,969; exports, 50,693.

Total for Season—Receipts, 4,147,785; exports, 2,516,861.

Interior Movement.

Houston—Middling, 30.90; receipts, 5,993; shipments, 4,740; sales, 783; stock, 221,414.

Memphis—Middling, 31.25; receipts, 2,844; shipments, 1,754; sales, 2,500; stock, 287,357.

Augusta—Middling, 31.25; receipts, 1,994; shipments, 773; sales, 206; stock, 172,525.

St. Louis—Middling, 31.25; receipts, 1,228; shipments, 372; stock, 20,600.

Cincinnati—Receipts, 103; shipments, 296; stock, 31,683.

Little Rock—Middling, 31.00; receipts, 1,585; shipments, 633; sales, 532; stock, 53,288.

Dallas—Middling, 30.40; sales, 2,990.

Montgomery—Middling, 31.25; sales, 100.

Atlanta (Weekly)—Stock, 51,800.

Comparative Port Receipts.

Ports—	Last Year.	Friday.
Galveston	9,050	1,352
New Orleans	2,462	5,330
Mobile	98	15
Savannah	2,943	2,003
Charleston	136	1,155
Wilmington	10	10
Norfolk	432	365
Baltimore	2,139	200
New York	359	...
Boston	429	409
Philadelphia	35	167
Brunswick	1,370	3,642
Pacific ports	.....	18,379
Various	202	10,059
Totals, all ports	18,743	34,087

Interior Receipts.

Cities—	Last Year.	Friday.
Augusta	374	1,994
Memphis	2,306	2,844
St. Louis	3,144	1,228
Cincinnati	103	103
Houston	3,152	5,993
Little Rock	420	1,886
Totals	11,300	14,048

Weekly Inter Movement.

	(1918.)	(1917.)	1916.)
Receipts	103,298	95,892	115,918
Shipments	56,894	114,440	159,140
Stocks	1,096,700	1,090,937	1,352,987

Liverpool Cotton.

Liverpool, January 25.—Spot cotton in limited demand; prices steady. Good middling, 23.89; middling, 22.86; low middling, $22.34; good ordinary, $21.84. Sales, 3,000 bales, including 2,700 American. Receipts, 5,000 bales, all American. Futures closed quiet, new contracts. January, 23.65; February, 23.28; March, 3.99; April, 22.73; May, 22.46. Old contracts, fixed prices. January, 8.21; January-February, 2.12; March-April, 21.93; May-June, 21.77; June-July, 21.49.

Weekly Statistics.

Weekly cotton statistics: Total forwarded to mills 84,000 bales, American 48,000; stock 416,000, American 284,000; imports 87,000, American 87,000; exports, none.

PEACE TALK AGAIN HEARD ON EXCHANGE

Stocks Firmer on More Hopeful Feeling Regarding Situation in Washington, Developments Pointing to Furtherance of War Plans.

New York, January 25.—Although opinions differed widely in banking circles as to the significance of the German chancellor's latest address, peace talk predominated in the financial district today.

Stocks were firm at the outset, becoming stronger later on substantial advances in rails, including many low priced issues. Early dealings were limited to comparatively few specialties, shippings, motors and minor equipments making extreme gains of 1 to 3 points.

The strength of rails was generally attributed less to the tenor of foreign advices than to the publication of further details showing plan and scope of the railroad legislation now before congress.

There was a more hopeful feeling regarding the political situation in Washington, sentiment being visibly heartened by developments which pointed to the furtherance of this country's war plans.

In the foreign exchange market the only direct reflection of the many peace rumors were furnished by the stiffening of cable remittances to London, France, however, reacting.

The international war issues dealt in here were scarcely altered, except for the further strength of French municipal bonds.

Dealings in stocks were again largely professional, the short interest covering its commitments in United States Steel and other leaders before the close. In the main final prices were at or near the day's best.

Liberty bonds were featured by a new minimum in 3½'s at 97.94, first 4's selling at 97 to 96.78, and second 4's at 96.26 to 96.16. Total sales, par value, $4,125,000.

United States bonds, old issues, were unchanged on call.

Stocks in New York.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Am. Beet Sugar	78⅛	77¼	77½	77⅝
Am. Can	37	36⅝	37	36¼
American Car & Foundry	70⅝	70¼	70¼	70½
Am. Locomotive	56	55½	56	55¼
American Smelting & Refining	83½	82¼	82½	82¼
Am. Sugar	107	106	106	106½
Anaconda Copper	61½	60⅝	61½	60⅞
Atchison	84	83¾	83¾	82½
Atlantic Coast Line	.....	.....	89¾	89
American T. & T.	104	103¾	104	104
Baldwin Locomotive	60¼	59¾	60	59⅞
Baltimore & Ohio	51	49½	50⅝	49¼
Bethlehem Steel "B"	75	73¼	74⅞	74¼
Canadian Pacific	141⅞	139¾	141½	139
Central Leather	65¾	65¼	65⅝	65¼
Chesapeake & Ohio	53¾	51⅝	53¼	51⅝
Chicago, Mil. & St. Paul	43	42	43	41¼
Chicago, R. I. & Pac.	20⅝	19¼	19⅞	19¼
Colorado Fuel & Iron	.....	.....	34	34⅝
Chino Copper	42½	42	42½	42
Columbia Gas & Electric	33¼	32	33⅜	33
Corn Products	33¾	32⅝	33	32½
Crucible Steel	54⅝	53¼	54½	53¼
Cuba Cane Sugar	31⅞	31¼	31¼	31¼
Erie	15	15	15	14¼
General Motors	116¾	113	116½	113
Great Northern pfd.	89½	88⅛	88⅝	88⅛
Great Northern Ore ctfs.	27	26¼	26⅝	26⅝
Gulf States Steel	.....	.....	86	89
General Electric	131½	130	131	130
Illinois Central	94⅝	94	94⅝	92
Inspiration Copper	44⅞	43¾	44⅞	44
Int. Mer. Marine	24½	23⅝	24½	23½
do. pfd.	90⅞	89⅝	90⅝	89½
International Nickel	28⅝	28⅜	28⅝	28⅛
International Paper	.....	.....	27¼	27⅝
Kennecott Copper	32½	32	32½	32
Louisville & Nashville	113	112¾	113	108
Maxwell Motors	26⅝	26	26⅝	23½
Mexican Petroleum	92¼	90⅝	91½	90¼
Midvale Steel	32¾	33⅝	43⅝	44¼
Missouri Pacific	22⅝	21	22¾	20⅝
Nevada Consolidated	18¼	18⅛	18⅛	18¼
New York Central	70½	68⅞	70	69
N. Y., N. H. & H.	.....	.....	28¼	28
Norfolk & Western	.....	.....	101½	102
Northern Pacific	83½	82	83⅝	82
Ohio Cities Gas	36⅞	36⅝	36⅞	36⅝
Pennsylvania	46	45⅝	45⅝	45⅝
Pittsburg Coal	46⅝	45	45⅝	46
Ray Consolidated Copper	23⅝	23	23⅝	22⅞
Reading	73½	71⅞	73	72⅝
Rep. Iron & Steel	74⅝	74¼	74⅝	74
Seaboard Air Line	.....	.....	7⅝	7½
do. pfd.	.....	.....	16½	16
Sinclair Oil & Refining	33¼	33	33	33⅛
Sloss-Shef. S. & I.	.....	.....	37	39
Southern Pacific	82⅜	81½	82	81
Southern Railway	23½	22½	23¼	22¼
do. pfd.	.....	.....	57¼	57¼
Studebaker Corp.	50¾	49	50¾	48½
Tennessee Copper	15½	15	15	15¼
Texas Co.	150½	149	149¾	149¾
Tobacco Products	54⅝	53¼	54	54
Union Pacific	114	112	113¼	111½
United Cigar Stores, ex. div.	95	94	94	96½
United Fruit	120	119⅞	120	119⅞
U. S. Ind. Alcohol	120	118	119	118¼
U. S. Rubber	56⅝	46½	56½	56
U. S. Steel	91¼	90½	90⅝	90⅝
do. pfd.	109½	109½	109½	109½
Utah Copper	81⅝	80⅜	81½	80⅜
Virginia-Caro. Chem.	40½	40½	40½	39⅝
Westinghouse Elec.	40¼	40	40¼	39½

Sales, 401,000 shares.

Bonds in New York.

U. S. 2s registered, bid	96½
do. coupon, bid	96½
U. S. 3s registered, bid	99
do. coupon	99
U. S. Liberty 3½s	98.04
U. S. 4s registered, bid	104⅝
do. coupon, bid	104½
American Foreign Securities 5s	95½
American Tel. & Tel. clt. 5s, bid	94
Anglo-French 5s	88⅝
Atchison gen. 4s	84
Atlantic Coast Line 1st 4s	84½
Baltimore & Ohio cv. 4½s	78
Bethlehem Steel ref. 8s	87½
Central of Georgia Consol. 5s	85¼@94½
Central Leather 5s	95⅜
Chesapeake & Ohio cv. 5s	77⅝
Chicago, B. & Quincy joint 4s	93⅜
Chicago, Mil. & St. P. cv. 4½s	73½
Chicago, R. I. & Pac. Ry. ref. 4s	66
Colorado & Southern ref. 4½s	67½
Denver & Rio Grande ref. 5s	50½
Dominion of Canada 5s (1931)	92⅜
Erie gen. 4s, bid	49¾
Illinois Central ref. 4s, bid	80
Int. Mer. Marine 6s	92½
Kansas City Southern ref. 5s	74
Liggett & Myers 5s, bid	90¼
Louisville & Nashville un. 4s	87⅝
Missouri, Kan. & Texas 1st 4s	61
Missouri Pacific gen. 4s	57½
New York Central deb. 6s	93
Norfolk & Western con. 4s, bid	84½
Northern Pacific 4s	83½
Pennsylvania Consolidated 4½s, bid	97¾
do. gen. 4½s	89¾
Reading gen. 4s	84½
Republic Iron & Steel 5s (1940), bid	96
St. Louis & San Fran. adj. 6s	62¾
Seaboard Air Line adj. 5s	54
Southern Bell Tel. 5s, bid	91½
Southern Pacific cv. 5s	87⅝
Southern Railway 5s	91
do. gen. 4s	60
Texas Company cv. 6s	99
Texas & Pacific 1st	83½@95
Union Pacific 4s	89
United Kingdom 5s	9821-16
U. S. Steel 5s	99⅝
Virginia-Carolina Chemical 5s	92
Wabash 1st	94¼

Atlanta Bank Clearings.

Clearings Friday $8,479,025.70
Same day last year 3,699,876.31

Increase for day $4,779,149.39

Money Market.

New York, January 25.—Mercantile paper, 5¼@5¾; sterling, 60-day bills, $4.72; commercial, 60-day bills on banks, $4.71½; commercial, 60-day bills, 4.71¼; demand, 4.75⅛; cables, 4.76 7-16.

Bar silver, 87⅞.

Time loans, firm; 60 days, 90 days and six months, 5¾@6.

Call money, firm; high, 4; low, 4; ruling rate, 4; closing bid, 3½; offered at 4; last loan, 4.

Francs, demand, 5.72¼; cables, 5.70¼.

Guilders, demand, 43½; cables, 44¼. Lires, demand, 8.46; cables, 8.45. Rubles, demand, 13; cables, 13¼. Mexican dollars, 69. Government bonds, easy; railroad bonds, steady.

London Financial.

London, January 25.—Bar silver, 43¾d per ounce.

Money, 2½ per cent.

Discount rates: Short bills, 4 1-32 per cent; three months bills, 4 1-16 per cent.

Metals.

New York, January 25.—Metal exchange quotes lead quiet; spot, 7.12@7.50; spelter, dull; East St. Louis spot, 7.75@8.00.

At London: Copper spot, £110; futures, £110; electrolytic, £125. Tin spot, £299; futures, £296 10s. Lead spot, £29 10s; futures, £28 10s. Spelter spot, £54; futures, £50.

Coffee.

New York, January 25.—The market for coffee futures showed renewed strength and activity at the opening today, but the advance in tone while high ground for the season met considerable realizing and was not fully maintained. First prices were 2 to 9 points higher with May selling up to 9.04 and December 9.66 during the early session or about 7 to 10 points above last night's closing figures. Reports that the necessity for securing nitrates from Chile and other commodities might restrict imports of coffee were circulating on the early session, which also reflected the increasing hope of peace. There appeared to be no change in the general character of the news, but the clearances reported from Brazil may have promoted the tendency to take profits under which May eased off to 8.95 and December to 9.51 during the afternoon, which also was up from the lows on a final spurt of buying with last prices net unchanged to 4 points higher. January 8.50; March 8.76; May 9.01; July 9.22; September 9.41; October 9.47; December 9.58.

Spot firm, Rio 7's 9c; Santos 4's, 11c.

No fresh offers were reported in the cost and freight market. The official cables showed no change in the Brazilian markets. Victoria reported a clearance of 30,000 bags and Santos of 54,000 bags, for New York. Brazilian port receipts 67,000; Jundiahy receipts 41,000.

Provisions.

Chicago, January 25.—Cash:
Pork, nominal.
Lard, $24.62.
Ribs, $23.15@23.90.

COTTON EXCHANGE TO CLOSE ON OTHER HEATLESS MONDAYS

New York, January 25.—The board of managers of the New York Cotton Exchange voted today to close the exchange on the remaining heatless Mondays.

MARKET NERVOUS DURING PAST WEEK

Trading Not Very Active, But Fluctuations Broad, Reflecting Conflicting Opinions Regarding Possibilities Touching Cotton.

New York, January 25.—The cotton market was nervous and irregular during the past week. Trading was not particularly active, but fluctuations were broad at times, and the irregularity was accompanied by the expression of conflicting opinions regarding the probable effect of peace on cotton values, the outlook for the coming crop, and the possibility of price-fixing.

The announcement early in the week that the president had asked for legislation authorizing him to fix prices on all commodities essential to the conduct of the war evidently caused a good deal of nervousness and was followed by the liquidation of contracts bought on the rally toward the end of last week. This decline was checked by a renewal of trade buying, accompanied by reports that domestic spinners were calling cotton and fixing prices, while there was also covering on the continued absence of spot pressure, and continued drouth complaints from the southwest.

Toward the end of the week the hope of peace seemed to bring considerable pressure against prices, particularly from Wall street and western sources. This selling was believed to be based upon a belief that while peace might cause a temporary advance it would be followed by declining prices, while the sellers were also talking a material increase in acreage this spring, and a possibility that continued delays in distribution would make it easier to deal with remaining old crop holders.

The few notices issued against January contracts were quickly stopped, and very little southern selling has been reported around the local ring. Discussion as to the effects of fuel scarcity has continued, but traders find it difficult to estimate the possible curtailment of production, and it is claimed that the position of goods has strengthened as to prices. The census report on ginning prior to January 16, showed rather a larger outturn than expected, but failed to create any fresh sentiment or to materially influence the market.

Japanese interests were credited with taking up cotton on January contracts and are said to be shipping some cotton from the local stock.

HESTER'S WEEKLY COTTON STATEMENT

(Comparisons are to actual dates, not to close of corresponding weeks).

In Thousand Bales.	
In sight for week	237
do. same seven days last year	234
do. same seven days year before	270
do. for the month	1,078
do. same date last year	1,036
do. same date year before	1,087
do. for season	9,601
do. same date last year	10,078
do. same date year before	8,713
Port receipts for season	4,148
do. same date last year	5,479
do. same date year before last	4,859
Overland to mills and Canada for season	911
do. same date last year	1,072
do. same date year before	750
Southern mill takings for season	2,696
do. same date last year	2,782
do. same date year before	2,266
Interior stocks in excess of August 1	746
do. last year	745
do. same date year before	838
Foreign exports for week	51
do. same seven days last year	162
do. same seven days year before	91
do. for season	2,517
do. same date last year	3,674
do. same date year before	2,691
Northern spinners' takings and Canada for week	37
do. same seven days last year	53
do. for season	1,544
do. to same date last year	1,907
Statement of Spinners' Takings of American Cotton Throughout the World.	
This week	251
Same seven days last year	386
Same seven days year before	323
Total since August 1	6,832
Same date last year	8,027
Same date year before	7,571
Statement of World's Visible Supply.	
Total visible this week	4,446
do. last week	4,453
do. same date last year	5,353
do. same date year before	5,921
Of this the total American this week	3,573
do. last week	3,187
do. last year	4,180
do. year before	4,422
All other kinds this week	1,273
do. last week	1,266
do. last year	1,173
do. year before	1,499
Visible in the United States this week	2,462
do. this date last year	2,469
Visible in other countries this week	1,984
do. same date last year	2,884

DUN FINDS MONDAY CLOSING LESSENS VALUE OF TRADE

New York, January 25.—Dun's tomorrow will say:

With the recurrence of severe storms and extreme cold in sections of the east and elsewhere, the drastic measures adopted to ameliorate the traffic congestion have not been fully effective and freight embargoes have again been resorted to as a means of expediting shipments of urgently needed war materials, foodstuffs and fuel. The practically general Monday suspension of business over a wide area naturally lessened the volume of merchandise moving into consumptive channels. Recognition that supplies for strictly civilian uses will be more than ever difficult to obtain now that outputs have been still further curtailed, has prompted efforts among some interests to cover forward requirements at rising prices, yet sellers are increasingly reluctant to engage themselves ahead, and not a few manufacturers are so largely occupied with government work that demands from the regular trade cannot even be considered.

Weekly bank clearings, $5,291,366,031.

FOOD ADMINISTRATION PRICES FOR ATLANTA

The following official prices are published by the state and county United States food administrators as a guide to housewives in Atlanta and Fulton county. If you pay cash and carry your purchases with you, the lowest prices should prevail. Credit and delivery is expensive to the merchant and he is allowed to charge up to the highest listed prices on all purchases which are charged and delivered. The lowest prices quoted are not fixed, but are taken from quotations of some cash and carry stores.

These are the official prices coming from the offices of Andrew M. Soule, federal food administrator for Georgia, and J. H. Ewing, food administrator for Fulton county.

Articles—	Cash and Carry Away.	Highest Retail Credit Price.
Sweet Potatoes—		
According to quality, pound	3½@4c	½3@5c
Corn meal, pound	4½c	5c
Rice—Whole grain, pound	10c	10@12½c
Extra fine, pound	12½c	15c
Cracked rice, pound	....	9@10c
Butter—Fresh country, pound	....	50c
Best grade, storage	....	60c
Creamery, pound	50c	....
Extra fresh, pound	54c	60c
Oleomargarine—		
Good, pound	....	30c
Best, pound	34c	40c
Nut Cream, pound	....	40c
Georgia Cane Syrup, according to cost to merchant—No. 10 cans (approximately one gallon	89@98c	$1.15@1.25
Compound Syrup— No. 10 can (approximately one gallon), according to cost to merchant	89@98c	$1.15@1.25
Sugar—Granulated, pound	9@10c	11c
Clarified, pound	8 1-3	11c
Red Snapper—Whole, without head, but with scales, pound	....	18c
Without scales, pound	....	20c
Steak, without scales, pound	....	25c
Cooking Fats—Cotton Seed Oil—Refined for cooking and eating, pint	35c	40c
Corn Oil—Refined for cooking and eating, pint	....	40c
California Grade Black-eye Peas—pound	10c	13c
Cheese—Full cream	....	35@37½c
Full milk	30c	35c
Canned Corn—Standard No. 2 can	15c	20c
Prunes—Prices of five or six varieties, by sizes, pound	11-12-15	17-17½-20-25c
Extra fine, pound	....	30c
Bread—16-ounce loaves	8c	10c
Beans—Dried Navy, pound	17c	20c
Lima, pound	17c	20c
Red Kidney, pound	14c	20c
Pink, pound	11c	18c
Brazilian Brown, pound	10c	15c
Irish Potatoes—Pound	.3½	4½c
Grits—Bulk, pound	6c	8c
Package, 1½-lb., package	12c	15c
Dried Apples—First grade, pound	15c	25c
Sun dried, pound	15c	17½c
Sugar—Crarified, pound	8½c	....
Turnips—Rutabagas, Pound	3½c	4c
Cabbage—White, hard	4½c	6c
Peaches—Evaporated	14c	....
Sweet Potatoes—No. cans	15c	....
English Peas—Soaked, No. 2 cans	10c	....
Macaroni — Best grade, domestic 8-oz. package	8c	....

Country Produce.

New York, January 25.—Cheese, firmer; state milk, common to specials, 20@25½; skims, common to specials, 8@20.

Butter, steady; receipts, 8,060; creamery, special market, 54@54½; imitation creamery, firsts, 42@53.

Eggs, unsettled; receipts, 6,288; near-by white fancy, 70@72; near-by mixed fancy, 65@68; fresh firsts, 64@68.

Chicago, January 25.—Butter, creamery extras, 49; creamery firsts, 48; firsts, 45@47½; seconds, 41@44.

Eggs—Ordinaries, 53@56; firsts, 57@58.

Cheese—Twins, 23@23½; young Americas, 26½@27.

Live Poultry—Fowls, 20@25; ducks, 23@25; geese, 19@22½; springs, 24; turkeys, 24.

Potatoes—Cars, 3; Virginia barrels, all grades, $1.90@2.25.

Kansas City, January 25.—Butter, eggs and poultry, unchanged.

Live Stock.

Chicago, January 25.—Hogs: Receipts 60,000; weak. Bulk $15.70@16.00; light $15.20@15.85; mixed $15.45@16.00; heavy $15.40@16.00; rough $15.40@15.55; pigs $12.00@14.25.

Cattle: Receipts 15,000; weak. Native steers $8.30@13.70; stockers and feeders $7.10@10.60; cows and heifers $6.10@11.65; calves $9.00@15.50.

Sheep: Receipts 11,000; steady. Wethers $9.75@13.40; ewes $9.50@13.00; lambs $14.50@17.75.

Kansas City, January 25.—Hogs: Receipts 11,000; lower. Bulk $15.80@16.10; heavy $16.00@16.35; packers and butchers $16.00@16.25; light $15.85@16.15; pigs $11.00@13.75.

Cattle: Receipts 4,000; steady. Prime fed steers $12.00@13.50; dressed beef steers $11.00@11.25; western steers $8.50@12.25; southern steers $7.00@10.00; cows $6.50@10.50; heifers $7.00@11.50; stockers and feeders $7.00@11.60; bulls $6.75@10.00; calves $7.00@14.00.

Sheep: Receipts 7,000; lower. Lambs $15.75@16.50; yearlings $13.40@14.50; wethers $11.00@13.00; ewes $10.00@13.35; stockers and feeders $7.00@15.75.

St. Louis, January 25.—Hogs: Receipts 15,000; lower. Lights $15.90@16.20; pigs $13.50@15.25; mixed and butchers $15.95@16.40; good heavy $16.25@16.45; bulk $16.00@16.35.

Cattle: Receipts 2,500; lower. Native beef steers $8.00@13.60; yearling steers and heifers $7.00@13.50; cows $6.00@11.50; stockers and feeders $6.00@10.50; fair to prime southern beef steers $9.00@12.75; beef cows and heifers $6.00@10.00; prime yearling steers and heifers $7.50@10.00; native calves $6.00@15.75.

Sheep: Receipts 2,200; steady. Lambs $14.00@17.55; ewes $11.50@13.00; wethers $11.50@13.25; canners and choppers $6.00@9.00.

Naval Stores.

Savannah, Ga., January 25.—Turpentine, dull, 46½; sales, none; receipts, 3; shipments, 7; stock, 35,921.

Rosin, steady; sales, 448; receipts, 259; shipments, none; stock, 90,410.

Quotations—B, D, E, F, G and H, $6.15; I, $6.20; K, $6.50; M, $6.80; N, $7.20; window glass, $7.40; water white, $7.50.

Jacksonville, Fla., January 25.—Turpentine, steady, 44; sales, 104; receipts, 336; shipments, 176; stock, 62,601.

Rosin, firm; sales, 781; receipts, 1,540; shipments, 7725; stock, 167,475.

Quote—B, D, E, F

SCORES OPPOSITION TO THE PRESIDENT

Judge Beck Condemns Faction Now Seeking Formation of Special War Cabinet in Speech to Burns Club.

"If you can say a braw, bricht, moonlicht nicht,
Ye're all richt, ye ken."

So sang the members of the Burns club and their friends at the dinner given Friday night to commemorate the memory of the one hundred and fifty-ninth anniversary of the birth of the famous poet of Ayrshire.

It was easy for them to say and sing "A braw, bricht, moonlicht nicht," because the present drastic prohibition laws had precluded the possibility of a "noggin o' punch" interfering with their speech, for there was not a "wee bit drapple" there, although there was some good heather tea, such as old wives in the hills of Scotia know how to brew.

The spirit of Burns was at the dinner, and doubtless felt at home with the Jocks and Robbies, Andrews and Sandys of the descendants of the ancient Scottish clans gathered together in a house that he could not have told from his own beloved home in Ayr.

No Evidence of Hooverism.

There was no evidence of Hooverism in the dinner. It is not probable that Mr. Hoover ever thought of haggisless Friday, or prohibiting the eating of a finnan haddie any day or any occasion, much less on the occasion of a Burns' anniversary dinner.

Between the broth and the haggis, speeches were made by some of Atlanta's leading citizens, and while these speeches were filled with tributes to Bobbie Burns, both as man and poet, it was noticeable that there was a vein of patriotism running through all of them and the speeches were interspersed with songs.

Ex-Governor John M. Slaton introduced Rev. M. Ashby Jones, D. D., the orator of the evening, who spoke on "The Immortal Memory of Robert Burns."

"The man who can dream and then make the world sing his dreams is the master of the great harp of nature," said Dr. Jones. "Such men are made of the very stuff of God's breath and live forever. Burns dreamed of a splendid democracy, and the dream is now coming true. This was not a dream of a democratic government, because true democracy is not a form, but a democracy born out of the hearts of men who love mankind."

Judge Beck Defends President.

Judge Marcus W. Beck made a notable address in which he defended the course of President Wilson through the course of the war and condemned the faction in Washington that is insisting upon the formation of a war cabinet.

"I was not a Wilson man when he first ran for president," said Judge Beck, "but I am for him now, body and soul. I firmly believe that Wilson is the one man—the only man—who can guide the ship of state on its present perilous journey. It is hazardous to attack him and weaken his power just now by dividing authority."

Rabbi David Marx made an eloquent response to a toast to "The Day We Celebrate."

Captain Andre Rostand, of the French army, who wears the cross of the legion of honor and other decorations received for valor on the battlefields of France, was cheered and given the chautauqua salute when he arose to answer the toast to "Our Allies."

A business session had been held before the banquet, at which Dr. John Osman, a native of Ayr, was elected president of the club and A. A. Craig was elected first vice president.

LETTER FOR ATHENS, GA., RETURNS FROM GREECE

Athens, Ga., January 25.—(Special.)—A letter written by Mrs. Dorothy Hart Cobb, now in training for a trained nurse in foreign service, at a hospital in Ann Arbor, Mich., mailed and postmarked October 27, reached Athens, the home of the father of Mr. Cobb, Judge Andrew J. Cobb, on January 21, and has been dispatched to young Cobb at Fort Sill, Okla., where he has been, since October, on army duty. The letter was sent to Athens, Greece, opened there by a censor, visited several European points, came back to American intact, despite the confusion of war conditions and arrived in Athens, Ga., in less than three months.

TAKING NITRATE ORDERS FOR LAURENS FARMERS

Dublin, Ga., January 25.—(Special.)—J. B. Tyre, federal farm agent for Laurens county, has announced that he is ready to take orders from the farmers for nitrate of soda, which the government will sell them at cost, and has appointed a local committee to aid him, consisting of H. G. Bartlett, J. M. Finn, G. H. Williams and E. D. White.

SPORTS

Edited by Dick Jemison.

Auburn Plays A. A. C. Five Tonight

PLAINSMEN HERE TO BATTLE A. A. C.

Locals Present a Changed Line-Up Due to Injuries in the Recent Game With Georgia.

Mike Donahue and his Auburn Plainsmen have arrived in Atlanta for their game with the Atlanta Athletic club basketball team tonight at the A. A. C. gymnasium. The contest starts at 8:30 o'clock.

The Plainsmen will furnish the local team a stiff engagement, though the locals are expecting to come away with the larger end of the score.

The A. A. C. will be minus the services of three of its stars in the game tonight, Captain Emory Cocke is out with a bad hand; Everett Strupper is still suffering from blood poisoning in his foot, while Johnny Dodge hurt his lame ankle again in the game with Georgia last Saturday.

Bryan will play one of the forward positions with Howard Graves working as his side kick. Gilbert Fraser, the Tech High school star, will jump at the pivotal position in place of Captain Cocke, making his debut in an A. A. C. uniform in this engagement. Dunwoody and Hartney will still look after the guarding assignments.

The usual dancing feature will follow the game.

G. M. A. IS STILL LEADING PREPS

Prep Standing.

Teams.	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
G. M. A.	3	0	1.000
Boys' High	3	1	.750
Commercial	2	2	.500
Marist	2	2	.500
Tech High	2	2	.500
Fulton High	1	2	.333
Peacock	0	4	.000

By Clark Foreman.

Boys' High, Tech High and G. M. A. were the winners in the fifth round of the Boys' Prep league, played Friday. G. M. A. is still at the head of the league with a percentage of 1.000. Boys' High is second, and Commercial, Tech High and Marist are tied for third, with a percentage of .500. Fulton High is next and Peacock last. This is the result of the fifth round of the league.

Boys' High defeated Commercial High by the count of 20 to 13 in a fast, hard-fought struggle, Friday at Wesley Memorial. Boys' High started in like a whirlwind, scoring four points in the first thirty seconds of play, while not at this rate all the time they played well all the rest of the half, the score at the end of the period being 16 to 5 in favor of the winners. Frank Anderson's boys changed things radically in the second half, keeping B. H. S. down to four points in the whole half, while they made 8, the final score being 20 to 13.

McGarrity and Staton were the stars for Boys' High, both playing good ball. McGarrity rung up more points than any other player—13. Markeles, of B. H. S., also played a fine game. Manos and Smith featured for Commercial High.

The line-up:

BOYS' HIGH.	Pos.	COMMERCIAL.
McGarrity (12)	Left Forward	Manos (7)
Jenks, Wood...	Right Forward	Womack (1)
Staton (6).....	Center	Smith (4)
Davis.....	Left Guard	Barkin (1)
Markeles.....	Right Guard	Cody

Field goals, for Boys' High, McGarrity 6, Staton 3, Markeles 1; for Commercial, Manos 2, Smith 2; foul goals, for Commercial, Manos 3, Womack 1, Barkin. Referee, McMath. Time, 20-15.

Tech High 36, Fulton 10.

Tech High defeated Fulton High in a fast game by the score of 36 to 10. Both teams played good ball, but the "Smithies" outplayed the county boys.

Markeles made his debut into prep basketball for Tech High yesterday, and he was the star of the whole game, ringing up 15 points. Lyle and Turner did some fine guarding, and to them should be attributed largely the glory of winning. Turner ringing up eight points besides. Heard and Stephenson featured for Fulton High.

The line-up:

TECH HIGH.	Pos.	FULTON.
Munford (9),..	Right Forward	.....
Coggins (2).		Stephenson (3)
Markeles (15)...	Left Forward	Schell (2)
Bennett (2).....	Center	Venable
Lyle.....	Right Guard	McCurdy
		Heard
Turner (8).....	Left Guard	Hemperly (2)

Referee, Fancher. Peacock forfeited to G. M. A. and Marist had an off-day.

G. M. A. WILL PLAY COLUMBUS HIGH

Georgia Military Academy, leaders of Atlanta's Prep league, will go to Columbus, Ga., today and tonight will play the Columbus High School team, which won the prep championship of the state of Georgia last year.

Struppa, who is starring with the Atlanta preps this season, was a member of the Columbus aggregation last season, and had much to do with their winning the title.

The game is, therefore, of considerable interest to the followers of basketball in this section.

LEWIS AND DRAAK IN WRESTLING BOUT AT THE AUDITORIUM

Tonight at the Auditorium-Armory, Ed "Strangler" Lewis and Tom Draak will meet in a finish wrestling bout.

The terms call for the best two in three falls.

Some preliminaries between contestants at Camp Gordon will also be staged.

A percentage of the proceeds go to the soldiers.

The show begins at 8:30.

BIG LEAGUE SEASON WILL OPEN ON APRIL 15

Pittsburg, Pa., January 25.—The baseball season of 1918 for the National league and American league will open on April 15. This was announced tonight at the close of the three-day sessions of the major league schedule drafting committee, appointed by the National Baseball commission. Beyond stating that conflicting dates of games played by the two leagues in the same city had been eliminated to a greater degree than ever before, members of the committee refused to give out any details. Until the schedules are officially adopted the opponents of the various clubs in the opening games will not be given out.

The drafting of the schedules was completed tonight and President Johnson, of the American league, who was ill yesterday, was able to leave for his home tonight.

Maybury Ill.

St. Paul, Minn., January 25.—James Maybury, world famous as a sprinter, is seriously ill in a hospital here. Maybury of late years has been practicing law in St. Cloud, Minn.

COLLEGE QUINTS IN BATTLE ROYAL

Georgia Five Invades Macon Tonight for Engagement With Mercer University Quintet.

Macon, Ga., January 25.—(Special.—This city will be the scene of one of the hottest basketball games in history, when the University of Georgia five comes here for a game with the Mercer university five tomorrow night.

The victory of the Red and Black over the Atlanta Athletic club makes them rule as the favorites in advance of the battle, but the Baptists have been working hard ever since their defeat at the hands of the A. A. C. and are in much better shape for Georgia than they were for the other game.

Mercer's team play has been improving rapidly and the Baptists are confident that they will give the Georgia boys a tough run for the large end of the score Saturday night.

The line-up of the two teams will probably be:

GEORGIA.	Positions.	MERCER.
Pound.....	Left Forward	Whitchard
Cox.....	Right Forward	Morgan
Scott.....	Center	O'Quinn
Mott.....	Left Guard	Weekly
Pew.....	Right Guard	Newton

FRANCIS OUIMET IS REINSTATED

Philadelphia, January 25.—The United States Golf association at its annual meeting here tonight adopted a resolution reinstating Francis Ouimet, former national amateur golf champion. There was only one dissenting vote.

The action of the association gave full amateur standing to Ouimet, whose suspension for allegel professionalism because of the sale of sporting goods created widespread comment in golf circles.

The resolution, as adopted on the recommendation of the executive committee, explained that the action was taken because of Ouimet's presence in the national army, as a sergeant, and the fact that he had severed his personal connection with his sporting goods business.

The association voted not to hold national tournaments during the period of the war, last year's action by the executive committee having been limited to dispensing with the national tournament during 1917 only.

Frederick I. Wheeler, of New York, who was elected president of the association, in his introductory address said that as long as the country was at war the holding of a national tournament was "inappropriate and ill-timed." Henry McSweeney, of Atlantic City, argued that members of the association not in the national service or subject to draft might just as well be permitted to play.

The executive committee was not opposed to sectional, city or club events, inasmuch as these required comparatively little time to play, and at the same time the players were in touch with their persona affairs. Final decision, however, was left to the clubs in these divisions. No recommendations in this respect were made by the executive committee.

Miss Bertha Farner Tells of Experiences In Service of France

Miss Bertha Farner, soprano with the Leonid Samoloff company, the Alkahest Lyceum attraction at the Auditorium last night, has a corn on her thumb. What is more, she doesn't expect to get rid of it as long as she lives and she got it washing clothes. She told a large audience so in an intermission between two numbers on the program.

Miss Farner was in Paris when the war broke out and offered her services to the Red Cross for hospital work. As she explained, she didn't know anything about nursing, but was big and strong and they were glad to get anyone at all in those days. She worked for over nine months in the war hospitals of France, and said that she did everything from washing clothes over a smooth rock at the edge of a stream to helping in some pretty serious operations. At first she used to faint at some of the horrors, but always "came to" exactly where she had fallen, because no one had any time to pick her up. So she got over fainting.

Miss Farner has an attractive lyric soprano voice which easily filled the big Auditorium. She has an unusual range and the tone of her higher notes is beautifully full.

Leonid Samoloff, tenor, is an accomplished artist. His rendering of the "Lament Song," from Pagliacci, won an ovation. Miss Lillian Schienkman, violincellist, gave some splendid solos and played in ensemble numbers with rare discrimination. S. Mann, the pianist, responded to a number of bows following his interpretation of "Love's Dream," by Liszt.

Probably the most appreciated numbers on the program were the quartets by the entire company, "Carry Me Back to Old Virginia" winning the audience in the first part. The quartet, "Sacred Crucifix," at the close will long linger in the memories of those who heard it.

COMMITTEE CANCELS INSURANCE POLICY OF BOILERS OF CITY

Will the Hartford Boiler Insurance company refund to the city of Atlanta $678.50, or any part of that amount, which it received from Comptroller Goldsmith on December 11, 1917, in payment for an insurance policy on 16 boilers owned and operated by the city.

That is the question that is making Comptroller Goldsmith and his assistant, Graham West, do some tall guessing, and the reason they are bothered is that the city attorney has expressed his opinion that the deal with the Hartford Insurance company was illegal because it was made on order of former Councilman O. H. Williamson, who was then chairman of the insurance committee, without consulting the other members of the committee.

The insurance committee met Friday afternoon and voted to abrogate the contract made by Mr. Williamson, cancel the Hartford policy, demand the return of the money paid for it and place the boiler insurance with the Travelers' Insurance company.

In taking this action, the members of the committee said they had no criticism to make of Mr. Williamson's action in placing the contract; that he probably believed he had authority to place it. Neither had they any criticism to make of the comptroller's office in paying for the policy. As Graham West, chief clerk to the comptroller, explained, the payment was made in good faith on the order of former Councilman Williamson and the policy was issued by the Hartford company in good faith.

Whether the Hartford company will refund the money on demand or wait for the city to bring suit, is a question that can only be answered by the officials of that company, and they are not talking about the matter just yet.

SCHOOL CHILDREN TO HAVE GARDENS

10,000 Youngsters Will Add $100,000 to Food Production of City as Result of Work This Year.

Plans for increasing the efficiency of the schools and extending the work of the pupils are mapped out in the comprehensive annual report of city schools which J. C. Wardlaw, superintendent of schools, filed Friday with the board of education.

There are now 27,935 pupils enrolled in the sixty-five schools of the city, which require the employment of 831 workers and entail an expense of $1,024,962.47, according to the figures in the tentative budget for 1918.

In his report Professor Wardlaw shows that under the Yeomans act $9,627.36 worth of books and supplies were sold by the school board through the teachers during the year, the sales netting a profit of about $1,200, which was used to defray the expenses of installing a heating plant in the English avenue school annex.

The report shows that the tuition fees from non-resident pupils show an increase year after year. The record for the past four years follows: 1914, $1,986.50; 1915, $3,654.77; 1916, $5,281.22; 1917, $6,750.10.

About 200 school boys took advantage of the opportunity given for military training last fall, and twice a week were drilled by Major A. C. Clark and Lieutenant R. M. Burr, of Fort McPherson.

Ten thousand Atlanta school children will get out their spades, hoes and rakes early in the spring and raise $100,000 in garden produce in school yards and their own home back yards during the summer, if the plans of the school department do not miscarry. This patriotic adjunct to the school training will be handled in a systematic manner during the summer to insure its success.

The vacation schools conducted during six weeks of last June and July resulted in 906 promotions of boys and girls who had been unable to pass their spring examinations from some cause or other, and resulted in an estimated saving of $15,621.38, by having them advanced to higher grades.

Thomas County Board.

Thomasville, Ga., January 25.—(Special.)—The local board has about finished its work in classifying the questionnaires submitted by the registrants of Thomas county. No report has yet been received by those appealed to the district board, although in several of the nearby counties there have been a number of reversals unofficially reported.

ATLANTA'S STRIDES FROM DAY TO DAY

FULTON COUNTY TRANSFERS.

Warranty Deeds.

$15,000—Malcolm E. Turner to Mrs. Lila E. Camp, 736 Ponce de Leon avenue, 50x180. December 17, 1917.

$4,750—Mrs. Bertha L. Holbrook to Mrs. Katherine D. Ellicott, 237 Greenwood avenue, 50x100. March 11, 1916.

$2,000—Lowry National bank of Atlanta to L. H. Hicks, lot west side Howell Mill road, 212 feet north of Ridgeway avenue, 52x242. January 21, 1918.

$3,750—I. F. Mundy to Mrs. Anna S. Barrett, lot north side South Gordon street, 350 feet east of Ontario avenue, 40x172. February 9, 1917.

$1,500—Frances L. Kamper (by guardian) to C. J. Kamper, 6.25 interest in lot west side Lawton street, 211 feet south of Oak street, 52x187. October 2, 1917.

$30,000—Thomas J. Day to Robert A. Ryder et al., lot southwest corner Georgia avenue and Fraser street, 101x153; also lot south side Georgia avenue, 153 feet west of Fraser street, 50x200; also lot west side Fraser street, 111 feet south of Georgia avenue, 150x290. January 23, 1918.

$495—T. J. Bettes & Co., Inc., to Calvert Mortgage company, lot northwest corner Smith and Mary streets, 50x100. January 12, 1918.

$8,750—R. C. Little to J. B. Wight, 118 Garnett street, 36x87. Janary 16, 1918.

$2,800—T. J. Crawford to L. L. Apperson, lot south side Ormond street, 200 feet east of Washington street, 50x80. October 25, 1913.

Love and affection—Mrs. Cora A. Turner to John A. Turner, lot south side Jones avenue, 150 feet west of Gray street, 50x105. November 20, 1917.

$1,200—Mrs. Maud C. Dameron to Mrs. L. S. Beasley, 39 Broyles street, 37x175. January 12, 1918.

Loan Deeds.

$2,500—John S. Owens to Miss Mary Eppes, 98 Columbia avenue, 50x60. Five years, 6 per cent. January 22, 1918.

$2,750—Mrs. Kate D. Lindner to Fidelity Mutual Life Insurance company, 15 Barksdale drive, 50x240. Five years, 6 per cent. January 22, 1918.

$5,440—R. A. Ryder et al. to Investors' Savings company, lot southwest corner Georgia avenue and Fraser street, 101x153; also lot south side Georgia avenue, 153 feet west of Fraser street, 50x200; also lot west side Fraser street, 111 feet south of Georgia avenue, 150x290. Thirty notes. January 23, 1918.

$5,000—Mrs. Lelah O. Harper to Emory college, 25 acres at northeast corner Chattahoochee avenue and Railroad street, land lot 187, seventeenth district. January 24, 1918.

$1,000—A. T. and Anna Dunlap to D. R. Dunlap, lot southeast corner South avenue and Grant street, 100x122. One year, 6 per cent. March 15, 1910.

$2,500—Mrs. Caroline L. Barnett to Samuel Martin, lot west side Fort street, 160 feet south of Edgewood avenue, 57x162. January 24, 1918.

$2,000—Mrs. Anna S. Barrett to Prudential Insurance Company of America, lot north side South Gordon street, 350 feet east of Ontario avenue, 40x172. December 10, 1917.

$4,000—Mrs. May B. Price to same, 147 Peeples street, 81x300. Five years, 6 per cent, Janaufy 19, 1918.

$1,000—L. L. Apperson to Miss Lillian Smith, lot south side Ormond street, 200 feet east of Washington street, 50x800. January 23, 1918.

$750—Mrs. Lillian M. Taylor to Merchants and Mechanics' Banking and Loan company, No. 640 Chestnut street, 40x110. Five years, 7 per cent. January 23, 1918.

Quit-Claim Deeds.

$5—Hibernian Savings Building and Loan association to L. L. Apperson, lot on the south side of Ormond street, 200 feet east of Washington street, 50x800. January 23, 1918.

$5—J. Goldberg to Jacob Buchman, No. 826 Merritts avenue, 42x100. January 7, 1917.

$5—Mrs. Kate G. Ryder to Thomas J. Day, same property. January 18, 1918.

$1—Cement Stone and Tile company to Southern Tile and Stone company, lot on the east side of Jeptha street, between Beckwith and Parsons. January 17, 1918.

$77—Southern Tile and Stone company to B. J. Early, same property. June 12, 1915.

Levy and sale—Railway Postal Clerks' Investment association to R. L. Jones, lot on the northwest corner of Fraser and Crumley streets, 60x89. January, 1918.

$5—Georgia Investments to Mrs. Katheriee D. Ellicott, No. 237 Greenwood avenue. 1916.

$1 and for levy and sale—G. O. G. Coale to M. B. Young (by administrator), lot on the southeast side of South Forsyth street, 205 feet southwest of Brotherton street, 48x142. January 10, 1918.

Mortgages.

$644—Mrs. J. C. Bratten to A. G. Smith, lot on the east side of Connally street, 354 feet south of Clarke street, 36x120. January 24, 1918.

$250—Same to Ware & Harper, lot, same property. January 24, 1918.

$2,200—L. N. Eason to Fairburn Banking company, one-third interest in lot on the north side of Baugh street, 263 feet east of Connally street, 150x200. January 10, 1918.

Liens.

$37—Beck & Gregg Hardware company vs. M. L. Rauschenberg, lot on the south side of Park drive, 150 feet east of a 10-foot alley, 50x156. October 25, 1917.

$50—Same vs. same, lot on the west side of Elizabeth street, 548 feet northwest of Edgewood avenue, 60x200. December 5, 1917.

$37—Same vs. same, lot on the west side of Piedmont avenue, 265 feet northeast of East Race's Ferry road. December 26, 1917.

CHANGE OF RATES

Effective January 15, 1918.

COST OF WANT ADS IN THE CONSTITUTION

One time	10c a line	Each issue
Three times	9c a line	
Seven times	8c a line	
Thirty times or more ...	7c	

Advertisements under the following classifications will only be inserted when cash accompanies the order:

For Rent Rooms—Furnished or Unfurnished.
Wanted—Boarders.
Wanted—Board.
For Rent—Rooms Furnished.
For Rent—Rooms Unfurnished.
Wanted—To Rent Rooms Furnished.
Wanted—To Rent Rooms Unfurnished.
Situation Wanted—Male.
Situation Wanted—Female.

No phone orders accepted for advertisements that are to appear under "cash in advance" classifications.

Above rate for consecutive insertions only.

No advertisement accepted for less than two lines. Count six ordinary words to each line.

The Constitution will not be responsible for more than one incorrect insertion of any advertisement ordered for more than one time.

Discontinuance of advertising must be in writing. It will not be accepted by phone. This protects your interest as well as ours.

If you can't bring or send your Want Ad phone Main 5000 or Atlanta 5001.

Courteous operators, thoroughly familiar with rates, rules and classifications, will give you complete information. And if you wish, they will assist you in wording your want ad to make it most effective.

Accounts opened for ads (excepting those classifications that are cash with order) by telephone to accommodate you if your name is in the telephone directory. Want ads taken by telephone are to be paid for immediately upon application, bill to be presented by mail or solicitor the same day.

EVERY HOME HAS USE FOR CONSTITUTION WANT ADS.

LOST AND FOUND

LOST articles sometimes are never found, often they are stolen with no chance of recovery; but when picked up by honest persons they will get back to the owner if advertised in this column.

LOST.

A BLACK and satin beaded handbag with small alligator purse in Lewis' or between there and Cone's on Peachtree Friday. Please reply to 32 S. Forsyth st., or call Main 5421. Reward.

BICYCLE—Stolen. Boy who took same from in front of 125½ South Pryor street Thursday, 24th, is known. Return same and avoid trouble.

DOG—Lost, in College Park, setter dog, white, with brown spots, short tail. Finder notify G. W. Reeves, 611 East Cambridge ave. Phone E. P. 316-J. Reward.

GENTLEMAN'S black leather purse containing about $7 and some receipts on East Pine st. car. Return to Constitution.

KEYS—Lost Tuesday night, between Ivy St. and Auburn Ave. and Five Points, or on Brookwood or Whitehall car, bunch of five keys. Reward. West 17-L.

LOST—Thursday, black bill book, between W. & A. shops and 95 Davis street, containing $48 in bills and Atlanta National deposit slip. Reward. 95 Davis street or W. & A. shops.

LOST—Two large silver platters. Lost on C. of Ga. train from Griffin to Atlanta Wednesday morning, the 23d. Finder can get reward by communicating with Charles H. Cone, 522 Grant building. Ivy 1690.

LOST—In Decatur, male Collie; white, half of face brown; probably came toward Atlanta. Notify Dudley Glass. West 1459-J. Reward.

LOST—1907 S. C. S. pin, dragon head, diamond eyes and mouth. Reward. Hemlock 1525-J.

MR. L. H. WILKERSON picked up lady's suit case Friday morning by mistake at station, Ivy 1576-L. 45 Currier st., apt. 7.

$1,000 REWARD

FOR JEWELS stolen from residence of Mr. C. Downing, Brunswick, Ga. If returned with evidence to convict $1,000 reward. Diamond brooches, rings, necklaces, watches, etc. Or $500 reward for jewels returned and no questions asked.

$25.00 REWARD $25.00

FOR information leading to arrest and conviction of thief who stole from in front of Atlanta theater night of January 24, 1918, Studebaker touring car, 1916 model, motor No. 67022, Georgia license No. 13275. Car painted black with stripes around edges; right front fender bent on end and broken 18 inches back on top of curve; top skinned in two or three places on right side; car needed repainting; Shrine cap on radiator; speedometer out of order; registered 12,000 miles. Equipped with switch lock. Had non-skid Republic tires. Call R. W. Evans, 213 Empire bldg. Ivy 4831.

STOLEN—One Ford touring car, 1917 model, motor No. 1477779, with new back curtain and extra springs on front of car. Twenty-five dollars reward for information or return to owner. C. A. Williamson, Lizella, Ga.

TIRE—Stolen, one Kelly-Springfield tire, non-skid, 34x4; factory No. 319417; good reward if returned or thief convicted. Telephone Ivy 5664.

PERSONAL

CLAIRVOYANT & PALMIST
MME. PARKS

DO NOT FAIL to consult Mme. Parks. She will positively aid and direct you in matters of love, marriage, divorce, separation, business, etc. No. 10 Essie avenue. Take Soldiers' Home car and get off at Essie avenue. Hours, 10 a. m. to 7 p. m.

CLAIRVOYANT — PALMIST
MADAME MALONE

GUARANTEES to read your entire life, telling you anything you want to know and find out, no matter what. One visit will pay you for disappointments in others. She is gifted and can help you. Tells names, age and occupation and what step to take to better yourself. Explains love and family affairs. Reading daily 10 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays 10 a. m. to 1 p. m. 606 Lakewood avenue. Take Lakewood car to Owens.

MATERNITY Sanitarium, private, refined, homelike. Homes provided infants. Infants for adoption. Mrs. Mitchell, 22 Windsor St.

UNIFORMS AT COST

CLOSING OUT winter-weight O. D. wools and serges; ladies' and gents' hand-tailored suits at reduced prices during dull season. Arcade Tailoring Co., Room 101 Peachtree Arcade.

News of the Churches

CHRISTIAN

FIRST CHRISTIAN CHURCH
Corner South Pryor and Trinity.
"WHERE ARE THE DEAD?"
—and—
"THRICE-BORN MEN"
Will be the subjects of Dr. Bricker's sermons at 11 and 7:45.

BAPTIST

BAPTIST TABERNACLE
JOHN W. HAM, Pastor
9:30 A. M.—Sunday School.
11:00 A. M.—Sermon: "The Sword of Jesus Applied to the Modern Social Order."
6:15 P. M.—B. Y. P. U.
7:30 P. M.—"Modern Stars Guiding to Jesus."
Baptism at the evening service.
Strangers Welcome.
A. C. Boatman, Director of Music.

Third Sermon of Dr. Porter's Series on
"WATCH-WORDS OF THE WAR"
SECOND BAPTIST CHURCH
(Opposite State Capitol)
7:30 P. M. . . . . "THEY SHALL NOT PASS"
We invite you to share the joy of our services.

GORDON STREET BAPTIST
Corner Gordon St. and Lucile Ave.
9:30 A. M.—Bible Study.
11:00 A. M.—"Jesus as a Teacher and a Preacher."
7:30 P. M.—"My Church."
REV. J. H. COIN, Our New Pastor
"COME—BRING OTHERS"

PONCE DE LEON BAPTIST
(Corner Ponce de Leon and Piedmont Avenues)
DR. M. ASHBY JONES, Pastor.
Two Services Sunday.
11:00 A. M.—"The Prodigal and His Elder Brother."
7:45 P. M.—"Preparation for the Coming of Christ."

FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH
(Peachtree and Cain Streets)
DR. C. W. DANIEL, Pastor.
11:00 A. M.—"PLOWSHARES VS. SWORDS."
7:30 P. M.—"The Authority to Forgive Sins."

METHODIST EPISCOPAL

PONCE DE LEON AVE. M. E. CHURCH
CORNER PIEDMONT AVENUE, JAMES H. ELDER, PASTOR.
11:00—Bishop Charles Bayard Mitchell, D. D., LL. D., will preach.
9:45—Sunday school, C. A. Titus, Supt.
No Evening Service account of fuel shortage.

PRESBYTERIAN

FIRST PRESBYTERIAN
PEACHTREE AND SIXTEENTH STREETS.
DRINKING OF CHRIST'S CUP . 11:00 A. M.
Sermon by Dr. J. Sprole Lyons.
7:00 P. M.—Service at Camp Gordon Y. M. C. A. by Dr. Lyons and the choir.
Wednesday, 8:00 P. M.—Course in modern church history; lecture by Dr. Lyons on
"WHAT IS CALVINISM?"

CENTRAL PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH
(Opposite the Capitol)
11 A. M.—Dr. W. R. Dobyns, Religious Director, Camp Gordon.
4 P. M.—Service conducted by Business Men's Billy Sunday Club.

NORTH AVENUE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH
CORNER NORTH AVENUE AND PEACTREE STREETS.
DR. RICHARD ORME FLINN, PASTOR.
Morning Service at 11 o'clock—"FOR THE GOSPEL'S SAKE."
5:15 P. M.—Christian Endeavor.
4:00 P. M.—At Vesper Service, "DESPISE NOT THE DAY OF SMALL THINGS."
SPECIAL WELCOME TO SOLDIERS AND STRANGERS.

THEOSOPHICAL SOCIETY.

THEOSOPHICAL SOCIETY
Atlanta Lodge
Holds regular study and meditation meetings every Thursday at 8:15 p. m.
Sunday lecture and social meeting at 3 p. m.
Lotus Class for Children—study, harmony and development work, every Sunday at 9:45 a. m.
All meetings held in Society Hall on 5th floor Atlanta Trust Building, 140 Peachtree. These are all open meetings. Brethren from other lodges and interested friends from all walks of life are cordially invited to attend.

UNITARIAN

THE UNITARIAN CHURCH
301 W. Peachtree St.
11:00 A. M.—"The Quest of the Eternal."
A sermon on the eternal verities, by Rev. Walter S. Swisher, B. D.
All are cordially invited.

CHRISTIAN

WEST END CHRISTIAN
Corner Gordon and Dunn Streets.
REV. E. H. HUTCHINSON, PASTOR.
9:45 A. M.—Sunday school.
11:00 A. M.—"Put Out Into the Deep and Let Down the Net."
6:45 P. M.—Christian Endeavor.
7:45 P. M.—"The Sign of Christ's Kingdom, Or Is Christianity Failing?"

CHRISTIAN SCIENTIST

FIRST CHURCH OF CHRIST (SCIENTIST)
Temporarily at Cable Hall, 82 N. Broad St.
SUNDAY SERVICES 11 A. M. AND 8 P. M.
Sunday, January 27, "Truth."
Wednesday evening, testimonial meeting at 8 o'clock. Sunday school, 9:30 a. m. Public cordially invited. Reading room open daily. Sunday, 2 to 5 p. m; Wednesday, 9 a. m. to 7 p. m. Other days, 9 a. m. to 9 p. m., at 613 Grand Opera House.

BAPTIST

WEST END BAPTIST
DR. JNO. F. PURSER, PASTOR.
11:00 A. M.—"The Joy of Self Sacrifice."
7:30 P. M.—"A Helping Hand and a Word of Cheer."

CAPITOL AVENUE BAPTIST
Rev. W. H. Major, Pastor.
Preaching by the pastor at both services, 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.
Bible school 9:30.

EPISCOPAL

ALL SAINTS CHURCH
Corner North Avenue and West Peachtree.
Rev. W. W. Memminger, Rector
Holy communion, 8 a. m.
Morning prayer and sermon, 11 a. m.
Evening prayer, 4 p. m.
Sunday school, 9:45 a. m.
Men's Bible class, 10 a. m.
VISITORS WELCOME

METHODIST (South)

PAYNE MEMORIAL METHODIST
Kennedy Street.
REV. H. M. QUILLIAN, PASTOR.
9:30 A. M.—Sunday school.
Preaching, both services, by pastor.

FIRST METHODIST CHURCH (South)
Corner Peachtree and Porter Place.
REV. JAMES E. DICKEY, PASTOR.
Sunday school at 9:15 a. m.
Preaching 11 a. m. and 7:45 p. m. by the pastor.
Epworth league, 6:45 p. m.

WESLEY MEMORIAL CHURCH
J. A. SHARP, Pastor.
9:45 A. M.—Bible school.
11:00 A. M.—Preaching by pastor.
THE CHURCH WILL BE WARM.

ST. PAUL METHODIST
CORNER GRANT AND SIDNEY STREETS.
REV. R. A. EDMONSON, PASTOR.
9:30 A. M.—Sunday school.
11:00 A. M.—Services by pastor.
7:30 P. M.—Services by pastor.

Grace M. E. Church (South)
In Forrest Avenue School building.
Rev. Marvin Williams, pastor.
9:30 A. M.—Sunday School.
11:A. M.—"The Religious Slacker."

PRESBYTERIAN

ASSOCIATE REFORMED PRESBYTERIAN
Corner Whitehall and Whitehall Terrace.
REV. S. W. REID, PASTOR.
10:00 A. M.—Sabbath school.
11:00 A. M.—"Anna, the Prophetess."
7:45 P. M.—"The Poor in Spirit."
7:00 P. M.—Y. P. C. Union.

PRYOR ST. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH
("The Homelike Church.")
11:00 A. M.—"Christ's Estimate of Greatness."
7:30 P. M.—"Without Excuse."
Best Music—Scriptural Sermons and
"A WELCOME THAT NEVER WEARS OUT."

HARRIS ST. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH
Block West from Peachtree.
REV. JERE A. MOORE, PASTOR.
11:00 A. M.—Rev. John D. Lindsay will preach. Now camp pastor at Camp Gordon.
7:45 P. M.—Rev. Jere A. Moore will preach.
Soldiers at Camp Gordon and Fort McPherson are especialy invited.

SALVATION ARMY

SALVATION ARMY
97 MARIETTA ST.
Sunday school, 9 a. m.
Open-air meeting, 10 a. m.
Holiness meeting, 11 a. m.
Y. P. L. at 8 p. m.
Y. P. L. inside service at 6 p. m., 8 p. m., by Captain Kurtz.
Senior street service at 7 p. m. Captain Van Egmond in charge.

Use Constitution Want Ads

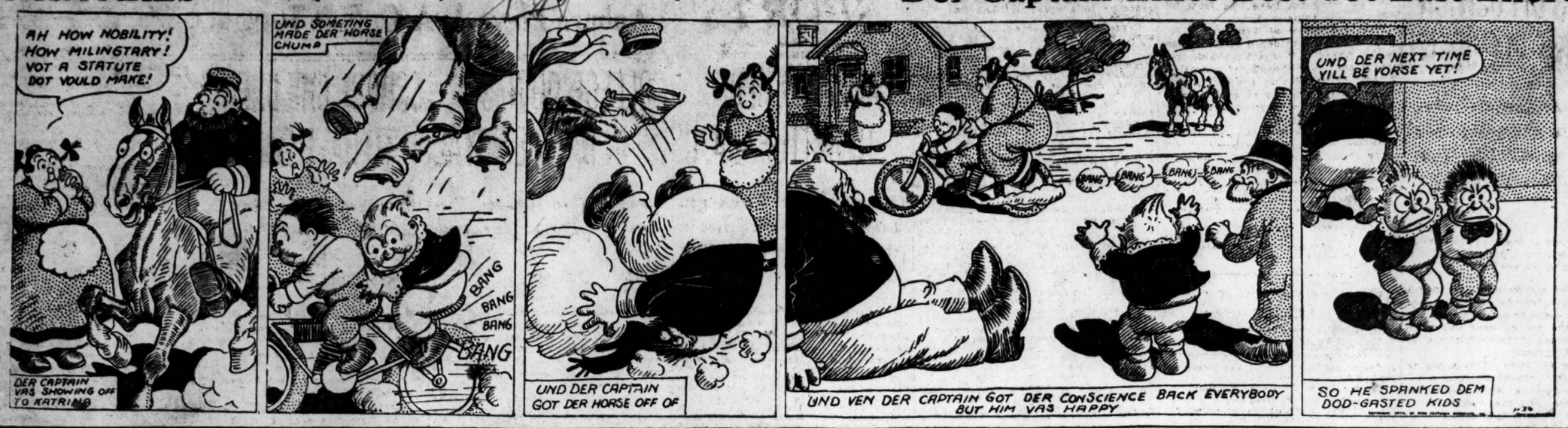
MEN GET CURED



By a true specialist who possesses the experience of years. The right kind of experience — doing the same thing the right way hundreds and perhaps thousands of times, with unfailing, permanent results. Don't you think it's time to get the right treatment? I hold out no false hopes if I find your case is incurable. If you desire to consult a reliable, long-established specialist of experience, come to me and learn what can be accomplished with skilful, scientific treatment. I cure Rectal troubles, such as Piles, Stricture, etc., without cutting; also Varicose Veins, which cause Weakness, Nervous Decline, etc., and allow you to pay when cured. Also treat successfully Blood Poison, Ulcers, Eczema, Kidney, Bladder and Chronic diseases of men and women.
Examination free and strictly confidential.
Hours: 9 a. m. to 5:30 p. m.; and Wednesdays and Saturdays, 7 p. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays and Holidays, 10 a. m. to 1, only.
DR. T. W. HUGHES, Specialist
Opposite Third National Bank.
19½ North Broad St., Atlanta, Ga.

DER KATZIES

Der Captain Likes Best dot Last Exercise



IF YOU HAVE AN OLD SEWING MACHINE, OR SOME OLD FURNITURE, WE CAN SELL IT FOR YOU. TRY OUR "FOR SALE MISCELLANEOUS" COLUMN

RAILROAD SCHEDULES

The arrival and departure of passenger trains Atlanta.

The following schedule figures are published only as information and are not guaranteed.

Atlanta Terminal Station.

*Daily except Sunday. †Sunday only.

Atlanta, Birmingham and Atlantic.

Effective June 25.	Arrive.	Leave.
Waycross and Thomasville.	6:00 am	7:45 am
Waycross and Thomasville.	4:25 pm	11:00 pm

Sleeping cars on night trains between Atlanta and Thomasville, Atlanta and Waycross. City ticket office, 88 Peachtree. Telephones—Ivy 2845; Atlanta 100.

Atlanta and West Point Railroad Company.

No.	Arrive From—	No.	Depart To—
42	West Pt..	35	New Or...
13	Columb's	19	Columbus
38	New Or.	33	Montgo'y.
40	New Or...	39	New Or...
34	Montgo'y.	17	Columbus.
30	Columbus	37	New Or..
36	New Or.	41	West Pt..

42 West Pt..	8:35 am	35 New Or...	6:50 am
13 Columb's	10:55 am	19 Columbus	7:10 am
38 New Or.	11:45 am	33 Montgo'y.	8:55 am
40 New Or...	3:15 pm	39 New Or...	2:00 pm
34 Montgo'y.	7:00 pm	17 Columbus.	4:05 pm
30 Columbus	7:55 pm	37 New Or..	6:50 pm
36 New Or.	12:05 am	41 West Pt..	5:45 pm

City Ticket Office, 50 Peachtree St.

Central of Georgia Railway. "The Right Way."

Arrive From—		Depart To—	
Savannah...	6:25 am	Savannah...	8:00 am
Thomasville.	10:20 am	Albany.....	8:00 am
Albany.....	6:25 am	Macon.....	12:30 pm
Macon.....	6:25 am	Macon.....	4:00 pm
Jacksonville.	6:55 am	Jacksonville.	8:25 pm
Jacksonville.	7:40 am	Valdosta....	8:25 pm
Macon.....	10:45 am	Savannah...	10:10 pm
Macon.....	1:55 pm	Jacksonville	10:05 pm
Savannah...	4:20 pm	Thomasville	11:30 pm
Albany.....	6:15 pm	Albany.....	11:30 pm

City ticket office, Fourth National Bank building, Peachtree and Marietta streets. Telephones—Ivy 141; Atlanta phone 58.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY SYSTEM.

Arrives From—	Departs For—	Arrives From—	Departs For—
5:30 a New York	12:00 n	1:40 p New York	3:45 p
11:10 p Chicago	6:35 a	8:25 p Chatta.	8:00 p
9:55 p Kan. City*	6:10 a	8:16 a Toccoa	4:45 p
10:35 a Chatta.	6:50 a	11:40 a Cincinnati	5:35 p
1:40 p Richmond	9:30 a	10:55 a Columbus	5:10 p
10:10 p Columbus	7:30 a	11:15 a Memphis	5:15 p
7:50 p Brun's't.	7:50 a	10:30 a Ft. Valley	5:20 p
6:15 p New York	12:00 n	10:20 a Macon	5:30 p
5:40 p Charlotte	6:30 a	5:45 a Jarville	10:05 p
6:10 p Jarville	11:50 a	7:25 a Charlotte	10:40 p
2:50 p Birm'ham	1:50 p	6:25 a Jarville	11:20 p
9:00 p Greenville	12:15 p	7:45 a Shrevep't	11:30 p

Seaboard Air Line Railway Company. "The Progressive Railway of the South." Effective January 13, 1918.

No.	Arrive From—	No.	Depart To—
11	N. Y.....	7:00 am	11 Birmin'm. 6:30 am
11	Norfolk...	7:00 am	30 Monroe... 6:40 am
12	Washin'n.	7:00 am	6 N. Y. .... 12:15 pm
11	Portsm'h.	7:00 am	6 Washi'n. 12:15 pm
17	Abbe,S.C.	8:50 am	6 Norfolk. 12:15 pm
6	Memphis	11:59 am	6 Portsm'h 12:15 pm
6	Birmi'm.	11:59 am	6 Richm'd. 12:15 pm
23	Pied't,Ala	10:00 am	23 Pied't,Ala 3:50 pm
5	N. Y.	4:20 pm	5 Birmin'm. 4:30 pm
5	Washi'n..	4:20 pm	5 Memphis.. 4:30 pm
5	Norfolk...	4:20 pm	18 Abbe,S.C. 4:00 pm
5	Portsm'h.	4:20 pm	12 N. Y. .... 8:30 pm
12	Birmin'm.	8:00 pm	12 Norfolk... 8:20 pm
29	Monroe...	8:05 pm	12 Portsm'h. 8:20 pm

City Ticket Office, 88 Peachtree St. Telephone—Ivy 2845.

Union Passenger Station.

Georgia Railroad.

*Daily Except Sunday.

No.	Arrive From—	No.	Depart To—
2	Charles'n	7:00 am	2 Augusta and East.... 6:45 am
3	Wilmin'n	7:00 am	6 Augusta 11:45 am
*11	Conyers.	7:25 am	8 Augusta 2:25 pm
*13	Union Pt.	9:40 am	*14 Union Pt. 6:10 pm
1	Augusta.	1:15 pm	4 Charles'n 8:10 pm
5	Augusta and East.	5:00 pm	4 Wilmin'n 8:10 pm
7	New York and Aug.	8:20 pm	

Louisville and Nashville Railroad.

Effective Nov. 21—	Leave.	Arrive.
Cincinnati-Louisville....	7:15 am	9:55 pm
Chicago and Northwest		
Cincinnati and Louisville..	4:45 pm	11:45 am
Knoxville via Blue Ridge..	7:25 am	5:10 pm
Knoxville via Cartersville..	7:15 am	9:55 pm
Knoxville via Cartersville..	4:45 pm	11:45 am
Blue Ridge accommodation	3:40 pm	10:35 am

The 7:15 a. m. train will arrive Terminal Station.

Western and Atlantic Railroad.

No.	Arrive From—	No.	Depart To—
3	Nashville.	7:15 am	94 Chicago.. 8:15 am
6	Chattanooga and Rome	10:25 am	2 Nashville. 8:20 am
93	Chatta's.	11:20 am	92 Chattan's. 5:15 pm
1	Nashville.	7:05 pm	6 Rome and Chattan's 5:25 pm
95	Chicago..	8:05 pm	4 Nashville. 8:50 pm

No. 95, Dixie Flyer, arrives Terminal Station.

TAXICABS

BELLE ISLE—TAXICABS
IVY 166. 4 LUCKIE ST. IVY 5196.

TAXICABS
EXCELSIOR AUTO COMPANY.
I. 1548— 12 LUCKIE—I. 322

MUSIC AND DANCING

COURTNEY'S 44½ EAST HUNTER street. Main 1074-J. Dancing Tuesday and Saturday nights. Collins' orchestra. Lessons daily, 3 to 6 and 8 to 10 p. m.

LANE'S DANCING every Tuesday and Saturday. Private lessons any time. Phone Ivy 5786.

WEST END DANCING ACADEMY, 218½ Lee. Dancing Thurs. and Sat. Admis. 50c.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS

DRUM and Bugle Corps instruments. Melody Bells, Marimbas, Xylophones. Southern Drum Co., Atlanta Theater Bldg.

Use Constitution Want Ads

HELP WANTED

HELP WANTED—Male

ASPHALT SLATE SHINGLERS; 13 Bryan street. May, at job, 8 a. m.

WANTED—News agent on trains. Crescent News 34 E. Hunter.

WANTED—Experienced clinical laboratory assistant. Ivy 5497.

MEN—We give course, No. 1 set of tools, paying position in our chain of shops, for $28.50. Atlanta Barber College, 31 S. Pryor.

OUT-OF-TOWN corporation desires service of men for making up pay rolls and other clerical work; must not be subject to draft; salary $75 per month and good opportunity for promotion. Furnish references with letter of application. Box P-580, care Constitution.

HELP WANTED—Male

MACHINISTS BORING MILL MEN

ALSO large and small lathe operators, planers, assemblers, bench and floor work erecting and repair work. Experienced men only need apply. Our hiring rate is high and advancement liberal to the men who can qualify. Railroad fare refunded after 90 days' service. Steady work, 8-hour day. No labor trouble. Applicants must be able to pass the physical examination required at our office. If further information is necessary communicate with us, otherwise bring this ad and apply in person at our employment office.

THE GOODYEAR TIRE & RUBBER CO.
Akron, Ohio.

OFFICE BOY—Wanted, neat appearance and living with parents. Phone Ivy 5446 Saturday morning.

WANTED—First-class trimmer and automobile upholsterer. Communicate with C. F. Stroberg & Son, Macon, Ga.

WANTED—A wood turner. We want combination man for lathe and other machine work. Thomasville Variety Works, Thomasville, Ga.

WANTED—Railway mail clerks, $75 month, sample examination; questions free. Franklin Institute, Dept. 56-L, Rochester, N. Y.

WANTED—Bright young man to operate billing machine. Apply 915 Grant bldg.

HELP WANTED—Female

EXPERIENCED POWER MACHINE OPERATORS TO MAKE MATTRESS TICKS. GHOLSTIN SPRING AND MATTRESS CO., CORNER MADISON AND NELSON STS.

GIRL—Wanted, competent girl to do general housework. Call Ivy 7006-L.

GIRLS—Why not learn millinery? Prepare now for fall season. Complete course $10. Ideal Millinery School, 98½ Whitehall st.

WANTED

FIFTEEN EXPERIENCED OPERATORS. FIVE FINISHERS TO SEW HOOKS AND EYES BY HAND; STEADY WORK AND GOOD PAY.
L. & L. MANUFACTURING CO.,
39 SOUTH FORSYTH ST.

WOULD you like $1 or $2 daily at home, knitting war sox on Auto Knitters? Experience unnecessary. Send 3c stamp. Dept. 50-C, Auto Knitter Company, 821 Jefferson ave., Buffalo, N. Y.

WANTED — GIRLS TO WORK IN CANDY AND CRACKER DEPARTMENT. FRANK E. BLOCK CO., 80 ELLIOTT ST.

WANTED—Lady ushers. Apply Box office Forsyth Theater, Saturday morning.

WANTED—Good dictaphone operator, permanent position, good salary, to right party. Ivy 915.

WANTED—At once, experienced stenographer; permanent position. Call at 915 Grant building.

WANTED—Lady for clerk in a bakery. 35 Decatur street.

4 BRIGHT GIRLS, LIGHT CLERICAL WORK; ALSO ONE TYPIST. 1018 ATLANTA NATIONAL BANK BLDG.

HELP WANTED—Male and Female

PRIVATE sec., steno., dictaphone operator, butler, cook, maid, nurse. 704 Silvey bldg.

WANTED — A few good families of spinners and spoolers for our Payne Mill. Best of wages paid; cheap house rent in our own village. Address W. R. Moody, Supt., Crumps Park, Macon, Georgia.

SALESMEN AND SOLICITORS

SALESMEN—Magnificent line of beautiful new maps. War maps, world maps, state maps, great demand. Big profit. Workers reaping harvest. Hudgins Co., Atlanta, Ga.

WANTED—City salesman to sell candies and grocers' supplies to local trade; state age, references and salary wanted. Address P-577, care Constitution.

WANTED—Man between the age of 27 and 35, who has had experience as automobile salesman. Must not be subject to draft. Good salary to begin with and excellent prospects for advancement. Apply by letter. Box P-528, care Constitution.

BUSINESS AGENT

FOR COLORED

HAIRDRESSERS are making the biggest money. I teach you how. Have an easy payment plan. No-Break School of Hairdressing, 465 W. Hunter st. Main 2263

SITUATION WANTED

SITUATION WANTED—Male

EXPERT MAILER and thoroughly capable of handling city or country circulation, open for engagement February 15. Address J. O. L., 125 Noble ave., Montgomery, Ala.

FORMER RESIDENT, WISHING TO RETURN TO ATLANTA, SEEKS POSITION AS OFFICE OR FACTORY MANAGER. SIX YEAR'S EXPERIENCE AS RAILROAD EXECUTIVE OFFICER, SIX YEARS IN CHARGE OF MANUFACTURING PLANT. LOCAL AND OUT-OF-TOWN REFERENCES FURNISHED. ADDRESS P-567, CONSTITUTION.

EXPERT bookkeeper and accountant, few hours daily to spare, open for engagement. Address Auditor, 921 Hurt building.

ENERGETIC, ambitious young business man wishes clerical or sales position at once. Have had twelve years' business and office experience and can furnish satisfactory references from former employers. P. C., 29 East Third street.

WANTED—Position by young man with six years' experience in the wholesale and retail hardware business. Address Hardware, care Box P-582, Constitution.

SITUATION WANTED—Female

EFFICIENT steno-bookkeeper and No. 1 office lady desires position where 8 years' experience will count; best references. Address P-576, care Constitution.

POSITION as assistant bookkeeper. Will begin at moderate salary. Hemlock 527-J.

STENOGRAPHER—Desires position; good references; experienced. P-581, Const.

BUSINESS CARDS

CONTRACTORS AND REPAIRS.

CONTRACTING, building, repairing. Satisfaction guaranteed. R. J. Faulk. 910 Austell building. Main 4247.

DENTAL WORK.

DR. H. JENSEN
EXPERT AND PAINLESS
DENTIST
78½ WHITEHALL STREET.

ENGRAVING.

ENGRAVED SOCIAL and business stationery, wedding invitations, announcements. WEBB & VARY CO., ATLANTA, GA.

ELECTRICAL CONTRACTORS.

BRYAN ELECTRIC CO.
Dealers in New and Used Electric Machinery.
58 Edgewood Ave., Atlanta, Ga.
WIRING DEPARTMENT.
Bell Phone Ivy 1790, Atlanta 5000.
SHOP DEPARTMENT.
Bell Phone Ivy 1782.

FURNACE, STOVE & RANGE REPAIRING.

STOVE DOCTOR F. M. BROTHERTON
Main 1460. 61 South Pryor St.

GENERAL HOUSE REPAIRING.

JONES REPAIRS all kinds; two years' guarantee; reasonable. M. 4094.

KEYS, LOCKS, SAFES, GUNS.

G. N. BISHOP, 13½ S. Broad. M. 885, expert gun, key, locksmith, lawn mower expert.

Old Hats Made New.

OLD HATS made new; satisfaction guaranteed. Mail orders given prompt attention. ACME HATTERS, 20 E. Hunter St.

PLUMBING AND HEATING.

CAPITAL PLUMBING AND HEATING CO., 60 South Forsyth. M. 4134. Repair work given prompt attention.

ROOF REPAIRING.

Mooney REPAIRS all kinds. 12 mos. guaranteed. Reas'ble. Hem. 1056.

TINTING AND ROOF REPAIRING.

PAINTING—Rooms tinted, $2 to $4. Leaks guaranteed. West 630-J.

TRUNKS, BAGS AND SUIT CASES REPAIRED.

ROUNTREE'S 77 WHITEHALL STREET. M. 1576.

FOR SALE AND WANTED

FOR SALE—Miscellaneous

ACID PHOSPHATE GUANO
Nitrate Soda, C. S. Meal, Hulls, Agr. Limestone; car lots. W. E. M'CALLA, Atlanta National Bank building.

PARKS' Annotated Code, 7 volumes, new. Will sell reasonable. P-579, Constitution.

FOR SALE—Two million feet of fine old long pine or oak stump. This timber has never been cut over and is very tall. This timber is on M. & B. Ry., 15 miles east of LaGrange. Side track can be had on railroad right at timber. W. A. Glanton, Odessadale, Ga.

CALL Gate City Coal Company for good coal. Teams for heavy hauling. Main 666-J.

FOR SALE—Buffet, single beds, mattresses, antique mirrors, mahogany card table, cherry candle stand, grandfather clock. Ivy 7720-X1.

FOR SALE—Two flat ice boxes, one counter scales, cheap. 106 Haynes street. Atlanta phone 2674.

We Make and Sell Only
NATIONAL CASH REGISTERS AND CREDIT FILES
Lowest prices. Small monthly payments. No interest charges. Written guarantee. Old registers repaired, rebuilt, bought, sold and exchanged.
A. E. HARLESS, Agent.
The National Cash Register Co., 54 N. Pryor St. Phone Ivy 3443.

DINING ROOM SET; EDISON DIAMOND DISC PHONOGRAPH; going at great sacrifice; party leaving city, also other furniture. Hemlock 908-L.

SCALES—SAFES. The Howe Scales Co. 18 S. Forsyth St.

CINDERS and broken concrete blocks free for the hauling. Imperial Hotel, Peachtree and Ivy streets.

STABLE MANURE, free from shavings and sawdust; low price considering value. J. P. Harllee, Agent, Tucker, Ga.

SAFES, new and 2d-hand, all sizes. Hall's vault doors. C. J. Daniel, 408 4th Natl. Bk.

THREE Carver linters and one saw filer. E. W. Menefee, Raymond, Ga.

WILL trade $115 Violaphone, very fine talking machine, for value in merchandise or service interesting us as firm or individuals. Cash adjustment either way. What have you? Call or write. Southern Drum Co., Atlanta Theater bldg.

FURNITURE OLD furniture taken in payment for new. Jordan Fur. Co., 59-61 E. Hunter. Both phones.

GEORGIA cane syrup, $1 gallon; home-made syrup, 75c gallon; water-ground meal, 50c peck; fat chickens. W. C. Smith. (The Sign of the Big Pants), 45 East Hunter street.

UNIFORMS AT COST
CLOSING OUT winter-weight O. D. wools and serges; ladies' and gents' hand-tailored suits at reduced prices during dull season. Arcade Tailoring Co., Room 201 Peachtree Arcade.

WANTED—Miscellaneous

CASH PAID for old furniture. Dixie Furniture Co., 85 S. Forsyth st.

FURNITURE Bought for cash. E. B. Gibson. M. 4647.

FURNITURE Bought for cash. Swift Furniture Co. M. 2769.

WANTED—To buy 20,000 burnt district brick. Main 4424.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS—We pay highest cash prices for pianos and office furniture; cash advanced on consignment. Central Auction Company, 12 E. Mitchell st. M. 2424.

We buy Second-hand clothes. High prices for men's clothing only. M. 2335.

ATLANTA HIDE AND TALLOW CO., 140 Peters st. M. 2731.

CASH PAID for used furniture. S. M. Snider, 21 Peters st. M. 2610.

CASH FOR old gold and false teeth. McDuffie, 148 Peachtree.

MONEY

MONEY TO LOAN

SALARIES BOUGHT.
Salary Inv. Co., 204 McKenzie bldg. Ivy 1076.

LOANS $25.00 AND UP
WITHOUT REAL ESTATE SECURITY.
Wight Investment Co., 1111 Empire Bldg.

MONEY FOR SALARIED PEOPLE AND OTHERS upon their own names; cheap rates, easy payments, confidential. Scott & Co., 820 Austell building.

MONEY FOR ALL. EASY PAYMENTS. DEPARTMENT FOR LADIES. HUDSON & CO., 313-314 PETERS BLDG. MAIN 4843.

LOANS MADE TO salaried men and others in amounts of $25 to $200 on indorsements or other security. E. W. Greenway & Co., 316-317 Empire Bldg. Tel. Ivy 1654.

FUNDS on hand for loan and purchase money notes. A. F. Liebman, 17 Walton street. Real Estate and Renting.

MONEY—On Personal Property

W. P. WOLL
LOANS $25 AND UP
on household furniture and pianos without removal. Payments to suit your income.
ROOMS 401-2 PETERS BLDG.
Phones: Main 3771. Atlanta 677.

MONEY—On Real Estate

$25,000 ON HAND for first mortgage in amounts of $1,000 and up.
W. O. ALSTON
1204 Third National Bank Bldg.

WE BUY
PURCHASE MONEY NOTES
EISEMAN & WEIL
INVESTMENT CO.
313 Atlanta National Bank Building.
Bell Phone Main 3010.

FUNDS on hand for loan and purchase money notes. A. F. Liebman, 17 Walton street. Real Estate and Renting.

MONEY FOR MORTGAGES

IF YOU have good real estate, city, suburban, or farm, to offer as security, let us have your application.

FULTON INVESTMENT CO.
Green, Tilson & McKinney
Attorneys
1701-1710 HURT BUILDING.

MONEY

TO LEND, first or second mortgages, on city real estate. Current rates. Immediate action. J. S. Slicer, 1216 Empire Bldg. I. 8369.

LONG TIME LOANS AT LOW RATES. On Improved Farms. Residential and business property. Inspectors at Atlanta, Macon, Columbus and various points. Quick Action. Write for Application. Mortgage Loan Department. PAN-AMERICAN LIFE INS. CO. 1305 Whitney Bldg., New Orleans, La.

Cliff C. Hatcher Insurance Agency
LOAN AGENTS for Investors' Savings Company, first and second mortgages on city real estate, payable monthly. See Rex B. Mooney, 321 Grant building.

MONEY to loan on Atlanta real estate in sums of $500 and over. Thos. J. Wesley, Cashier, 209 Grant building.

SEE B. G. STATHAM, 522-3 Candler building, Atlanta, before placing your loan on farm and city property; no commission char'd.

$500, $700, $1,000, $1,500, $2,000 or more to lend on choice city or suburban real estate. Dunson & Gay. Ivy 5678.

MONTHLY money to lend on Atlanta and nearby real estate, payable $2.16 per month on the $100, which includes interest. No delay, money here. Brown-Foster Realty Company, 210 Flatiron building.

LOANS on city or farm property. M. R. McClatchey, Candler bldg.

MONEY TO LOAN.
AT 5, 6 and 7 per cent, city improved property. Established 27 years. Prompt and confidential attention.
TURMAN & CALHOUN, EMPIRE BLDG.

FIRST and second mortgage loans made promptly. A. G. Smith, 311-312 Connally building. Main 2940.

$1,500 OF private funds to lend on improved real estate at 7 per cent. Call 1108 3d Nat. Bank bldg. or phone I. 3390.

DIRECT connections for making city and farm loans. W. B. Smith, 706 Fourth National Bank bldg.

INVESTMENTS.

IF YOU HAVE $1,000 TO $15,000 IN MONEY AND WISH TO INVEST IN PROPOSITION OF UNQUESTIONED MERIT, WRITE ME TODAY. IF YOU ARE COMPETENT AND DESIRE POSITION YOU MAY HAVE ONE WITH US, PROVIDED YOU ARE A HUSTLER. FAKERS AND CURIOSITY SEEKERS LAY OFF. POSTOFFICE BOX 14, ATLANTA, GA.

PURCHASE MONEY NOTES

WE HAVE fine demand for real estate purchase money notes. Brown-Foster Realty Company, 210 Flatiron building.

AUTOMOBILES

FOR SALE.

BEAUDRY MOTOR CO.
Authorized Ford Dealers.
169-171 Marietta Street.

FORD CARS, parts and accessories, painting and upholstering; radiator work a specialty.

Commercial Bodies, Any Style.
Main 1128-2545. Atlanta 1436.

PRICHARD-ORR SALES CO.
AUTOGENOUS AND WELDING.

BARGAIN in demonstrated cars. Woodruff Machinery Mfg. Co., 41 S. Forsyth st.

AUTOMOBILES

FOR SALE.

1916 Haynes 5-Passenger.
1917 Haynes 7-Passenger.
1916 Chandler 5-Passenger.
1917 Chandler 7-Passenger.
1917 Little Six Buick, 5-Passenger.

OVERHAULED AND PAINTED.

THE ATLANTA CADILLAC CO.
183 Peachtree St. Ivy 2233.

FORD—1916 touring car with electric starter and lights, speedometer, Yale locks, instrument board, demountable rims, excellent condition, $375 for quick sale. 371 Edgewood avenue.

YES, WE HAVE USED CARS FOR SALE CHEAP, TOO.
JOS. G. BLOUNT
451 PEACHTREE ST.

FOR SALE—Ford touring car, in first-class condition. J. H. Elder, 63 Ponce de Leon avenue. Ivy 7085.

FOR SALE—Ford touring car, fully equipped, better than new; also Harley-Davidson motorcycle and side car. Owner leaving city. Ivy 7579.

USED CAR BARGAINS

FIVE-PASSENGER VELIE TOURING CAR, IN PERFECT CONDITION.

FIVE-PASSENGER CADILLAC, FIRST-CLASS CONDITION, AT A REAL BARGAIN.

APPERSON ROADSTER, MECHANICALLY PERFECT; JUST OUT OF PAINT SHOP.

IT WILL PAY YOU TO COME OUT AND LOOK OVER THE ABOVE CARS.

APPERSON SHOW ROOMS
239 PEACHTREE ST.

DODGE, 1917, 5-passenger touring car, almost new; a big bargain. Apperson Show Rooms, 239 Peachtree st.

ONE good Ford roadster and Ford touring car, for sale. 21 Auburn avenue.

FORD—1916 touring car with a perfect motor, car good as new in every respect. Cheap for cash. 371 Edgewood ave.

FORD—1917 touring car with electric starter and lights, Yale lock, speedometer, other extras, in perfect condition, like new, at bargain. 371 Edgewood ave.

FORD—1917 touring car, like new; used very little; sample car; perfect in every respect. Bargain. 371 Edgewood ave.

J. G. LEWIS MOTOR CO.—Special bargains in used cars. 232 Peachtree. I. 1476.

STUDEBAKER—Used car department. Bargains in used cars. 245-247 Peachtree St.

USED CARS SPECIAL bargains. Atlanta Cadillac Co., 183 Peachtree street.

1914 FIVE-PASSENGER FORD. J. R. Buice Garage, 809 Marietta street.

USED CAR BARGAINS, Willys-Overland, Inc., 236 Peachtree.

FORD—1916, just repainted, good tires and in good mechanical condition, at a bargain. Southern Oakland Co., Retail Sales. Ivy 2355-3605. 270 Peachtree st.

CASH OR TERMS BELLE ISLE AGENT FORD CARS SERVICE Complete Repair & Paint Dept.
IVY... 166
IVY... 299
HEM..1772

KELLEY or Dearborn truck attachment, assembled to any car, makes a guaranteed 1 to 2-ton truck. J. M. Shearer, 245 Marietta street. Main 1140.

WHY NOT SAVE MONEY ON THE FOLLOWING CARS:
3—1917 Ford touring cars.
1—1916 Ford touring.
1—1917 Buick touring car.
1—1917 Dodge touring car.
1—Ford roadster with electric starter.
ATLANTA AUTO EXCHANGE
40 WALTON ST. MAIN 3185.

1916 CHANDLER, 7-passenger, repainted, five tires, fine condition; sell cheap for cash. Phone Davis, Ivy 2232.

SUPPLIES.

1913 AND 1914 CADILLAC radiator, good condition. Ivy 8197. 215 Empire Bldg.

REPAIRING.

JOHN M. SMITH CO.
AUTOMOBILE COACH WORK.
CARS REPAINTED.
Tops re-covered and repaired. Wheels, springs and axles repaired.
120-122-124 AUBURN AVE.

ELECTRIC REPAIRING.

SIMS Magneto Service Station. All kinds of electrical repairing done. E. H. Odom Bros. Co., Atlanta, Ga.

VULCANIZING.

FOR BEST vulcanizing at most moderate price; new and used tires. TWO-IN-ONE TIRE CO., 35 Auburn ave. Ivy 2233.

WELDING.

AUTOGENOUS WELDING, FROZEN COILS AND OTHER EQUIPMENTS.
ATLANTA WELDING CO.
74 IVY. IVY 8367.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

PRINTING SHOP FOR SALE

Consisting of 3 job presses, 1 Campbell cylinder press, 5 stands containing 60 cases of type, all sizes; 5 cases of brass rules, 1 paper knife, 1 stitcher, all in good condition. Box P-575, care Constitution.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

GOOD opening for optician and jeweler's repair man in town of 3,000; no other optician in radius of 50 miles; with complete set of watchmaker's tools and material, optician's outfit, trial case lenses, frames, etc.; also regulator, protectograph and typewriter, all purchased new in 1916, for sale on account of death, with room for rent. Cheap if taken at once. Write if interested. A. Russell, 310 River street, Blakely, Ga.

FOR REAL business opportunities see Lightfoot's, Peters Bldg. Phone Main 517.

WILL trade unencumbered Atlanta real estate for stock general merchandise, anywhere in Georgia, Alabama or Mississippi. G. A. B., Box P-559, care Constitution.

THE FANCIERS' DEPT

SEEDS AND PLANTS.

YELLOW, red and white sets, $2 and $3.50 bushel. Shawnee pigeon feed, $5.10 per bag. Cottingim's Cash Seed Store, 152 Whitehall street. Main 1316.

FOR SALE—Genuine Watson melon seed; grown especially for seed; best carefully gathered and properly cured natal seed. No. 1 quality of chaufas. Different kinds of pinders and peas. W. F. Bozeman, Leesburg, Fla.

LIVE STOCK

MULE FOR HIRE—Have a splendid mule to rent for dray or hauling purposes. Call Main 3613-L.

REGISTERED SHORT HORNS.
SPECIAL OPPORTUNITY—Splendid herd bull and twelve cows. Shedden Farms, Raymond, Ga.

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40 COUNTRY MULES, ALL KINDS, ALL SIZES AND WEIGHTS. PRICES FROM $40 UP. VITTUR'S STABLE, 127 WALTON ST.

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MINE IS RELEASED FOR DEVELOPMENT

45,000 Acres of Valuable Coal, Iron and Manganese Lands Affected by Federal Circuit Court Decision.

A decision handed down Wednesday by the federal circuit court of appeals, sitting in New Orleans, in the case of the Georgia Iron and Coal company et al. vs. the Georgia Steel company, bankrupt, releases for development by the former company approximately 45,000 acres of coal, iron and manganese lands, lying chiefly in Cherokee and Bartow counties.

This decision follows long and stubborn litigation involving the question of whether the Georgia Iron and Coal company had a lien upon the property. The referee decided that the company had no lien. This decision was reversed by Judge William T. Newman, of the federal district court, in Atlanta, and the circuit court now sustains Judge Newman.

An interesting result of the decision is that it will permit of the reopening of coal mining operations begun more than fifty-five years ago by Pat O'Brien, a tory, who was compelled on account of his political attitude to abandon the mine and move out.

High Grade of Coal.

Joel Hurt, of Atlanta, who is largely interested in the Georgia Coal and Iron company, in recent explorations disclosed an opening which was made and worked by O'Brien in 1861. Entry recently made in this mine by Mr. Hurt showed the coal to be of the highest grade of coals in this section of Dade county. After draining this mine, the main entry and side entries were found to be in good condition, and the tracks for mining cars, which consist of oak timber, were found to be as sound as when laid more than fifty-five years ago.

It is probable that the pig iron furnace, with a capacity of producing 175 tons of pig iron daily, situated at Rising Fawn, Ga., will be brought into use in the near future. This part of the equipment, as well as the equipment on other sections of the property, has depreciated greatly, pending the litigation and the suspension of operations.

The decision of the circuit court is an important one. The case has been pending for several years, during which time operations, which had formerly constituted an important part of the industries of Georgia, had been suspended.

The lands of the company comprise about 45,000 acres, carrying coal, brown iron ores, red fossiliferous iron ores and manganese ores in great abudance. The lands are chiefly in three bodies, one being in Bartow and Cherokee counties, this being known as the brown iron ore and manganese ore lands, consisting of 12,000 or more acres; another being in Dade county, consisting of 15,000 to 20,000 acres of coal measures; another in Lookout Mountain and Lookout valley, where the pig iron furnace is located, these lands carrying coal, red iron ore and limestone.

Mining Manganese Ore.

This decision, coming at this time, is of added importance in view of the fact that the successful parties in the litigation, Mr. Hurt and his associates, who have been for some months in correspondence with representatives of the government touching the deposits of manganese ore, will now be in position to resume the mining of manganese ores, the use of which in the manufacture of steel is indispensable and the supply of which, being limited by a shortage in imports of the ore as well as ferromanganese manufactured therefrom, is in large measure dependent upon the productions from domestic mines.

The country now needs the products of all of the minerals found on these properties, including, it may be stated also, the inexhaustible quarries of limestone used in the production of pig iron and ferromanganese, portland cement and in great abundance when pulverized as a fertilizer.

The litigation has been long and stubborn between Joel Hurt and his associates on the one side and parties interested in the Gulf States Steel company, operating steel mills at Alabama City, in opposition.

The Georgia Iron and Coal company was represented in the litigation by Messrs. Anderson & Rountree and Alex C. King.

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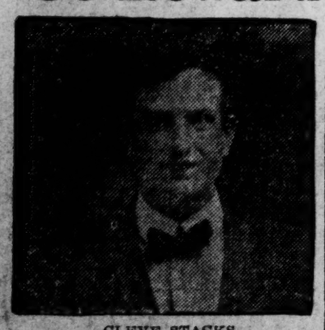
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$50 Reward



CLEVE STACKS.

Reward of $50 will be paid for the arrest of Cleve Stacks. Weight about 135; height about 5 feet 6 inches; dark hair; about 30 years old. Notify J. E. Jenkins, Sheriff, Fairburn, Ga.

GERMANY REJECTS ALLIED PEACE TERMS

Continued From First Page.

Czernin thought it obvious that the exchange of peace views with the United States might form the starting point for a conciliatory discussion among all the states which had not yet entered the peace negotiations.

GERMANY REJECTS PEACE PROPOSALS OF ENTENTE ALLIES

Berlin, January 25.—(Via London.)—Count von Hertling, the imperial German chancellor, in his address before the main committee of the reichstag yesterday, said the question of the limitation of armaments was quite open to discussion. The chancellor added that the financial position of all European countries after the war would probably operate most effectively for the solution of this problem.

Count von Hertling contended that Alsace-Lorraine was almost purely German territory, which had been severed from Germany by violence. When Germany, in 1870, claimed the land "thus criminally wrung from her," it was not the conquest of alien territory, the chancellor declared, but what today is called dis-annexation.

There is no difference between Germany and President Wilson regarding the freedom of the seas, Count von Hertling said. He added that the thorough freedom of navigation during time of war, as well as in peace, was one of Germany's main demands, it being eminently important for future free navigation that England should be made to relinquish her strongly fortified points of support on international sailing routes, such as Gibraltar, Aden, Hong Kong and the Falkland islands.

Comments on Wilson's Points.

Count von Hertling said that the evacuation of Russian territory was a question which only concerns Russia and the central powers.

Commenting on the fourteen points in the program for world peace set forth in President Wilson's address to congress, the chancellor said an agreement could be obtained without difficulty on the first four points.

Regarding the fifth point mentioned by President Wilson, the chancellor said some difficulties would be met with.

Germany never demanded the incorporation of Belgium territory by violence, the chancellor asserted. He said the state of Poland would be decided by Germany and Austria-Hungary. When all other questions had been settled, he added, Germany would be ready to discuss the question of a league of peace.

The chancellor declared that Germany did not wish annexations by violence, but that the question of northern France could be discussed by France and Germany. He asserted there could be no talk of the cession of Alsace-Lorraine.

The chancellor demanded that the leaders of the nations at war with Germany set forth new proposals. The terms outlined by President Wilson and Premier Lloyd-George contained certain principles which could be accepted by Germany, he said, but the concrete proposals were unsatisfactory.

Regarding points nine, ten and eleven in President Wilson's speech, Count von Hertling said he must leave the answer, in the first place, to Austria, but that where German interests were concerned they would be defended energetically.

Count von Hertling said he would not forestall Turkey's attitude toward point twelve in Mr. Wilson's address, but he added that the integrity of Turkey and the safety of her capital closely were connected with the question of the strait, which was of important vital interest to Germany.

Hopes for Peace With Russia.

Amsterdam, January 25.—In his address before the reichstag main committee yesterday Chancellor von Hertling referred to the negotiations with the Russians at Brest-Litovsk, saying he held fast to the hope that a good conclusion would be arrived at. He continued:

"Our negotiations with the Ukrainian representatives are in a more favorable position. Here, too, difficulties have yet to be overcome, but the prospects are favorable. We hope shortly to reach conclusions which will be in the interests of both parties and also economically advantageous.

"One result, gentlemen, might be recorded as you all know. The Russians last month proposed to issue an invitation to all the belligerents to participate in the negotiations. Russia submitted certain proposals of a very general character. At that time we accepted the proposal to invite the belligerents to take part in the negotiations, on the condition, however, that the invitation should have a definite period for its acceptance. At 10 o'clock on the evening of January 4 the period expired. No answer had come, and as a result we were no longer under obligations and had a free hand for separate peace negotiations with Russia. Neither were we longer bound, of course, by the general peace proposals submitted to us by the Russian delegation."

"Instead of the reply which was expected, but which was not forthcoming," Chancellor von Hertling continued, "two declarations were made by enemy statesmen—Premier Lloyd-George's and President Wilson's speech. I willingly admit that Mr. Lloyd-George altered his tone. He no longer indulges in abuse and appears desirous of again demonstrating his ability as a negotiator, which I had formerly doubted. I cannot go so far, however, as many opinions which have been expressed in neutral countries which would read in this speech of Mr. Lloyd-George a serious desire for peace, and even a friendly disposition. It is true he declared he does not desire to destroy Germany, and never desired to destroy her. He even has words of respect for our political, economic and cultured position. But other utterances also are not lacking, and the idea continually comes to the surface that he has to pronounce judgment on Germany, charging her with being guilty of all possible crimes.

"That is an attitude with which we can have nothing to do and in which we can discover no trace of a serious purpose to attain peace. We are to be the guilty ones, over whom the entente is now sitting in judgment. That compels me to give a short review of the situation and the events preceding the war at the risk of repeating what long ago was said.

Founding of German Empire.

"The establishment of the German empire in the year 1871 made an end of dismemberment. By the union of its tribes the German empire in Europe acquired a position corresponding to its economic and cultural achievements and the claims founded thereon. Bismarck crowned his work by the alliance with Austria-Hungary. It was purely a defensive alliance, so conceived and willed by the exalted allies from the first. Not even the slightest thought of its misuse for aggressive aims ever occurred in the course of decades. The defensive alliance between Germany and the Danube monarchy, closely connected by old traditions and allied to us by common interest, was to serve especially for maintenance of peace.

"But Bismarck had even then, as he was often reproached for having, an obsession in regard to coalitions and events of subsequent time have shown it was no vision of terror. The danger of hostile coalitions which menaced the allied central powers often made its appearance. By King Edward's isolation policy the dream of coalitions became a reality. The German empire, progressing and growing in strength, stood in the way of British imperialism. In French lust of revenge and Russian aspirations of expansion the British Imperialism found only too ready aid. Thus future plans, dangerous for us, were formed.

"The geographical situation of Germany in itself had always brought near to us the danger of war on two fronts, and now it became increasingly visible. Between Russia and France an alliance was concluded whose participants were twice as numerous as the population of the German empire and Austria-Hungary. Republican France lent the Russia of the czar billions to construct strategical railways in the kingdom of Poland in order to facilitate an advance against us. The French republic drew on its last man for three years of service. Thus France, with Russia, built up armaments extending to the limit of the capabilities of both, thereby pursuing aims which our enemies now term imperialistic.

"It would have been a neglect of duty had Germany remained a calm spectator of this game and had we not also endeavored to create an armament which would protect us against future enemies. I may, perhaps, recall that I, as a member of the reichstag, very frequently spoke on these matters, on the occasion of new expenditure on armament, pointed out that the German people, in consenting to these, solely desired to pursue a policy of peace and such armaments were only imposed on us to ward off the danger threatening from a possible enemy. It does not appear that any regard was paid to these words abroad.

Alsace-Lorraine Taken From Germany

"And Alsace-Lorraine, of which Lloyd-George speaks again? He speaks of the wrong Germany did in 1871 to France. Alsace-Lorraine—you need not be told, but abroad they appear still to be ignorant of things—Alsace-Lorraine composes as is known for the most part purely German regions which by a century long of violence and illegality were severed from the German empire and until finally in 1779 the French revolution swallowed up the last remnant. Alsace and Lorraine then became French provinces.

"When in the year of 1870 we demanded back the districts which had been criminally wrested from us that was not a conquest of foreign territory, but rightly and properly speaking what today is called disannexation and this disannexation was then expressly recognized by the French national assembly, the constitutional representative of the French people at that time, March 29, 1871, by a large majority of votes.

"And in England, too, gentlemen, language quite other than is heard today has been heard. I can appeal to a classic witness. It is none other than the famous British historian and author, Thomas Carlyle, who in a letter to The Times in December, 1870, wrote, 'No people has had such a bad neighbor as Germany has possessed during the last 400 years in France.' Germany would have been mad had she not thought of erecting such a frontier wall between herself and such a neighbor when opportunity offered."

The Question of Poland.

"Point thirteen deals with Poland. It was not the entente—which had only empty words for Poland and before the war never interceded for Poland with Russia—but the German empire and the Austro-Hungarian monarchy who liberated Poland from the czaristic regime which was crushing her national characteristics. It may thus be left to Germany and Austria-Hungary and Poland to come to an agreement on the future constitution of this country. As the negotiations and communications of the last year prove, we are on the road to this goal.

"The last point, the fourteenth, deals with a bond of the nations. Regarding this point, I am sympathetically disposed, as my political activity shows, toward every idea which eliminates for the future a possibility or a probability of war and will promote a peaceful and harmonious collaboration of nations. If the idea of a bond of nations, as suggested by President Wilson, proves on closer examination really to be conceived in a spirit of complete justice and complete impartiality toward all, then the imperial government is gladly ready, when all other pending questions have been settled, to begin the examination of the basis of such a bond of nations.

"Gentlemen, you have acquainted yourselves with the speech of Premier Lloyd-George and the proposals of President Wilson. I must repeat what I said at commencement: We now must ask ourselves whether these speeches and proposals breathe a real and earnest wish for peace. They certainly contain certain principles for a general world peace, to which we also assent, and which might form the starting point and aid negotiations.

"When, however, concrete questions come into the question, points which, for we allies, are of decisive importance, their peace will is less observable. Our enemies do not desire to destroy Germany, but they cast covetous eyes on parts of our allies' lands. They speak with respect of Germany's position, but their conception ever afresh finds expression as if we were the guilty who must do penance and promise improvement. Thus speaks the victor to the vanquished; he who interprets all our former expressions of a readiness for peace as merely a sign of weakness.

Boasts of German Strength.

"The leaders of the entente must first renounce this standpoint and this deception. In order to facilitate this, I would like to recall what the position really is. They may take it from me that our military position was never so favorable as it now is. Our highly gifted army leaders face the future with undiminished confidence in victory. Throughout the whole army, in the officers and the men, lives unbroken the joy of battle.

"I will remind you of the words I spoke November 29, in the reichstag. Our repeatedly expressed willingness for peace and the spirit of reconciliation revealed by our proposals must not be regarded by the entente as a license permitting the indefinite lengthening of the war. Should our enemies force us to prolong the war, they will have to bear the consequences resulting from it.

"If the leaders of the enemy powers really are inclined toward peace, let them revise their program, once again, or as Premier Lloyd-George said, proceed to reconsideration. If they do that and come forward with fresh proposals then we will examine them carefully because our aim is no other than the re-establishment of a lasting general peace. But this lasting general peace is not possible so long as the integrity of the German empire and the security of her vital interests and the dignity of our fatherland are not guaranteed. Until that time we must quietly stand by each other and wait.

"Methods and Moralities."

"As to our purpose, gentlemen, we are all one. (Loud cheering.)

"Regarding methods and 'moralities' there may be differences of opinion, but let us shelve all those differences. Let us not fight about formulas, which always fall short in the mad course of world events, but above the dividing line of party controversies let us keep our eyes on one mutual aim—the welfare of the fatherland.

"Let us hold together the government and the nation and victory will be ours. A good peace will and must come.

"The German nation bears in an admirable manner the sufferings and the burdens of a war which now is in its fourth year. In connection with these burdens and sufferings I think especially of the sufferings of the small artisans and the lowly paid officials. But you all, men and women, will hold on and see it through.

"With your political knowledge you do not allow yourselves to be fooled by catch phrases. You know how to distinguish between the realities of life and the promises of dreams.

"Such a nation cannot go under. God is with us and will be with us also in the future." (Loud cheering.)

"Observe that I have not repeated a very hard expression which Carlyle used about France. I know of no law of nature, no resolution of heavenly parliaments, whereby France alone of all earthly beings was not obliged to restore stolen territories if the owners from which they had been snatched had an opportunity of reconquering them. And respected English press organs expressed themselves in a like sense. I mention, for example, The Daily News.

Hertling on Wilson.

"I now come to President Wilson. Here, too, I recognize that the tone appears to have changed. The unanimous rejection of Mr. Wilson's attempt, in reply to the pope's note, to sow discord between the German government and the German people has had its effect. This unanimous rejection might of itself lead Mr. Wilson on the right path. A beginning to that end has perhaps been made, for there is now at any rate no longer talk about oppression of the German people by an autocratic government and the former attacks on the house of Hohenzollern have not been repeated.

"I shall not enlarge upon the distorted representation of German policy which is contained in Mr. Wilson's message, but will deal in detail with the points which Mr. Wilson lays down there, not less than fourteen points, in which he formulates his peace program, and I pray your indulgence in dealing with these as briefly as possible.

"The first point is the demand that there shall be no more secret international agreements. History shows it is we above all others who would be able to agree to the publicity of diplomatic documents. I recall that our defensive alliance with Austria-Hungary was known to the whole world from 1888, while the offensive agreement of the enemy states first saw the light of publicity during the war, through the revelations of the secret Russian archives. The negotiations at Brest-Litovsk are being conducted with full publicity. This proves that we are quite ready to accept this proposal and declare publicity of negotiations to be a general political principle.

"In his second point Mr. Wilson demands freedom of shipping on the seas in war and peace. This also is demanded by Germany as the first and one of the most important requirements for the future. Therefore, there is here no difference of opinion. The limitation introduced by Mr. Wilson at the end, which I need not quote textually, is not intelligible, appears superfluous and would therefore best be left out. (The limiting clause reads: "Except as the seas may be closed in whole or in part by international action for the enforcement of international covenants.")

British Naval Bases.

"It would, however, be highly important for the freedom of shipping in future if strongly fortified naval bases on important international routes, such as England has at Gibraltar, Malta, Aden, Hong Kong, the Falkland islands, and many other places, were removed.

"Point three: We too are in thorough accord with the removal of economic barriers which interfere with trade in superfluous manner. We, too, condemn economic war, which would inevitably bear within it causes of future warlike complications.

"Point four: Limitation of armaments. As already declared by us the idea of limitation of armaments is entirely discussable. The financial position of all European states after the war might most effectively promote a satisfactory solution. (Cries of "hear, hear!") It is therefore clear that an understanding might be reached without difficulty on the first four points of Mr. Wilson's program.

"I now come to the fifth point: Settlement of all colonial claims and disputes. Practical realization of Mr. Wilson's principles in the realm of reality will encounter some difficulties in any case. I believe that for the present it may be left for England, which has the greatest colonial empire, to make what she will of this proposal of her ally. This point of the program also will have to be discussed in due time, on the reconstruction of the world's colonial possessions, which we also demand absolutely.

"Point six: Evacuation of Russian territory. Now that the entente has refused within the period agreed upon by Russia and the quadruple alliance to join in the negotiations I must in the name of the latter decline to allow any subsequent interference. We are dealing here with questions which concern only Russia and the four allied powers. I adhere to the hope that with recognition of self-determination for the peoples on the western frontier of the former Russian empire, good relations will be established, both with these peoples and with the rest of Russia for whom we wish most earnestly a return of order, peace and conditions guaranteeing the welfare of the country.

"Point seven: Belgium. My predecessors in office repeatedly declared that at no time did the annexation of Belgium to Germany form a point in the program of German policy. The Belgian question belongs to those questions the details of which are to be settled by negotiation at the peace conference."

As Pawns for Germany.

"So long as our opponents have not unreservedly taken the standpoint that the integrity of the allies' territory can offer the only possible basis of peace discussion, I must adhere to the standpoint hitherto always adopted and refuse the removal in advance of the Belgian affair from the entire discussion.

"Point eight: The occupied parts of France are a valuable pawn in our hands. Here, too, forcible annexation forms no part of the official German policy. The conditions and methods of procedure of the evacuation, which must take account of Germany's vital interests, are to be agreed upon between Germany and France. I can only again expressly accentuate the fact that there can never be a question of dismemberment of imperial territory. Under no fine phrases of any kind shall we permit the enemy again to take from us territory of the empire which with ever-increasing intimacy has linked itself to Germanism, which has in highly gratifying manner ever and increasingly developed in an economic respect, and of whose people more than 87 per cent speak the German mother tongue.

"The questions dealt with by Mr. Wilson under points 9, 10 and 11 touch both the Italian frontier question and the questions of the future development of the Austro-Hungarian monarchy and the future of the Balkan states; questions in which, for the greater part, the interests of our ally, Austria-Hungary, preponderate. Where German interests are concerned we shall defend them most energetically.

"But I may leave the answer to Mr. Wilson's proposals on these points in the first place to the Austro-Hungarian foreign minister. Close contact with the allied dual monarchy forms the kernel of our present policy, and must be the guiding line in the future. Loyal comradeship in arms, which has stood the test so brilliantly in wartime, must continue to have its effect in peace. We shall thus on our part do everything for the attainment of peace by Austria-Hungary which takes into account her just claims.

"The matters touched upon by Mr. Wilson in point 13 concern our loyal, brave ally, Turkey. I must in nowise forestall statesmen in their attitude. The integrity of Turkey and the safeguarding of her capital, which is held closely with the question of the straits, are important and vital interests of the German empire also. Our ally can always count upon our energetic support in this matter."

AUSTRIA IS READY TO DISCUSS PEACE WITH UNITED STATES

London, January 25.—Commenting on the fourteen points in President Wilson's war aims speech, Count Czernin said, according to an Exchange Telegraph dispatch from Copenhagen, that Austria-Hungary and America were virtually in agreement regarding the great principles for new arrangements after the war.

Count Czernin qualified his statement respecting agreement with some of President Wilson's proposals by saying that Austria-Hungary would support Germany.

"It is obvious to me," said Count Czernin, "that an exchange of views between America and Austria-Hungary might form the starting point for a conciliatory discussion among all states which have not yet entered into peace negotiations."

Austria-Hungary and America, Count Czernin said, were two belligerents whose interests were less incompatible than they seemed. He characterized the speech of President Wilson regarding war aims as an important advance toward the Austro-Hungarian viewpoint which contained some proposals in which Austria-Hungary would gladly join.

The foreign minister said the population of Poland would decide its own fate. The Polish question must not delay peace one day. If Poland, after the war, wished to advance toward Austria-Hungary, such an advance would be welcomed.

Interpretation of the right of free action of peoples had caused a difference between Russia and Germany, said Count Czernin, but a compromise must be reached. The differences of views were not great enough to justify abandonment of the peace negotiations.

Austria had decided to continue peace negotiations with Russia on the basis of no annexation and no indemnities, according to a Vienna dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph company, quoting from Count Czernin's address before the reichsrath.

"I demand from Russia not a meter of territory, not a centime of indemnity," the foreign minister is quoted as having said, "and peace can be obtained if Russia maintains the same standpoint as she evidently intends to do."

WASHINGTON SEES NO HOPE FOR PEACE IN TEUTON STAND

Washington, January 25.—No advance toward peace is seen here in the speeches made yesterday in Berlin and Vienna by the German chancellor and Austrian foreign minister upon the war aims of the central powers.

Formal comment will be withheld until the texts are put out by an authorized German agency, but after reading press accounts of the speeches, officials expressed the opinion that they were framed largely for internal consumption, with the incidental purposes to plant seeds of discord among the allies by suggestions of separate negotiations and to appeal to the sympathies of the radical socialistic elements in the enemy's countries.

Regarding the design to affect the internal conditions of Germany and Austria, one official suggested that the striking differences of tone in the two notes, the German being almost defiantly aggressive, and the Austrian compromising and insinuating, were calculated precisely to meet conditions in the two empires. In Germany, strengthened by the Russian collapse, resulting in the transfer of vast forces from the eastern to the western front, the militaristic party is in the ascendancy, and the chancellor apparently voices the will of the military leaders.

In Austria the working people are reported on the incipient rebellion, and the demands for peace at almost any price are insistent and clamorous. This is the explanation found here for the foreign minister's vague promises of peace without annexations or indemnities, and his special bid for negotiations direct with America.

It is noted, however, that the speeches are interdependent; that Austria will not negotiate without Germany's consent and approval and that Germany gives her sanction to what has been done in Austria. Both spokesmen express confidence in the success of the peace negotiations with Russia, in contrast to the bitter denunciation of the conduct of the Teuton by Leon Trotzky. This attitude, officials and diplomats believe to be the result of apprehension that the confession at this moment of the failure of the Brest-Litovsk negotiations would exasperate the German and Austrian publics beyond the safety point.

In some quarters there was a disposition to find a grain of hope in the concession by both speakers that there were points in the utterances of Lloyd-George and President Wilson that might afford the basis of further discussion. But other officials insisted that this was only another demonstration of the truth of President Wilson's statement in his address to congress, that it was the practice of German diplomacy to mislead by declaring adherence to large principles and then neutralize them by insistence upon details of quite another character.

The present belief of the officials is that there is not the slightest probability of a compliance by the United States and the allies with the final demand of the German chancellor for the submission by them of new proposals for peace.

FARMER SLIPS ON ICE AND BREAKS HIS NECK

Athens, Ga., January 25.—(Special.)—J. Goss Edwards, son of the late Judge Lemuel Edwards, and one of the most prominent farmers of Clarke, while carrying a piece of timber on his shoulder at his home near Winterville, slipped on the ice at the rear of his house, fell, the timber falling on his shoulders and breaking his neck. He died instantly. He leaves a widow and one daughter.

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC

NASHVILLE, CHATTANOOGA AND ST. LOUIS RAILWAY, AND WESTERN & ATLANTIC RAILROAD announce the discontinuance of Trains Nos. 92 and 93—last train leaving Chattanooga 7:30 A. M., Monday, January 28—last train leaving Atlanta 5:15 P. M., Monday, January 28, 1918.

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LODGE NOTICE

A called communication of Lebanon Lodge, No. 665, F. & A. M., will be held this (Saturday) evening, January 26, 1918, beginning at 7:30 o'clock. The Fellowcraft degree will be conferred. All duly qualified brethren are cordially invited to meet with us. By order of

M. P. M'GEE, W. M.
J. BEN DANIEL, Secretary.

FUNERAL NOTICES.

GARR—Remains of Mr. Columbus A. Garr, who died Thursday night at the home, 253 Glenwood avenue, will be taken this (Saturday) morning at 7:50 to Jackson, Ga., for funeral services and interment. Barclay & Brandon Co., funeral directors.

SCOTT—Mr. Frank H. Haskins Scott died Friday morning at the residence, 446 Spring street. Surviving are three sons, John D., George E. and Frank H. Scott; grandchildren, Clark T. and A. M. Scott and Alfred W. and Miss Clare Louise Scott. Remains will be taken to Macon, Ga., this (Saturday) morning at 8 o'clock for funeral services and interment. Barclay & Brandon Co., funeral directors. Macon papers please copy.

MADDOX—The friends of Mr. and Mrs. Byron Maddox, Miss Georgia Woodlee, Mr. John Woodlee, Mr. and Mrs. John S. Coppinger, Mr. Wade Coppinger, Fort Riley, Kan.; Mr. and Mrs. I. C. Clarke, Mr. and Mrs. L. B. Pickens, Miss Era Coppinger and Mrs. M. C. Maddox and family are invited to attend the funeral of Mrs. Byron Maddox Saturday night at 8 o'clock, from the residence, 321 Lakewood avenue. Interment Sunday at McDonough, Ga. Greenberg-Bodrey company, funeral directors, in charge.

DAVIS—The friends of Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Davis, Mr. W. N. Jones and Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Davis are invited to attend the funeral of their little daughter, Mary Elizabeth, this (Saturday) morning, January 26, 1918, at 11 o'clock, from the parlors of Harry G. Poole. Interment at North View. The following named gentlemen will please act as pallbearers: Dr. W. A. Medlock, Mr. D. M. Braswell, Victor R. Hollis and Mr. O. D. Witherspoon, and meet at the chapel at 10:30 o'clock.

WARREN—Friends of Mr. James B. Warren, Mrs. J. B. Warren, Mr. Walter P. Warren and Mr. Fred A. Warren and their families are invited to attend the funeral of Mr. James B. Warren this (Saturday) afternoon at 3:30 from the residence, 67 Tyler street, Rev. John W. Ham officiating. Interment at Oakland. The following gentlemen will serve as pallbearers and please meet at the residence: Messrs. Jule H. Jennings, T. Lee Guest, Charles Blackstock, Harvey Coleman, H. M. Jackson and L. T. Simmons. Limousines leave Barclay & Brandon Co.'s at 2:45 p. m.

SWIFT—The friends of Mr. and Mrs. Frank M. Swift, Mrs. Byron M. Swift, Mr. and Mrs. Fred Lewis and Mr. Thomas L. Swift are invited to attend the funeral of Mr. Frank M. Swift from the residence of Mrs. Byron M. Swift, 960 Peachtree street, this (Saturday) morning, January 26, 1918, at 9 o'clock. The interment will be private in Oakland cemetery. The following gentlemen will kindly act as pallbearers and meet at the office of Patterson & Son, at 10:30 o'clock: Mr. J. D. McDuffie, Mr. Mitchell [illegible], Mr. Ernest Ottley, Mr. T. D. [illegible], Mr. Paul Goldsmith and Mr. [illegible].

LEAMON—The friends of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Leamon, Mr. and Mrs. B. W. Leamon, Mr. W. B. Leamon, Mr. J. W. Leamon, Jr., Mr. T. M. Leamon, Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Marshall, Miss Nannie Leamon and Miss Eva Leamon are invited to attend the funeral of Mrs. J. W. Leamon this (Saturday) afternoon, at 2 o'clock from the residence, 78 Augusta avenue. Rev. R. E. Edmondson will officiate. The following gentlemen will please act as pallbearers and assemble at the residence at 1:45: Mr. [illegible] Goldsmith, Mr. R. O. Bean, Mr. J. A. Hudson, Mr. R. W. Gable, Mr. D. H. Floyd and Mr. C. L. Fincher. Interment at North View. Hunter & Hemperley, directors in charge.

HEARN—Friends of Mr. and Mrs. Paul D. Hearn, Paul D. Hearn, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. J. K. White, Mr. and Mrs. C. P. White, Mr. G. L. White, Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Britt, Mr. and Mrs. T. R. Fincher are invited to attend the funeral of Mrs. Paul D. Hearn this (Saturday) morning, January 26, 1918, at 10 o'clock from the East Atlanta Christian church, Rev. Still Owens officiating. Interment in the Decatur cemetery. The following gentlemen will serve as pallbearers and please meet at the residence, [illegible] Moreland avenue: Messrs. [illegible] Bradbury, Alton Langley, Raymond Clay, John Fetters, Garrett King and Emory Williams. Limousines will leave Barclay & Brandon Co.'s at [illegible] o'clock.

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